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VOLUME LXII.—NO. 35. WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1903—FOURTEEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

POEMS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW.

Whatever your occupation may be, and however crowded your hours with affairs, do not fail to secure at least a few minutes every day for refreshment of your inner life with a bit of poetry.—Prof. Charles Eliot Norton.

ADIEU, MY NATIVE SHORE.

BY LORD BYRON.

Adieu, adieu! my native shore
Fades o'er the waters blue;
The night winds sigh, the breakers roar,
And shrieks the wild sea-mew.
Yon sun that sets upon the sea
We follow in his flight;
Farewell awhile to him and thee,
My native land—good-night!

A few short hours and he will rise
To give the morrow birth;
And I shall hail the main and skies,
But not my mother earth.
Deserted in my own good hall,
Its hearth is desolate;
Wild weeds are gathering on the wall,
My dog howls at the gate.

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER— WEDNESDAY, FEB. 4, 1903.

Snow, followed by fair and colder Wednesday afternoon, Thursday fair, high northwest winds. The maximum temperature in Chicago during the twenty-four hours ending last midnight was 31 degrees above zero at 7 p. m. and the minimum 28 degrees above zero at 9 a. m. Maximum wind velocity forty-eight miles an hour at 7 p. m. Sunrise at 7:02; sunset at 5:08. Moonset at 0:30 a. m. tomorrow.

LOCAL:—

Charges against indicted Retail Coal Dealers' officials, filed with Judge Horton by agreement, include notices to wholesalers that carload sales to individuals and manufacturers may lead to proscription; Glen View Golf club and state normal schools included among offenders.

Franchise conferences between council committee and street railway representatives will begin today; J. S. Auerbach, New York, to represent Union Traction and Col. E. R. Bliss, City railway company.

Only ten days' coal supply on hand in Chicago and freight blockade worse than ever, in spite of preference given fuel shipments; eastern lines worst congested; increased business blamed by officials.

Bill authorizing $5,000,000 Lincoln park extension bond issue will be submitted to legislature; land between Diversey boulevard, Belmont and Lake View avenues sought; 150 acres additional will be filled in.

Automobile numbering ordinance will be withheld by city council committee until after automobile show set for Feb. 14-21; owners trying to head off threatened state law restricting speed to twelve miles.

Teachers' federation played trick on Social Economics club by delegating four members to oppose educational bill; Miss Kilbourn, Miss Haley, Miss Goggin, and Miss Murphy spoke as representatives of four clubs.

More text books for English department of high schools recommended by Supt. Cooley; principals may choose from large elective list for reading; Hawthorne, Parkman, and Fiske in first year list.

Anson A. Pierce, Rhinelander (Wis.) lumberman, and Miss Clara Severson, Cincinnati, married as result of acquaintance begun in Denver hospital, where Pierce was ill; Miss Severson was nurse who attended him.

Suspension of public school teacher ill from tuberculosis upheld by Miss Mary E. Lynch, Teachers' club president; Christian Scientists criticised trustees for making suspension public.

Mrs. Catherine Sullivan, Jones school assistant whose pay was raised $20, oversees scrubbing of 775 pupils of twelve nationalities on every school day; cleanliness made first rule of education.

Home for friendless dogs and cats, established by Dr. and Mrs C. A. White at 80 Twenty-sixth street, will be moved because of neighbors' protests; founder will pay cost of suits.

DOMESTIC:—

Dr. George F. Shrady, in New York Medical Record editorial, declares fashionable American women do not desire children, and fail to rear them properly; aversion spreading to all classes of society, as in France.

Snow and rain throughout the northern states yesterday; wires disabled everywhere; communication between Chicago, New York, Washington, and other cities broken for hours; more snow predicted for Chicago today.

New York Evening Post editorial declares destruction of Venezuela's assets by England, Germany, and Italy not likely to be followed as precedent for collecting debts; cost of blockade greater than claims.

Waterbury (Conn.) bus operated by striking street car employés attacked with stones; two women passengers and conductor hit; soldier clubbed by rioters.

Jack Munroe, Montana miner pugilist, dead articles at New York for twenty round fight with Tom Sharkey before club offering best terms.

WASHINGTON:—

Elkins' bill providing $1,000 to $20,000 fine for railroads and shippers who give or receive rebates passed by senate; repeal of imprisonment clause included; trust publicity will be considered after postoffice appropriation bill is passed.

House committee's report on Congressman Landis' bribery charges declares accusation sustained by evidence; Philip Doblin blamed, but Lemuel E. Quigg held to be not involved.

Alaska arbitration treaty discussed by senate; northwestern states showed opposition and declared there is nothing to arbitrate; translation from French must be finished before text is made public.

Charles B. Hart, United States minister to Colombia, resigned, and was succeeded by A. M. Baupré, secretary of legation.

POLITICAL:—

Vermont prohibition law repealed by referendum majority of 1,642 after being in force since 1852; local option measure substituted; referendum declared unconstitutional, but result will determine legislature's action.

Lieut. Gov. Northcott ignored three-fourths of Illinois senate and restored his own power to appoint conference committees; rule requiring two-thirds vote to recall bills also killed; Parker allowed to attack senate's organization as a "ring."

Chicago democratic primaries for city, aldermanic, and judicial tickets probably will be held at same time; executive committee ordered to issue call; no attempt made to small indorsement of Mayor Harrison.

PAGES.

1 Senate Passes "No Rebate" Bill.
Vermont Votes for Liquor License.
Coal "Look Out" List Revealed.
Dogs Preferred to Babies.
Traction Conference Opens Today.

2 Storm Widespread; Bad in Chicago.
Freight Blockade Grows Tighter.
Terms of Alaskan Treaty.
Strikers' Wagon Is Attacked.

3 Allies Define Their Demands.
Civil War in Honduras.
Germany May Readmit Jesuits.
Democratic Primaries All at Once.
Preparing to Extend Lincoln Park.

4 Senate Control Won by the Gavel.
Society Affairs.
"L" Roads Men to Ask More Pay.

5 General News of New York.
"Washday" in Jones School.
Loves and Weds His Nurse.
Friendless Dogs' Home to Move.
Will Study "Antos in Captivity."

6 Editorial Comment.
Fontenoy Letter.

7 More Reading for High Schools.

8 Jockey Buchanan in Trouble.
First Regiment Handicaps.
Munroe and Sharkey Matched.

9 In the Commercial Markets.

10 Financial News of the World.
General News of Railroads.
Insurance Affairs.
Rice Mills for St. Paul.
Records of the Courts.

FOREIGN:—

Venezuelan situation complicated further by London dispatch that British, German, and Italian governments do not ask preference, but separate adjustment of claims; blockaders demanded Venezuelan troops quit La Guayra; 900 rebel soldiers defeated.

German government decided to readmit Jesuits excluded since 1872; founding of chapters will not be allowed; socialists favored unconditional return; reichstag undoubtedly will support government's view.

Revolution in Honduras expected because of President Sierra's refusal to surrender his seat to Señor Bonilla, elected as his successor; Americans fleeing from country.

William Redmond, Irish nationalist, released from jail after serving half of six months' sentence.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—

Chicago elevated railroad employés will demand 15 to 20 per cent wage increase next week; 4,000 union members represented at conference last night which drafted new scale; minimum of $1.50 daily asked.

Chicago Special Order Clothing Makers' union deserted by many members because peace agreement was repudiated; 100 men imported from other cities; teamsters declined further aid by refusing to haul freight.

Capital of Fort Dearborn National bank, Chicago, probably will be increased to $1,000,000; its deposits $4,728,625, with $100,000 surplus; incorporations for January in eastern states had $177,900,000 capital.

Santa Fé railroad believed seeking New Orleans entrance; Vice President Morton and other officials investigating real estate there; St. Louis and San Francisco survey believed for connection with Southern line.

May wheat closed with ⅝ cent gain, at 79 bid, on reports of damage to French crops; 750,000 bushels sold openly by Armour; seaboard export sales 240,000 bushels; May corn closed at 44⅝-¾.

St. Paul will be made world's rice market center by James J. Hill; mills to be built there for preparing Japanese crop, which new steamships will bring at rate of 2,000 carloads monthly.

Rock Island railroad deal with Union Pacific reported pending; agreement would include Southern Pacific system and represent 25,000 total mileage; officials noncommittal.

Miners from upper anthracite region, where pay by weight is asked, testified before arbitrators at Philadelphia; all declared weighing is only just method where veins are flat.

Chicago board of fire underwriters will meet tomorrow to discuss appointment of fire marshals for detection of incendiaries; city officials' work causing dissatisfaction because of few prosecutions and investigations.

Toledo (O.) terminal property worth $10,000,000 bought by Gould interests for Wabash, Wheeling and Lake Erie, and Ann Arbor lines; 800 acres secured for stockyards.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
HONGKONG	Coptic	
LIZARD		Minnetonka
NAPLES	Hester	
NEW YORK	Zeeland	A. Victoria
NEW YORK		Cevic
PORTLAND		Indrasamha.
SYDNEY	Sonoma	
SYDNEY	Moana	

"NO REBATE" BILL PASSES SENATE.

Adopts Elkins Measure Providing Fines for All Departures from Published Rates.

RULE APPLIES TO ALL.

Plan to Give Precedence in Court to All Interstate Commerce Cases Is Also Well Advanced.

ANTI-TRUST LAWS—Senate passed Elkins bill prohibiting discrimination in freight rates and imposing penalty for offense.

LAKE NAVAL STATION—Chairman Foss reported bill appropriating $250,000 for its establishment.

PANAMA CANAL—Foreign relations committee reported treaty to senate without amendment; Morgan means to fight measure.

STATEHOOD FIGHT—Talk of compromise whereby Oklahoma and Indian territory may be admitted as one state.

[BY RAYMOND.]

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—[Special.]—Considerable progress has been made by congress toward the enactment of legislation controlling trusts and preventing discrimination in freight rates. The senate this afternoon passed the Elkins bill, which provides for punishing the railroads which give rebates and the persons who receive them by a fine of from $1,000 to $20,000.

The senate committee on judiciary today made a favorable report on the bill providing for the expedition of the prosecutions brought under the provisions of the Sherman anti-trust law. This measure will be put through the senate at an early day. It gives the attorney general authority to file with the clerk of any Circuit court in which an action is brought for violation of the anti-trust law a certificate to the effect that in his opinion the case is of general public importance. When this is done it will be the duty of the court to give the case precedence over all others, and it will be expedited in every way possible.

Speaker Henderson today notified Representative Littlefield that the judiciary committee bill providing for publicity in the affairs of trusts will have the right of way in the house after the postoffice appropriation bill has been disposed of. There is a clause in the legislative appropriation bill providing for an appropriation of $500,000 to be used by the attorney general in the employment of special counsel and agents of the department of justice to conduct prosecutions for violations of the anti-trust law.

This measure has passed both houses and is now in conference, but inasmuch as the senate and house have both agreed to the appropriation there can be no disagreement between the two houses, and within a short time the attorney general will be in a position to employ a number of special attorneys as the appropriation becomes available immediately. Therefore the program for trust legislation has been carried out to a large extent.

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Senator Elkins' measure, which strengthens the interstate commerce law, makes it a misdemeanor for any common carrier to willfully fail to publish its rates and file them with the commission. A railroad which grants a rebate, or a shipper who accepts one, will be guilty of a misdemeanor. Those offending will be subject to a fine of from $1,000 to $20,000. It further provides that whenever the interstate commerce commission has reasonable grounds for belief that the common carriers are engaged in transporting freight or passengers at less than the published rate, or are committing discriminations forbidden by law, it is directed to present a petition to the Circuit court having jurisdiction, alleging that such practice is indulged in. It then becomes the duty of the court to summarily inquire into the circumstances, and upon being satisfied of the truth of the allegation to enforce an observance of the public tariffs or require a discontinuance of the discriminations.

Another section of the bill repeals the provisions of the interstate commerce law providing imprisonment for violation of it, and if the Elkins bill becomes a law the courts will not have the power to imprison any railroad official who gives a rebate or a shipper who receives it, as a fine will be the only punishment provided.

Leaders of the house assert the Elkins bill will be adopted at this session, and while there is some objection to abolishing the provisions of the present law permitting the imprisonment of those guilty of violations, some of them assert it is better to provide for a punishment in proportion to the offense. If this were done the law could be enforced to the letter, but they contend that if the punishment provided is extreme it would be a difficult matter to enforce the law on account of the sentiment against extreme punishment. This feature of the Elkins bill may be amended so as to provide for a short term of imprisonment.

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Miss Roosevelt was a guest of honor at a ball given at the Italian embassy, when the ambassador and Signora Mayor des Planches were the hosts. A hundred or more young people, among them débutante friends of Miss Roosevelt and young bachelors of the diplomatic corps, danced in the ballroom and drawing rooms of the first floor. Supper was served at small round tables in the Dutch breakfast room, which was decorated with cut flowers and potted flowering plants.

***

Representative Foss, chairman of the naval affairs committee, today reported to the house the naval appropriation bill, which contains an item appropriating $250,000 for the purchase of a site for a naval training station on the great lakes. This new institution will be near Chicago, as the board which made an investigation as to the most desirable location decided that the south end of Lake Michigan on the east shore, south of Milwaukee, or on the west shore below Muskegon was the zone most suitable. This location was decided upon because of its ease of defense, its climatic advantages, and because this zone is situated in the heart of a populous section of the country, which would furnish many of the men necessary to the success of the institution.

***

Cardinal Gibbons was the guest of honor at a dinner tonight, when Adjutant General and Mrs. Corbin entertained. Those to meet him were Justice Brown, Senator and Mrs. Hanna, Senator and Mrs. Aldrich, Mrs. Hobart, widow of the late vice president, Mrs. B. F. Warder, Representative and Mrs.

(Continued on second page.)

VERMONT TAKES TO DRINK

AFTER 50 YEARS OF PROHIBITION VOTERS TIRE OF WATER.

Anti-Liquor Law Is Defeated by a Slight Margin—Result Is the Outgrowth of Recent Gubernatorial Campaign—Saloons Will Pay $1,200 and Drug Stores Which Sell on Prescription Only $10—Goes Into Effect in Next March.

Montpelier, Vt., Feb. 3.—[Special.]—Vermont is no longer a prohibition state. By a majority of 1,642, with only seven small towns missing, the people have gone on record for the licensing of saloons after more than half a century.

The vote comes at the end of a hot fight between the temperance and saloon forces. After March 1 the government will begin issuing saloon licenses and the advocates of a saloon law say that the prohibitory laws will never be passed again.

The total vote is 30,588 in favor of a license law and 28,946 opposed. The missing towns gave a total vote of less than 300 at the last election. It is a coincidence that Vermont voted for prohibition in 1853 by 1,500 majority.

Nine Counties For It.

Out of fourteen counties nine gave majorities in favor of the new law. The result is the outgrowth of the campaign for governorship in which P. W. Clement was defeated by Gen. J. C. McCullough.

When the legislature convened the license local option bill was enacted, which provided seven classes for licenses, to be granted at fees ranging from $1,200 for a saloon to $100 for a druggist, who can sell for medical purposes only. Under the provisions of the constitution the referendum is declared unconstitutional, but the legislature, in order to fulfill the pledges of the republican party, had to submit the measure to a vote of the people, and consequently two dates were fixed, at either of which the bill would become operative, according to the vote.

In Effect Next March.

The dates were March 3, 1903, and Dec. 2, 1906. The latter date was fixed so that if the people were in favor of retaining present prohibitory laws the legislature could repeal the license measure by a small majority at the next session. The law goes into effect next March.

AGED WOMAN IS BEATEN IN EFFORT TO ROB HER.

Mrs. Annie McGowan, 2620 La Salle Street, Refuses to Tell Location of Money—James Couboy Arrested.

Mrs. Annie McGowan, 65 years old and living alone at 2620 La Salle street, was attacked in her house and beaten at 7 o'clock last evening. James Couboy has been arrested for the attack. She says he demanded her money, and when she refused he knocked her down and kicked her. She is in a serious condition.

Couboy gained admittance by claiming to be an inspector of plumbing. Mrs. McGowan screamed for help and her cries attracted the attention of Policeman Masterson, who arrested Couboy. At the station it was said Couboy has the alias of O'Neill and that his home is at 2621 Shields avenue.

Beaten and Robbed on Street.

Sumner M. Samson, manager of a downtown department store, was seized by two robbers Monday evening and robbed of $25, a diamond pin, and a gold watch. The robbery occurred at Forty-seventh street and Michigan avenue, where Mr. Samson was on the way to his home at 568 East Forty-second street.

George Sorkness, 843 West Division street, a saloonkeeper, was held up by five men at Desplaines and Lake streets in the afternoon and robbed of $256. The money was intended for a final payment on the saloon. He was badly beaten and was unable to give a description of his assailants.

Accused of Robbing Charity Box.

Thomas H. Sweeney, 18 years old, and well dressed, was shot at by Policeman John Meyers, who was pursuing him through Lake View streets, after, it is said, Sweeney had taken money from a Salvation army box. None of the shots took effect, but Sweeney was caught. Mrs. C. Crimes, the ticket agent at the Wrightwood avenue L station, made the charge against Sweeney.

Burglars who entered the home of Mrs. M. E. Code, 407 East Huron street, while the members of the family were sleeping, carried away valuables amounting to nearly $500. Mrs. Code is the mother of the Rev. John Code, assistant pastor of the Holy Name cathedral.

DREYFUS CASE TO BE REVIVED.

Ministry of War Said to Have Found New Proof of the Former Captain's Innocence.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Feb. 3.—There is talk of a revival of the Dreyfus case in a manner aiming at the rehabilitation of the former prisoner of Devil's island. The fact that the story emanated from Liberté, a nationalist organ, its object apparently being to throw odium on the government, prevents its ready acceptance, but the story is attracting considerable attention. According to Liberté, the ministry of war, by negotiating with a spy, has obtained a document constituting what is termed a new fact proving the innocence of Dreyfus. The matter will be brought before the chamber of deputies by M. Jaures, the socialist, who intends to produce the document or a copy of it, and Gen. André, minister of war, will then declare it to be authentic.

MAY MOVE MISSOURI CAPITAL.

Resolution Passed by House Favors Transfer to St. Louis if City Will Give $1,000,000.

Jefferson City, Mo., Feb. 3.—Colden of Nodway today introduced in the house, and it was passed unanimously, a resolution to have the committee on constitutional amendments prepare an amendment to remove the state capital from Jefferson City to St. Louis. It was amended with the provision that St. Louis shall raise $1,000,000 and give the use of the exposition buildings.

AUTOMOBILES HAVE FAILED.

German Minister of Posts Reports to Reichstag He Has Abandoned Horseless Wagons.

BERLIN, Feb. 3.—Herr Kraetke, the minister of posts, has informed the budget committee of the reichstag that automobiles have turned out to be failures in connection with the mail service. The electrical machines in all cases got out of order after a few weeks' use. The postal officials became tired of sending horse wagons after the automobiles and discarded them altogether.

COAL TIED UP BY "LOOK OUT" LIST.

Court Gets Evidence That the Retailers Sought to Keep the Business to Themselves.

FUEL AT COST OPPOSED.

Concerns Which Sold to Their Employes and Buyers of Carload Lots Are "Offenders."

"Lookout list" is the up to date name for "black list." Several hundred citizens and corporations are on the retail coal dealers' "lookout" lists.

The lists are made up of two classes—individuals who have bought coal in carload lots, and manufacturers who have sold coal to their employés at cost.

Is your name on either of these lists?

The facts about the "lookout" were filed yesterday before Judge Horton along with other charges against the indicted officials of the Retail Coal Dealers' Association of Illinois and Wisconsin.

The sending out of these "look out" lists carried with it a warning to the wholesaler or operator that such conduct not only "will cause an injury to our members" but "may result in trouble for the shipper."

Called "Assassination Lists."

Among those who are listed as having deprived the retailer of his "bit" of the profits of the coal trade are a number of prominent Chicago business men who bought coal in car lots for their suburban homes. In the trade, it is said, these lists are spoken of as "assassination lists," and to the manufacturer it is said proscription means that the wholesaler with whom he has a contract may cancel the contract and oblige him to look elsewhere for fuel.

Ordinarily, under the constitution of the association, the manufacturer is not rated as a "consumer" and need not pay the retailers' profits on the coal he consumes. It is only when he sells coal to his employés or others that he is rated as a "consumer," and must, if he persists in such selling, buy his fuel from the retailers in whose "territory" he is operating.

"Look Out" List Explained.

These lists were sent out to the wholesaler at intervals by Secretary F. E. Lukens of the association, and later they were compiled in a pamphlet, called the "look out" list. Introductory to the list is the following explanation:

The "look out" list contains the names of persons who are not regular dealers in coal according to the rules of eligibility of our association, and are not entitled to buy at wholesale under the rules of the trade. They may seek to buy coal in car lots, in towns where our members are located, and sales made to them will cause an injury to our members and may result in trouble for the shipper.

Our wholesale friends are requested to keep this list constantly before them, as it will be a guide and guard against irregular shipments, and we solicit your coöperation to the end that the coal business may be mutually profitable in the territory of our organization.

Some of the "Offenders."

Among the names on the "lookout" list are the following, taken from the pamphlet now on file in the court:

Evanston—Volney W. Foster, Thomas I. Stacey, G. S. Rice, Charles T. Boynton, W. L. Cobb, R. R. Shuman, H. H. Delos, S. F. Ra Qua, F. H. Lewis, C. S. Morse, C. E. Pittman, M. S. Embree.

Glencoe—Andrew McLeish, M. B. Orde, J. K. Calhoun, J. H. Winston, C. H. Howard, F. L. Hankey.

Elmhurst—T. S. Blair Jr., W. H. Emery, Lee Sturges, F. S. Rockwood, T. E. Wilder.

The Glen View Golf club, the Northern Illinois Normal school at Dixon, and the Northern Illinois State Normal school at De Kalb are on the "lookout" list, as are the board of education at Hinsdale, Ill., and the city, school board, and library of Neenah, Wis.

The "Union Coal Dealers of Galesburg" were listed and a note instructed the shipper to write the secretary for further information and explanation in regard to this concern.

Among the manufacturing institutions listed because coal had been sold to employés are the Illinois Steel company of Joliet, the Standard Oil company in several cities of Illinois, and the Paine Lumber company and the Morgan company of Oshkosh, Wis.

Statement and Sample Letters.

The statement filed before Judge Horton yesterday was a compromise agreement between the state's attorney and Samuel W. Packard, representing the retailers. It went in as an agreed statement, but to each allegation the defendants stipulated an exception, and the state reserved the right to except to any and all statements included. Arguments were set for Feb. 13, and these will be made in writing.

Among the circulars sent out by Secretary Lukens, and on which the state depends largely for support of the charge of conspiracy to restrain trade, is the following, which was addressed to a contractor regarding the Illinois Steel company:

Gentlemen: We have six members of our association living in and doing business at South Chicago. We are informed that you are supplying the Illinois Steel company with soft coal for manufacturing purposes. We are further informed that the Illinois Steel company is furnishing a part of this coal to its employés and others.

We wish to advise you that this is against the rules of our association, and such shipments are irregular after the mine operator has been duly notified unless the manufacturer ceases to divert the coal for domestic use.

There is no question but what the sale of this coal by the Illinois Steel company is greatly injuring and demoralising the trade in South Chicago. You may not know, perhaps, that they have been disposing of the coal in this manner, but now that you have the information we hope you will take immediate steps to relieve the situation, which is becoming almost intolerable to the retail dealers in South Chicago.

Kindly let us hear from you at your earliest convenience with reference to the matter, and greatly oblige F. E. LUKENS, Secretary.

Tells of Broken Rules.

Another letter addressed to the same shipper treats with conditions at Watseka, Ill., and is as follows:

Gentlemen: We have a complaint from Watseka, Ill., in which it is claimed that Martin & Sweeney, tile manufacturers, have bought coal from you and are distributing same to private parties, which is against the rules of the association.

We are also advised that the City of Watseka has bought coal from you, which they distributed to private consumers, and we would like to hear from you with reference to this matter, and oblige, F. E. LUKENS, Secretary.

The constitution and bylaws of the association are also included in the statement, as is a copy of the final report of the grand jury.

DOGS BETTER THAN BABY.

AMERICAN WOMEN DISLIKE TO BEAR CHILDREN.

Prominent New York Physician, Editor of Medical Record, Says That Our Birth Rate Closely Follows That of France—If the Woman of Today Becomes a Mother She Does Not Rear Her Offspring Properly and They Die.

New York, Feb. 3.—[Special.]—That the American family is becoming a back number and that American women prefer pets to children is declared by Dr. George F. Shrady, editor of the Medical Record.

Dr. Shrady became famous as Gen. U. S. Grant's personal physician, and his observations have been made in a large measure among the "smart set" in New York. He recently wrote an article for the Medical Record in which he printed statistics showing how families are decreasing.

We Are Following France.

Taking these official figures as the basis of his argument, Dr. Shrady goes on to declare that the birth rate in the United States, especially among the well to do, is rapidly getting as low as it is in France, where general alarm has been caused for the future of the country.

Life in flats and the demands of society are given as the principal causes why the American born woman dislikes to raise a family.

Fashionable Woman Poor Mother.

In discussing the subject Dr. Shrady said:

"The fashionable woman of today does not want children. If she bears them she does not rear them properly and they become sickly and die. That this aversion to children is rapidly spreading through all classes of society is generally recognized by the medical profession. It is true among the well to do everywhere, in the country as well as in cities. We are following rapidly in the path of France, where the subject has occupied the attention of statesmen and lawmakers for years and prizes are offered by the government for large families. In this country, however, our Anglo-Saxon prudery will always stand in the way of any general campaign of education on this subject. Physicians can do something in the way of educating their own patients, but their efforts in the aggregate amount to but little. The demands of society and the life of our people in flats, where the baby is more unwelcome than a dog, are among the factors responsible for this state of affairs, and I see no hope for the future."

CLERGY AND LAITY BLAMED FOR LACK OF CHURCH FUNDS.

Episcopal Church Club Discusses Needs of Missionary Work and Lack of Money in Chicago.

Clergy and laity both were blamed last night for the slow growth of the Episcopal church's influence in Chicago. The occasion was a meeting of the Church club at Kinsley's, 200 members of the church attending. Bishop Anderson delivered an address on church extension, declaring that funds were needed greatly.

"It is easy to get money for colleges, for libraries, for any purpose but for the church," said Bishop Anderson, "and it seems when we strive to increase our funds that God is unpopular in these modern days. There is no church in Chicago that makes such claims to its growth and power as we, and there is none that is doing so little of the real work at hand. Our church is filled with men, wealthy and honored, high in social and other circles, who live such narrow lives that their church work is only for their own parish."

E. P. Bailey offered another explanation, declaring the needs of the missionary workers were not told by the pastors. "The clergy are too often afraid," he said, "that the money will be drained from their parish and they will not be able to obtain what they think is necessary for that parish's needs."

A banquet preceded the meeting, and at its close it was decided to begin an acvite campaign to secure more members. This action was taken in response to the remark of Bishop Anderson, who said that with the small sum available he was unable to maintain the responsibility of the work any longer, and that the club must come to the aid of the missionary department.

VERDICT IN KILROY CASE EXPECTED THIS MORNING.

Jury Is Weighing the Evidence Against the Man Who Is Accused of Murdering Foreman Harry Ferriss.

James Kilroy, charged with the murder of Harry Ferris, the nonunion foreman, probably will know his fate when Judge Brentano convenes court at 10 o'clock this morning. The case was given to the jury late yesterday afternoon and at 9 p. m., when no agreement had been reached, court was adjourned and the jurors were instructed to seal their verdict.

There was some surprise when the defense argued the case without placing any witnesses on the stand. Kilroy was represented by Attorney W. S. Elliott Jr., while Assistant State's Attorney Olson prosecuted the case.

Ferris, the murdered man, was a foreman for the John A. Gauger Manufacturing company, Twenty-second and Morgan streets. He was shot and killed on Nov. 24, 1900, as a result of the strike troubles in the plant. John ("Red") Graves, who has never been arrested, also is charged with being a party to the murder.

Kilroy and Graves were on picket duty at Twenty-second and Morgan streets on the morning of the shooting. Ferris had been warned that he would be attacked if he did not join the strikers, and in view of these warnings he armed himself. When Ferris was shot down he drew his own revolver and fired, but his assailants ran away and no arrests were made until several weeks later.

TWO BOYS LOST IN CHICAGO.

Victor Brown and George S. Saeger of Boone, Ia., Being Hunted For by the Police.

The police at the Maxwell street station have been asked to search for Victor Brown, 13 years old, who ran away from his home, 514 West Fourteenth place, Sunday afternoon. The boy is said to have become discouraged because he failed to pass his examinations at school.

Sergeant Hefter of Central station is searching for George S. Saeger, 14 years old, who left his home at Boone, Ia., on Christmas eve. John B. Saeger, the boy's father, states that he had learned of his son's presence in Evanston a week after his disappearance, but that since that time all trace of him had been lost.

TRACTION MEN GO TO CITY HALL; AT WORK TODAY

Street Car Representatives to Meet the Council Transportation Committee with Plans.

FIRST OFFERS DRAWN UP.

Each Company Has a Different Scheme and Many Sessions Probably Will Be Necessary.

Conferences between the council committee on local transportation and the traction companies begin today, and promise to continue for some time. It is thought that the meeting this afternoon will not be able to do more than outline the work. Then the sessions will go on from day to day until some definite decision is reached.

At these conferences as well as at council meetings representatives of the Municipal Ownership clubs will be present to watch proceedings.

Representatives of both the Union Traction company and the Chicago City railway will be on hand today to tell what their respective corporations are willing to do in return for an extension of franchises, but neither will present anything in the form of a fixed program.

To Ask for Renewal.

At the meeting of the protective committee of the Union Traction company what was styled "a preliminary statement" was determined on, but it will not go any further than to present the application of the company for a renewal of franchises.

The officers of the Chicago City also held a meeting, and agreed on the same kind of a statement, but, like that of the Union Traction company, it is more a request for information as to what the city wants than anything else.

Men Expected at the Conference.

J. S. Auerbach of New York will represent the Union Traction company at the meeting, and Col. E. R. Bliss the Chicago City railway. It is possible some of the local members of the protective committee of the Union Traction company may be on hand, also President Hamilton and other officials of the Chicago City railway.

The program promises to resolve itself into a kind of dicker on a scale involving millions of dollars. Both companies will ask for information as to what the city wants and then tell in reply what they can do. Out of this it is thought a final agreement may be reached.

The companies are approaching the question from different standpoints. The Union Traction, as has already been printed, has abandoned the idea of going to Springfield for legislation removing the twenty year limit on franchises, but is anxious that the city obtain the power to exercise muncipal ownership before a franchise is passed. The Chicago City company, on the other hand, is indifferent whether the enabling act is passed before or after the franchise ordinance or is passed at all.

Offers of the Two Companies.

The plan on which the Union Traction company hopes to work out an ordinance is:

The granting of a twenty year franchise with a provision that at the end of the term the city purchase the property on a valuation of the worth of its tangible property.

In case the city does not desire or is unable to buy the property at the end of the twenty years, then the company is to continue to operate it.

To make this possible it is, of course, necessary that the legislature pass an act authorizing the city to own and operate street railway lines.

The Chicago City road expects to acquire a franchise under the existing state laws, the term being fixed at twenty years, without other conditions. Some of its officials said, however, that if the council is willing to offer them better terms they would not refuse.

Compensation and Service.

The two matters which will come up for immediate settlement as a premise for any further negotiations are those of cash compensation to the city and the improvements to be made in the service. As to the first, 10 per cent on the gross receipts is the amount generally talked about.

As to the changes in equipment and service, this item is likely to be an important one in the negotiations with the Union Traction company. The representatives of that company are disposed to insist that the amount of money they would be required to spend shall be the basis for all further matters.

If the city is willing to obligate itself either to buy the property at the end of the franchise or extend the life of the grant until such time as it could purchase, then the company would be willing to make almost any investment which might be asked, including a subway in the downtown district. If, however, it must figure on giving up its property at the end of twenty years with but slight salvage, the conditions would be entirely different.

Elkins-Widener Control Company.

It is in this connection that the local protective committee has been in consultation through Mr. Govin and Mr. Auerbach with J. Pierpont Morgan. Contrary to the general opinion, Mr. Morgan did not send these men to Chicago to procure a renewal of the franchises. Mr. Govin and Mr. Harrity of Philadelphia represent the Elkins-Widener and kindred interests which now control the majority of the stock of the Union Traction company, while Mr. Auerbach has been acting as a lawyer simply.

What they have been endeavoring to ascertain is what kind of a franchise they will be able to get, and then Mr. Morgan will finance the project for them, the amount of money to be advanced depending entirely on the terms of the ordinance. Mr. Morgan's position has been simply that of a banker.

Present Laws Restrict Council.

Members of the council committee on local transportation are generally of the opinion that it will be impossible for them to go far in discussing an ordinance on the lines laid down by the Union Traction people. They claim they must restrict themselves to considering terms possible under existing laws, and this will restrict the discussion largely to the amount of compensation to be paid the city by the companies and the character of the service they are willing to install. As regards municipal ownership, the committee is practically unanimous in

demanding that, but says it cannot be made a condition of an ordinance.

Take Law as It Is Found.

On these points Ald. Bennett, chairman of the committee, yesterday said:

"I do not think the committee will feel justified in going beyond conditions as they now exist. Under the present laws the council would not be able to make a contract binding any future council, either as to purchasing the property at the end of the term, even if it had the power to own it, or agreeing to an extension of the franchise in case the city did not purchase. It would take legislative enactments to make this possible, and the committee cannot figure on this. It must take the law as it finds it.

"As to municipal ownership, the committee favors an enabling act which would become operative in less than twenty years. Five or ten at the most ought to be the period when the city could take possession of the properties if it so elects.

"What we can discuss under present conditions is what service the companies are willing to give and what compensation they will agree to pay the city in return for an extension of franchises possible under existing statutes."

Mayor May Be a Spectator.

Mayor Harrison said last evening he would meet with the council committee today, but did not expect to take any more part in the proceedings than he did two weeks ago. He declined to discuss the positions taken by the companies, contenting himself by reading from old speeches and addresses of his to prove that he was the original municipal ownership advocate in Chicago.

Meeting of Referendum Committee.

Members of the executive committee of the Municipal Ownership clubs of Chicago met last evening at the Palmer house. They decided that members of the committee shall occupy seats in the gallery during sittings of the council, and will be known to each other by a white badge.

The vigilance of the committee will not only watch the general meetings of the council but all meetings in which members of the council take part.

Reports were heard from the presidents of the ward organizations, who said that their membership varied from 500 to 1,500. It was decided that some night in the near future a demonstration should be made in every ward for municipal ownership and referendum.

Proposed Council Rule Killed.

Ald. Fowler's amendment to the rules of the council, requiring that every franchise ordinance be read in full at three separate meetings of the council and be published at least ten weeks, with a referendum if 5 per cent of the voters ask it, was recommended unanimously for filing by the judiciary committee. In killing the ordinance the aldermen declared that they favored a referendum, but that 5 per cent of the voters is too small a number to bring one about, and that ten weeks' publication is too long a period.

Ald. Foreman Seeking Facts.

Ald. Milton J. Foreman is in Toronto, with the purpose, it is said, of acquainting himself with the workings of the system there in vogue under which the streets of the city are leased to the highest bidder among traction companies. The plan will probably be the subject of consideration in Chicago.

Govin Learns Boulevard Law.

Mr. Govin had an experience with Chicago park police methods during the day. Leaving the Auditorium Annex by the Michigan avenue entrance he hailed a cab and he and his companion got into it. The vehicle was at once stopped by Park Policemen John Lawson and M. P. Wheeler and the cabman arrested, the offense charged being soliciting business on a boulevard.

Mr. Govin and his friend went around into Congress street and engaged another cab.

President Walter J. Gibbons of the Hackmen's union has made complaint against the policemen before the park board, claiming they were inspired by other influences than a sense of duty.

Commissioner of Public Works Blocki sent notices to the street car companies that it would not be sufficient under the recent Supreme court decision regarding street cleaning for them to throw the snow off their rights of way, but they must also clean sixteen feet on the side, thus relieving the street of the snow taken from the tracks.

WANTS ACTION ON TRACTION.

Ald. Alling Tells South Side Business Men the Second Ward Is Most Hurt by Delay.

Ald. Charles Alling was the principal speaker last night at a meeting of the South Side Property Owners and Business Men's association at 2505 Cottage Grove avenue. The traction question was the subject discussed.

"We in the second ward," said the alderman, "are suffering more from the failure to settle this question expeditiously than any other section of the city. The lines run to the suburbs. When the cars reach here in the morning they are too crowded to be available, and the same state of affairs is noticeable when you want to come home at night. In consequence the suburbs have been built up, while property in this ward has depreciated."

Mr. Alling urged the consolidation of all lines into one system.

Other speakers were Secretary John J. Arnstein, J. E. Gould, George E. Benson, G. Winteroth, and H. G. Naber.

GIVE OUT NEW SUBWAY PLAN.

Cooper-Wolfe Scheme, Engineer Says, Will Cost $30,000,000, Including Belt Line.

Engineering plans for the Cooper-Wolfe subway, an ordinance for which was introduced in the council Monday night, were announced yesterday by H. D. Dean of Benton Harbor, Mich., the engineer. It is estimated that $30,000,000 will complete the work as planned.

Provision is made for seven river tunnels, at State, La Salle, Franklin, Washington, Monroe, Van Buren, and Harrison streets. According to the plans there would be three loops in the downtown district, and one new feature which has not been presented in subway plans before.

This is to be a belt line around the downtown district. This line the promoters propose to run themselves. It would make possible the transfer of passengers to all points. It was announced that the subway could be completed a block at a time and one block each week. It is to be seventeen feet below grade and twenty-six feet in width. For the carrying of mail a connection with the basement of the postoffice is proposed.

TELL POLICE TO ENFORCE LAW.

Aldermen Call Chief O'Neill's Attention to Five Minute Stop Grade Crossing Ordinance.

Long and exasperating tieups at grade crossings are to be done away with if yesterday's decision of the city council's judiciary committee is approved. When the committee met, General Manager Parsons of the St. Paul appeared to oppose Ald. Mitzinger's ordinance prohibiting the stopping of trains at street crossings where there are street car lines in the street.

"Why not enforce the present law allowing no train to stop for more than five minutes?" he asked.

The committee placed the ordinance on file and passed an order instructing Chairman Werno to introduce an order requiring Chief of Police O'Neill to enforce the existing ordinance.

A subcommittee was named to consider the matter of the waste paper boxes on street corners. It was said that because of the advertising uses to which the boxes have been put an ordinance may be introduced for the removal of the boxes.

Champagne Comparison.

Of a total importation of 360,708 cases by all brands of champagne in 1902, G. H. Mumm & Co.'s Extra Dry reached over 125,000 cases, being 407,304 bottles more than any other brand. The magnificent quality and natural dryness of the Extra Dry of the now celebrated 1898 vintage justly puts it in a unique position of preeminence.

STORM SWEEPS EAST AND WEST.

Snow, Sleet, Rain, and Wind Do Heavy and Widespread Damage.

LIVES ARE LOST HERE.

In Chicago Three Persons Are Blinded by Downpour and Trains Kill Them.

Snow, sleet, rain, and wind held full away yesterday and last night clear across the northern half of the United States. The bad weather was both generous and impartial. It gave of all its brands in liberal quantities and in all varieties, both east and west.

And the weather man says this is not all—his stock in trade is far from exhausted. For Chicago he promises another snow storm this morning, with cold weather to follow. He says the present consignment of snow and rain was billed as a total of ten inches of precipitation, and as yesterday only six inches were delivered there still are four to come.

Wires Down in All Directions.

Sleet caked upon telegraph and telephone wires east and west, breaking down poles and interfering seriously with the service. For hours it was impossible to communicate with New York City, Washington, and other eastern cities, while whole sections in the west were cut off.

From the Atlantic to the Pacific the storm extended, even San Francisco reporting a severe snow storm, the first snow seen there in many years. The weather there was unusually cold.

Trains in all directions were behind time and mails were delayed.

Costs Lives in Chicago.

Here in Chicago three fatalities were charged directly to the storm, while two other men were injured. The dead:

BERG, GUSTAVE, oiler for Illinois Central railway; address unknown; while blinded by the snow walked in front of a passenger locomotive at the foot of Adams street and was instantly killed.

RAMSAY, DAVID, 2851 Emerald avenue; while blinded by snow was run down by a St. Paul train at the Willow street crossing; died soon after; was foreman of Ogden Gas company's Willow street plant.

UNIDENTIFIED MAN, run down and killed by Burlington train at Lincoln and Sixteenth streets.

The injured are:

Brown, Joseph, 39 years old; struck by Sedgwick street car while driving delivery wagon across the car tracks; compound fracture of the left leg and nose broken; taken to his home at 119 Willow street.

Larsen, Richard, 25 years old; struck by a south bound Milwaukee avenue cable train while driving in Union street; bruised and internally injured; taken to his home at 194 West Erie street.

Snow Plow Causes Runaway.

When the storm was at its worst, two frantic horses attached to a baker's wagon dashed against the pilot of a rapidly moving Baltimore and Ohio locomotive at the One Hundredth street crossing. Both animals were killed and their bodies were thrown and rolled in the snow some distance below the street crossing. No one was in the wagon at the time, the owner and driver, John Sterner of 74 Ninety-first street, having stepped into a store at One Hundred and Second street and Ewing avenue. The horses were frightened by a street railway snow plow.

Electric light and trolley wires were snapped by the weight of the snow in many parts of the city. The falling of an electric wire at Forty-eighth street and Lake avenue called out the fire department, while the falling of a trolley wire at Sixty-third street and Madison avenue delayed the South Chicago cars for three hours.

The fence surrounding the Washington park racetrack was set on fire by sparks from a fallen electric wire, but the fire department extinguished the blaze before serious damage was done.

All of the surface lines were delayed by the snow, and the elevated lines, too, had their troubles.

Day of Snow and Slush.

"Snow. Precipitation at 7 p. m., six inches," is the way the weather man in the Auditorium tower described the storm in Chicago.

"Mud. Deposit after 9 a. m. anywhere from three to six inches," is the way the pedestrian in the downtown streets put it. Out in the suburbs the residents compromised and described the storm as being partly snow and partly mud, until evening brought the rain, and then the weather man in the high tower was alone in his opinion of what had really happened in the twenty-four hours that followed the appearance of the ground hog and the simultaneous appearance of his shadow.

With the snow overhead and the mud under foot, the thousands who traversed the downtown streets during the day were distracted. Umbrellas were of little use against the storm for the reason that he who tried to keep his umbrella out of the way of his neighbor usually found himself plunging into the pools of mud that incumbered the crossings. The street crossings in the storm presented dangers more to be avoided than soiled shoes. The snow that blinded the man on the walk had a similar effect on the man in the driver's seat of the delivery wagon.

Colder Weather on the Way.

Some time today, it is promised, there will be a lull in the storm and the temperature will fall rapidly. Railroad men dread the results in frozen switches and ice covered tracks, while the householder contemplates with alarm his ice covered sidewalk. But after the cold will come fair weather, and the forecaster predicts that there will be several days of clear cold weather as a recompense for the discomforts Chicago suffered while "sloshing around" in the mud yesterday.

City Holds to Its Coal.

Fear that the snow storm might check the receipts of coal at the pumping stations led City Engineer Ericson yesterday to warn the engineers in charge of the sale of coal at these stations to be certain that a sufficient reserve supply was kept on hand. According to the figures furnished by Deputy Collector McCarty, about 200 tons of coal was sold by the city yesterday.

Here are some of the replies received from concerns that have been asked to sell fuel to the city:

Wilmington Star Mining company—No coal to spare at any price.

O'Gara, King & Co., Wilmington & Vermilion Coal company, and the Chicago-Virden Coal company—No coal beyond what is demanded by contracts.

An offer of 1,000 tons of anthracite coal donated by President Baer of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company was presented to the commission. The difficulty of getting the coal hauled to Chicago was discovered in the fact that all of the coal roads in Pennsylvania were reported congested. The task of getting the coal here was referred to the officials of the New York Central railroad, and hopes were expressed by the commission that the coal will be brought to Chicago.

Storm in Other Cities.

The storm was especialy severe in Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, and Missouri and the states to the north and extending south as far as Arkansas and Oklahoma. All cities reported street car lines crippled or entirely snowed in, while all traffic was impeded.

Numerous snow slides are reported in the vicinity of Silverton, Colo. At Howardsville F. A. Hayes, aged 35 years, superintendent of the Big Five Mining company, was caught by a slide and killed. Fully six feet of snow fell there during the storm, which began there Sunday and continued until yesterday. No train has reached Silverton for three days and none is expected for a few days more because of the snow slides.

CAN'T MOVE THE FREIGHT

RAILWAY TIEUP NEVER SO TIGHT AS NOW.

Chicago Has Little Coal on Hand and the Merchants Are Unable to Get Goods Ordered from the East—Congestion Is Admitted, but Agents of the Lines Say They Are Doing All They Can—Business Men Tell of the Blockade.

Despite the fact that many of the coal carrying railroads have announced that fuel has been given the preference over all but perishable freight for several weeks, there is not now in Chicago, or on track within a day's reach of the city, more than a ten days' supply of coal.

In event of a storm that would obstruct traffic for any considerable length of time the reserve supply of fuel soon would fall below the danger point. A prolonged obstruction would mean a fuel shortage more serious than the city has yet experienced.

"It is up to the railroads," said Henry E. Weaver last night. "Some of the roads have been making great efforts to increase the reserve supply of coal, and they have been aided by the mild weather of the last week, which has cut down the demand. Nevertheless, there is not more than coal enough to supply Chicago for ten days, either in the city or on the switch tracks and in the yards nearby."

Other Shipments Delayed.

The fuel supply of the city is not the only commodity endangered by the congestion of traffic, and the phrase that "it is up to the railroads" could have been heard many times in State street and in the wholesale districts yesterday. While some of the shippers say the railroads are doing the best they can, all agree that that best is far from adequate.

The congestion is said to be greatest on the eastern lines. The Pennsylvania, the Nickel Plate, the Lake Shore, the Michigan Central, the Grand Trunk, and the Wabash all are having their troubles. On most of these lines little except perishable east bound freight is being received, and while the restriction is being taken off as fast as the yards in various parts of the system can be cleared, the accumulations and attendant delays are making the lives of the freight managers a burden.

"I never want to go through another such winter," declared the traffic manager of one of the lines yesterday. "I'd resign and go farming first."

Railways Held Remiss.

Some of the Chicago merchants who are made to feel the brunt of the blockade declare that the railroads are remiss in not being prepared for the increase in business which good business conditions and the delayed movement of coal brought about.

"These conditions could have been met with a little foresight," declared a contractor to whom inability to secure supplies means a heavy financial loss. "The railroads should have realized their limitations months ago and increased their motive power."

There has been more or less delay since the beginning of the year, but conditions are worse now than ever. The fogs of the last week and the storm of yesterday did not contribute to mend matters. In State street, in South Water street, among the contractors, wholesale grocers, clothiers, and in nearly every line of industry the complaint of the shortage of freight receipts is made.

The railway employés, too, are suffering. One employé often is expected to do the work of two, and men are breaking down under the strain.

Interviews with representatives of some of the business houses that have suffered from the delay are as follows:

Marshall Field & Co.—There has been more or less delay since last fall, but it has been getting worse since Jan. 5 or 6. Shipments have been delayed on all dispatch lines. It takes eastern freight three times as long to come as under normal conditions. We have to wait sometimes for four or five days after we should have received goods from the east, and have had to fight to get them at that. Naturally, we have been to some financial loss, but it would be difficult to estimate it. But in any case we are no worse off than our competitors, who have been subjected to the same annoying delay. The trouble seems to be that the railways have not made necessary provisions for the demands of the freight traffic.

Mandel Bros.—Shipments from the east are slow on all lines. Beginning last summer, it became a task of increasing difficulty to get goods on time and the conditions have been gradually becoming worse, as they are apt to at this time of the year. More steam is needed to pull an engine in this kind of weather and it is also more difficult to generate the steam. Landslides, wrecks, and other causes have contributed toward the delay.

Conditions Growing Worse.

Sprague, Warner & Co.—There has been delay ever since last fall in the shipment of freight from the east, and the conditions are becoming worse instead of improving. We have suffered some financial loss, but it is difficult to calculate it. The railroads are simply not in a position to handle the business because they have not made due preparations. The great trouble seems to be a lack of motive power.

Franklin MacVeagh & Co.—We have just received a car of glassware from Crothersville, Ind., that was delayed three days. The railroads all complain of the immense volume of business that blocks the yards and causes delay, and the coal traffic is held to be largely responsible. There is also complaint that the forces of men are not large enough, and that the freight handlers do not hustle as they should.

McNeil & Higgins—We have experienced more or less delay in getting goods. Several lines are not taking low class freight.

Fruits and Produce Suffer.

George Middendorf & Co.—California fruits are from one to two days late. It takes fruit from ten to twelve days to reach here from California, where it formerly took only nine days.

Fred J. Hoing—All fruit is being delayed in transit and in consequence has to be sold from a cent to a cent and a half cheaper.

H. W. Dodson—Yesterday we received a carload of poultry that was twelve hours late.

Railway Men Explain.

Interviews with general freight agents of the railroads are as follows:

Pennsylvania—The delay is due to the large amount of business. We are not accepting any lumber, hay, or similar freight and are giving coal the preference.

Lake Shore—The delay in freight receipts is due to a generally congested state of traffic. Business all over the country has increased to an astonishing degree. There is an abundance of corn, and the grain is taking many cars to move it. The conditions in the anthracite coal fields also are responsible to some extent. There is great difficulty in getting power and locomotives. The weather, too, is unfavorable for making fast time. The rails are wet and the fog is so bad that engineers can scarcely see the signals.

Wabash—The trouble seems to be largely with the eastern connections. I never saw such an amount of business.

Delaware and Lackawanna—Weather like this makes traffic exceedingly difficult. The rails are slippery and the yards are blocked on account of the switching.

Nickel Plate—All the eastern lines are in the same difficulty owing to the large amount of business and lack of power.

NORTHWEST ASKS A NEW STATE

Montague Proposed Named for Section Formed of Parts of Montana and North Dakota.

St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 3.—[Special.]—A movement is on foot for the formation of a new state, to be called Montague, and which is to be formed by segregating that portion of Montana east of the Belt mountains and the portion of North Dakota west of the Missouri river. Glendive, now in Montana, will be the capital, provided the deal goes through. The state will have an area of about 100,000 square miles. A meeting of legislators from both North Dakota and Montana has just been held in Glendive, and the project thoroughly discussed. The principal reason assigned for the proposed change is that the people of eastern Montana are dissatisfied with corruption in the western part, while North Dakota men are disgusted with existing conditions in eastern North Dakota.

TELLS TERMS OF ALASKAN TREATY

Senate Gives Out Details, Although Full Text Is Not Obtainable.

OPPOSITION IS CERTAIN.

Many Insist That Boundary Now Is Well Defined—See Naught for Arbitration.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—[Special.]—The making public of the treaty recently negotiated by Secretary Hay and Sir Michael Herbert for a settlement of the Alaskan boundary dispute was discussed today by the senate in executive session. Owing to the fact that a number of articles are in French it was decided to await translation before making the text of the treaty public.

While there was no discussion of the terms of the treaty on the floor of the senate in the executive session, some conferences among the senators were held with reference to it and the fact became generally known that the agreement could not be accepted without opposition. The northwestern senators manifest especial opposition, taking the ground that there is nothing to arbitrate.

Article 1 provides that the boundary line tribunal shall be immediately appointed and shall consist of six impartial jurists, three to be named by the president of the United States and three by his Britannic majesty. All questions must receive a majority vote of the tribunal. Provision is made for the appointment of other jurists to fill vacancies and for officers of the tribunal, including scientific experts, and agents.

Article 2 provides that a written or printed case of the two parties and other documents, correspondence, and evidence shall be submitted to the two parties within two months of the exchange of the ratifications of the treaty. Two months afterward the counter case may be submitted, but the tribunal may extend the time if it so desires.

Old Treaties to Be Studied.

Article 3 provides that the tribunal shall consider in the settlement of the questions submitted to its decision the treaty between Great Britain and Russia of 1825, and the treaty between the United States and Russia of March 30, 1867, "and particularly the articles 3, 4, and 5 of the first mentioned treaty." The original text of these articles is given in French. In the treaty between the United States and Russia articles 3 and 4 of the Anglo-Russian treaty are quoted as describing the line of demarcation between Russia and the British possessions. These articles read as follows:

"3. His majesty the emperor of all the Russias agrees to cede to the United States by this convention, immediately upon exchange of the ratifications thereof, all the territories and dominions now possessed by his said majesty on the continent of America, and in the adjacent islands, the same being contained within the geographical limits herein set forth—to wit: The eastern limit is the line of demarcation between the Russian and the British possessions in North America, as established by the convention between Russia and Great Britain of Feb. 28, (16), 1825, and described in articles 3 and 4 of this said convention in the following terms:

"'Commencing from the southernmost point of the island called Prince of Wales island, which point lies in a parallel of 54 degrees 40 minutes north latitude, and between 131st and 133d degree of west longitude (meridian of Greenwich), the said line shall ascend to the north along the channel called Portland channel as far as the point of the continent where it strikes the 56th degree of north latitude; from this last mentioned point the line of demarcation shall follow the summit of the mountains parallel to the coast as far as the point of intersection of the 141st degree of west longitude (of the same meridian); and, finally, from the said point of intersection, the said meridian line of the 141st degree, in its prolongation, as far as the frozen ocean.'

Line of Demarcation.

"4. With reference to the line of demarcation laid down in the preceding article it is understood—first, that the island called Prince of Wales island shall belong wholly to Russia (now by this cession to the United States).

"Second—That whenever the summit of the mountains which extend in a direction parallel to the coast from the 56th degree of north latitude to the point of intersection to the 141st degree of west longitude shall prove to be at the distance of more than ten marine leagues from the ocean, the limit between the British possessions and the line of coast which is to belong to Russia as above mentioned (that is to say, the limit to the possessions ceded by this convention) shall be formed by a line parallel to the winding of the coast, and which shall never exceed the distance of ten marine leagues therefrom."

The above description is further explained by article V. of the older treaty, which is in French in the latest negotiations, and another clause of the new treaty says: "The tribunal shall also take into consideration any action of the several governments or of their respective representatives preliminary or subsequent to the conclusion of said treaties so far as the same tends to show the original and effective understanding of the parties in respect to the limits of their several territorial jurisdictions under and by virtue of the provisions of said treaty."

Questions to Be Decided.

Article 6 provides as follows: "Referring to article 3, 4, and 5 of the said treaty of 1825, the said tribunal shall answer and decide the following questions:

"1. What is intended as the point of commencement of the line.

"2. What channel is the Portland channel?

"3. What course should the line take from the point of commencement to the entrance to Portland channel?

"4. To what point on the fifty-sixth parallel is the line to be drawn from the head of the Portland channel, and what course it should follow between these points?

"5. In extending the line of demarcation northward from Sand Point on the parallel of the fifty-sixth degree of north latitude, following the crest of the mountains situated parallel to the coast until its intersection with the 141st degree of longitude west from Greenwich, subject to the condition that if such line should anywhere exceed the distance of ten marine leagues from the ocean, then the boundary between the British and the Russian territory should be formed by a line parallel to the sinuosities of the coast and distant therefrom not more than ten marine leagues, was it the intention of said convention of 1825 that there should remain in the exclusive possession of Russia a continuous fringe or strip of coast on the mainland, not exceeding ten marine leagues in width, separating the British possessions from the bays, ports, inlets, havens, and waters of the ocean, and extending from the said point on the 56th degree of latitude north to a point where such line of demarcation should intersect the 141st degree of longitude west of the meridian of Greenwich?

Other Knotty Problems.

"6. If the foregoing question should be answered in the negative and in the event of the summit of such mountains proving to be in places more than ten marine leagues from the coast, should the width of the section which was to belong to Russia be measured (1) from the mainland coast to the ocean, strictly so-called, along a line perpendicular thereto, or (2) was it the intention and meaning of said convention, where the mainland coast is indicated by deep inlets, forming part of the territorial waters of Russia, the width of the lisiere was to be measured (a) from the line of the general direction of the mainland coast, or (b) from the line separating the waters of the ocean from the territorial waters of Russia, or (c) from the heads of the aforesaid inlets?

"7. What, if any, are the mountains referred to as situated parallel to the coast, which mountains, when within ten marine leagues from the coast, are declared to form the eastern boundary?"

PASS "NO REBATE" BILL.

SENATORS ADOPT ELKINS MEASURE REGARDING RATES.

Imposes Heavy Fine on Railroads and Shippers Departing from the Published Schedule of Charges—Plan for Giving Precedence to Interstate Commerce Cases in Courts Also Advanced — House Likely to Accept Ideas of the Senate on Subject.

(Continued from first page.)

Grosvenor, Col. and Mrs. May, and Gen. Young, Miss Patten, and Mrs. Boardman.

***

It was agreed by the foreign relations committee today to report the Panama canal treaty to the senate without amendment, notwithstanding Senator Morgan offered fifty or more. After voting down two amendments offered by the Alabama senator a majority of the members of the committee notified him of their purpose to report the treaty as soon as possible, and called his attention to the futility of making the same fight in committee which he declares he will make upon the floor of the senate. He took this forcible suggestion good naturedly, but consented to a vote.

He notified the members, however, that he would offer all his amendments to the treaty when it comes up for consideration in the senate, and said he would discuss them at length. Senators Morgan and Bacon were the only two members of the committee who voted against the treaty, but the latter said he would vote for its ratification. Senator Cullom and other leaders of the senate believe Senator Morgan intends to defeat the ratification of the treaty at this session if possible.

Inasmuch as the statehood bill still has the right of way in the senate there are slender prospects of the Panama canal or the Cuban reciprocity treaties being ratified at this session, especially as a number of southern senators are opposed to the Cuban convention. Therefore it is quite certain there will be an extra session of the senate for the purpose of ratifying those treaties.

***

Arthur M. Beaupre of Illinois was today nominated by President Roosevelt to be minister to Colombia to succeed Charles B. Hart, who has resigned. Mr. Beaupre is now secretary of legation and consul general at Bogota. He has been in the diplomatic service about five years, having been appointed secretary of legation and consul general at Guatemala City in 1897.

***

Sir Michael Herbert, the British ambassador, and Lady Herbert were guests of honor at a dinner given tonight by Representative Edward Morrell. The guests invited to meet them were the Belgian minister and Baroness Moncheur, the Danish minister, Senator and Mrs. Depew, Senator and Mrs. Lodge, Senator and Mrs. Alger, Senator and Mrs. Hale, Senator Kean, Miss Kean, Mr. and Mrs. De Lancy Kane, Capt. and Mrs. Cowles, Mrs. Draper, wife of the former ambassador to Italy; Representative Hitt, Representative Adams, Mrs. Slater, and Mr. Waldo Story.

***

President Roosevelt will soon take up his sword again, but merely for the purpose of exercise. He has decided to take fencing lessons so as to exercise all the muscles of his body and at the same time get relief from the gymnastics and wrestling with which he has kept himself in good physical condition for some years. Prof. Generoso Pavese, an Italian master at arms and the world's champion fencer, called at the White house today to see the president with regard to the fencing exercises. Col. Roosevelt told Pavese he would not be able to take up this method of exercise until after the adjournment of congress, when he would begin.

***

Countess Cassini was the hostess at a tea at the Russian embassy this afternoon, when her friends were presented to Mme. Des Planques, mother of the prospective bride, whose marriage takes place at the embassy on Feb. 10.

***

Authority is conferred upon the president by the staff bill just passed by the senate to retire army officers at a grade higher than they hold when they reach the retiring age. Senator Foraker will see President Roosevelt tomorrow and urge him to nominate Brig. Gen. Jacob H. Smith as a major general. Gen. Smith is the officer who was tried by court martial for his conduct of the campaign in Samar, being charged with giving an order to kill and burn. He was retired by the president after reaching the age limit.

***

There is considerable talk here tonight of a compromise on the statehood proposition. The administration senators desire to admit Oklahoma and Indian territory as one state, and it is possible that some arrangement will be made to end the deadlock in the senate. This may result in a proposition being advanced to admit Arizona and New Mexico as one state, but if Senator Quay agrees to this he is likely to lose his democratic support, which would probably cause the failure of any agreement he may make. The Pennsylvania boss is beginning to show signs of a desire to compromise, which he knows he must do to pass any kind of a statehood measure.

PASSES GENERAL STAFF BILL.

Senate Eliminates This Feature from Army Appropriation Measure, but Later Confirms It Independently.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—The senate today passed the army appropriation bill. The provision establishing a general staff was eliminated. Later the independent measure, identical in its provisions with the general staff section of the army bill, was passed, after having been reconsidered to permit the incorporation of an amendment by Mr. Berry placing the chief of staff exclusively under the direction of the president. The bill now goes to conference. Mr. Quarles continued his remarks in opposition to the statehood bill.

House Passes Many Claims Bills.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—The house spent practically the whole day on claims bills coming over from last week. Mr. Payne, the floor leader of the majority, fought them all, but succeeded in defeating only three bills. General debate on the postoffice appropriation bill was resumed, and Mr. Robb of Missouri addressed the house on the trust question, after which the house adjourned.

NAVY HAS NEED FOR HOBSON.

Effort Being Made to Have Naval Constructor Remain in Service, as Department Is Short Handed.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 4.—The navy department is unwilling to allow Constructor Hobson to retire from the navy, and an effort will be made to induce him to remain on active duty. The construction corps has lost the services of four able officers during the last year, and with the rapidly increasing amount of construction work the navy department feels that it must stop the drain.

DECIDE ON CRUISER AWARDS.

Cabinet to Give Contracts for Two Vessels to Cramps and New York Companies at $4,035,000 Each.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—At the cabinet meeting today it was decided to award the contracts for the construction of the two new cruisers to the Cramp Shipbuilding company and the New York Shipbuilding company at the minimum price of $4,035,000.

Cooking Lecture by Mrs. Rorer.

Mrs. Sarah Tyson Rorer, principal of the Philadelphia Normal Cooking school, will give an object lesson in cooking as a fine art at Chicago commons, Grand avenue and Morgan street, tomorrow afternoon.

STONES HURLED INTO UNION BUS.

Two Women and One Man Hurt in Strike Rioting at Waterbury.

SOLDIER FIGHTS A MOB.

Car Driver Reports to Company That He Was Shot At During a Night Trip.

Waterbury, Conn., Feb. 3.—In spite of the good policing by local officers and troops in the center of the city that section was the scene of a riot today as a result of the street railway strike. This time, however, it was the strikers and patrons who were the victims. A union bus was attacked with stones. Patrick Flynn, a striker, acting as conductor of the bus, was struck on the head. Of the twelve passengers in the vehicle, nine of whom were women, two of the women were hit. It seemed a concerted action against the striking union men.

Private Duncan, company C, Second regiment, was severely injured in an encounter with rioters during the day. While on patrol duty a stone was hurled at Duncan and he was set upon by strikers. He undertook to defend himself with his bayonet when his assailants seized the gun and struck the soldier with the stock. The blow was a serious one, and tonight the man's condition was such that he was sent to his home in New Haven.

The first gunshot of the strike was fired at 10 o'clock tonight, if the story told by a nonunion conductor is true. At that hour a trolley car on its return trip from the city via Bank street was driven at high speed to the car barns, where the troops are quartered. To the officer in command the conductor reported that he had been shot at, and for a time there was some excitement.

PAY BY WEIGHT HELD BETTER.

Miners Admit That Owners Would Get Less Result Should Day System Be Adopted.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 3.—Much of the rebuttal testimony presented today to the anthracite coal strike commission was furnished by mine workers from the upper region. In this section the miners are asking for payment by weight.

The witnesses in every case were questioned concerning the advantage of such a change in the wage scale and all were unanimous in the opinion that the method was the only just one where the veins were flat.

Commissioner Watkins asked Gallagher, a miner employed by the Delaware and Hudson company, if he did not think a daily wage rate would be satisfactory to the men. The witness thought so, but ventured the opinion that the miners would not work to the limit of their ability if that method obtained.

Other witnesses were called to testify concerning the alleged restriction of the coal production and considerable evidence was introduced regarding conditions in the coal regions during the strike.

Daniel T. McKelvy, a justice of the peace of Hazleton, who testified yesterday, was recalled for cross examination. Counsel attempted to show that the witness had neglected his duty as an officer of the law because of his partiality towards the strikers. Witness did not deny that his sympathies were with the strikers, but asserted that he had not failed in his duty. He told of having been out an entire night among the strikers' pickets. His object, he said, was to advise the strikers to remain away from company property and to create no disturbance.

Chairman Gray appeared dissatisfied with the witness' testimony concerning an assault upon a nonunion man with which McKelvy had been charged. The chairman was unable to understand clearly the witness' description of the occurrence, and displayed considerable impatience.

"I suppose it's my fault that I cannot understand you, squire," said Chairman Gray, "but I give it up."

NO AGREEMENT YET IN SIGHT.

Miners and Operators in Secret Session at Indianapolis Tell Secrets in Confidence.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 3.—The coal miners and operators' joint subcommittees held another day's battle behind closed doors today. There were no indications of a settlement. In these subcommittee sessions not a line of record of any kind is kept. It is the court of last resort and operators and miners are laying open their inside secrets in struggling for an agreement. By tacit understanding everybody is to forget all that is said in these sessions. They have in their hands more power than any other labor commission that ever met. The United Mine Workers' national executive committee will hold a meeting in Indianapolis this week and take up plans for the ensuing year.

Coffee's Proper Place.

A Tennessee physician's experience.

The man of medicine can tell many interesting tales when he has a mind to, but the most interesting of all is when he tells of the benefits to be had from pure, scientific food and drink (such as Postum Food Coffee) used in place of ordinary coffee.

In an explicit letter from a physician of Henderson's Cross Roads, Tenn., he says: "I drank coffee until I was a physical wreck, suffering with constant and severe head aches, heartburn and extreme nervousness. Finally I became a confirmed dyspeptic and consequently weak and irritable, although I am by nature very strong and cheerful. I lost about 25 pounds.

"Finally my nerves were shattered to such an extent that I would regularly wake from sleep in a highly nervous and excited condition. By day I suffered from attacks of vertigo and palpitation of the heart, then I began to believe it was the work of coffee. The constant over-stimulation of the cardiac ganglia of nerves from coffee had produced exhaustion of the governing apparatus of the heart. The slightest exertion worried me almost to collapse. My hair grew gray although I was but 35.

"My knowledge as a physician told me my condition was serious. I quit the use of coffee and improved for a while, but very slowly. Then my attention was called to Postum. I got some, made it right, and found it delicious.

"In a week I could eat as heartily as ever without the least distress to my stomach or injury to my nerves. I gained flesh up to 182 pounds and the disordered condition of the heart ceased. I am now free from rheumatism, which oppressed me steadily while I was using coffee.

"Postum's discovery has been and will continue to be a blessing. I hope its use will extend until coffee, one of the most widespread and physically injurious of all stimulants known to materia medica, shall be relegated to its proper place beside morphine and cocaine." Name given upon application to Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Go Via

New Orleans

and the

Sunset Route

Rates the same as via other routes.

Trains from Chicago make direct connection at New Orleans with the **Sunset Limited**, leaving at 11:55 a. m. daily. A splendid transcontinental train, carrying observation cars, compartment and drawing-room sleeping cars and dining cars, serving all meals a la carte. Luxury and comfort unequaled by any other route.

Pacific Express, leaving at 9 p. m. daily, complete and modern equipment and thoroughly comfortable in every way.

To

Los Angeles

and

San Francisco.

Enjoy the delights of a visit to the old southern city and take in the carnival en route to California.

Southern Pacific

193 Clark-st. Central 2080.

Oxygen Hunger

The worst starvation is Oxygen hunger.

It is a disease when your blood is deficient in red corpuscles.

It ends in Consumption and death.

Its signs are weakness, loss of flesh, pale skin, transparent complexion, loss of ambition, and proneness to "catch cold."

The only cure is

Ozomulsion

It is a medicinal emulsion of cod liver oil, containing principles which vitalize and oxygenate the blood and thereby gives fresh life and energy to the tissues.

Ozomulsion is the good food, the easy food, the universal food, for all who are sick or in need of *strength*. To be had at all druggists. Try it.

In order that you may test the merits of Ozomulsion, send your name and full address to

THE OZOMULSION CO.

228 De Peyster Street, - - New York,

mentioning this paper, and a large sample **free bottle** will at once be sent you by mail prepaid.

"TAILORED-by-hand" isn't commonly thought of in connection with ready-to-wear clothes; you expect to pay extra for it.

You need n't; Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes are "tailored-by-hand" as much as the custom tailor's product; and better done than the most of 'em.

It's one thing that makes these clothes "ready-to-wear," instead of just "ready made."

Hart Schaffner & Marx

Good Clothes Makers

Sore Hands

Red Rough Hands, Itching Palms and Painful Finger Ends

ONE NIGHT CURE

Soak the hands on retiring in a strong, hot creamy lather of CUTICURA SOAP. Dry, and anoint freely with CUTICURA OINTMENT, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. Wear during the night, old loose gloves, or light bandages of soft old linen or cotton. For red, rough, chapped and sore hands, dry, fissured, itching, feverish palms, with shapeless nails and painful finger ends, this treatment is wonderful.

Sold throughout the world.

The Tribune

CLEAN AND RELIABLE.

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ALLIES EXPLAIN THEIR DEMANDS.

Declare They Are Not Seeking Preferred Payment, but Separate Treatment.

CASTRO WINS A VICTORY.

Government Troops Rout Forces Close to Caracas, Capturing Men and Arms.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Feb. 3.—Reuter's Telegram company says it is officially informed that the attitude of the allies regarding the so-called priority claims against Venezuela has been misinterpreted, thus increasing the complications.

It is explained that the allies do not insist on the precedence of their claims over others, but insist that they shall be regarded as separate, to be dealt with directly between themselves and Venezuela. Until a specific arrangement is made for the satisfaction of their claims they are determined to continue the blockade.

It is further stated that the allies do not bind Venezuela regarding the sum to be periodically paid or the time in which the debt must be paid off.

Venezuela Accused of Trick.

It is added that there is renewed evidence that Venezuela is endeavoring to complicate matters by playing off the interests of one power against another, and that such a course must be frustrated in the interests of all the creditors. They consequently hope that Ven[illegible]'s attempts in this direction "will not receive support or connivance from any quarter."

Wants Troops to Quit La Guayra.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

CARACAS, Feb. 2.—A note was sent early this morning to the civil authorities at La Guayra by representatives of the allies, stating that the presence of Venezuelan troops in the city was objected to, and that if their presence was reported again the forts would be shelled.

Rebel Troops Are Routed.

The government troops under Gen. Alcantara, a graduate from West Point, have defeated a force of rebels numbering 900, under the revolutionary general, Ducharme, on the Camatagua river, about fifty miles south of Caracas. The rebels were routed, their ammunition and 230 prisoners being captured.

On the receipt of the news of the victory prices on the stock exchange here jumped four points.

Rebels Taken by Surprise.

Gen. Ducharme with 900 men advanced up the Camatagua river. President Castro sent a force of 1,000 troops against him under Gen. Alcantara, who took the rebels by surprise, and routed them after a seven hours' fight. Alcantara captured thirty officers and 200 soldiers, 40,000 rounds, and all the rebels' reserve ammunition and fifty animals. The balance of Ducharme's army fled in the direction of Orituco.

Prospect of Settlement Good.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—[Special.]—Prospects for the settlement of the Venezuelan question are greatly improved, as the British and German ambassadors have strongly recommended to their respective governments the acceptance of Minister Bowen's proposition. He proposed setting aside 30 per cent of the customs collected at La Guayra and Puerto Cabello, to be divided among the creditor nations, but for one month the entire amount is to be given to Great Britain, Germany, and Italy as a salve to their national honor.

Sir Michael Herbert had previously cabled his government advocating this plan, but Count Quadt, German chargé d'affaires, did not feel justified in taking such a step pending the arrival of his new chief, Baron von Sternburg. He had no sooner grasped the situation than he set about with all his energy to find a basis for immediate settlement and advised the German foreign office that in his opinion German claims on Venezuela were not large enough to make it worth while to risk forfeiting the friendship of the United States.

Official Replies Are Awaited.

The British and German representatives expect instructions from their respective governments before tomorrow night and hope to be able to announce before the end of the week that an agreement with Venezuela has been reached.

At the British embassy today the most important conference that the representatives of the allies have held among themselves took place. Mr. Bowen, of course, was not present. The conference was called to consider the recommendations which the Italian and British ambassadors and the German minister should make to their governments as to the next step to be taken.

Envoys Exchange Visits.

The British ambassador, in a call on Mr. Bowen during the forenoon, asked him regarding his proposition to refer the matter to The Hague, and it developed that Mr. Bowen was no less anxious than the allies' representatives that the whole controversy be settled here and now.

Mexico Also Files Claim.

Citizens of Mexico also have claims against Venezuela, and that government has asked to be put on an equal footing with the other nations when the time comes for settling up. Notice of Mexico's intention was communicated to Minister Bowen today by the Mexican ambassador at this capital, Señor Azpiroz, who informed Mr. Bowen that the claims of the citizens of his country amounted in all to $90,000.

Advises Germany to Hasten.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, Feb. 3.—The German ambassador at London, Count Wolff-Metternich, in a dispatch to his government says the British cabinet is conscious of lack of popular support in its association with Germany and is in a mood to accept almost any way out of the Venezuelan entanglement that promises the ultimate payment of the claims.

Ambassador Wolff-Metternich, in counseling that the negotiations at Washington be hastened, intimates that if the situation becomes more confused it is conceivable that Colonial Secretary Chamberlain on his return from south Africa may become the interpreter of the popular view in the cabinet and advise the other ministers accordingly.

No German Minister to Caracas.

The report that Herr von Prollius, first secretary of the German legation at The Hague, had been appointed German minister to Caracas is incorrect, as nobody will be named for that post until relations are resumed between the two countries. Moreover, when the time comes Herr von Peildram, former minister to Hayti, who was nominated for the Caracas legation some time ago, probably will be appointed.

Anticipate Early Adjustment.

PARIS, Feb. 3.—The advices received here from Ambassador Jusserand, summarizing the status of the Venezuelan negotiations at Washington, lead the officials to express more confident expectation of an adjustment of the difficulties than at any time previous.

Reported Rebel Surrender.

A dispatch from Caracas says it is reported from Maracaibo that the Oquendist faction of the rebels has surrendered.

NEW WAY TO COLLECT DEBTS.

New York Evening Post Points Out Folly in Methods Adopted by Allies.

New York, Feb. 3.—[Special.]—The Evening Post prints the following editorial on the Venezuelan situation under the title "A New Way to Collect Old Debts":

Successful and disappointing delays in the Venezuelan negotiations, culminating today in news of what is practically a deadlock between Minister Bowen and the allies, are vexing, but not necessarily alarming. As we understand the situation, an agreement to refer the whole matter to The Hague tribunal will be fallen back upon in case the direct intervention of Mr. Bowen as plenipotentiary of Venezuela should wholly fail. Chancellor von Bülow, in his speech in the reichstag of Jan. 30, spoke of President Castro's having "recognized, in principle, the demands of the three powers" and of having given his "assent to the preliminary conditions for reference of the dispute to the court of arbitration at The Hague." There, we infer, the case will go if no shortcut settlement can be had at Washington.

While this is happily true, we think, however, that a review of the whole affair down to the present will not heighten one's idea of the wisdom with which it has been managed by England and Germany. Their new way of collecting old debts, manu militari, has not proved itself a great success. It is not likely to be followed as a fortunate precedent.

Reduced to ordinary commercial terminology, their plan has been first to destroy a good part of the assets of their debtor and then to incur such heavy expenses of litigation that they are certain to lose by the whole transaction, no matter what they may be able to recover in the end. If any one says that there was national dignity to be vindicated as well as payments to be exacted, we would ask what evidence there is that English or German national vanity has been flattered by the mortifying incidents of the Venezuelan blockade?

It was begun as a war which was not a war and rapidly developed one unpleasant feature after another. If it irritated Venezuelans a little, it irritated Englishmen and Germans and Americans a great deal. That blockade can scarcely be called enormously successful, which most worries the blockading nations. It is the duty of a government to read correctly, if not the future (no statesman can be called upon to be a prophet), at least the immediate results of its own action; and this neither the British nor the German government appears to have done.

Who can imagine Lansdowne and Von Bülow striking hands to coerce Venezuela if the thing were all to do over again, and if they could foresee the unhappy consequences which they now so clearly see?

The truth is that this method of resorting to forcible reprisals or poorly disguised war in order to collect claims is a dubious business at best. Lord Palmerston headed England in the wrong direction in this matter, and subsequent prime ministers were compelled to retrace his hasty steps. Thus Lord Salisbury made the statement in 1880 that, while he would not go so far as to say that the government would never interfere in behalf of an unpaid holder of foreign bonds, yet that such interference was wrong in principle. It would be hardly fair if any body of capitalists should have it in their power to pledge the people of this country to exertions of such an extensive character. They would be getting the benefit of an English guarantee without paying the price of it."

It is also apt to be the case that when you go to collecting debts at the cannon's mouth all sorts of shady claims are put into your hands. The British claims have been made public, and for the most part relate to seizures of British vessels or to acts of violence against British subjects. Yet some of these, as Prof. Holland of the chair of international law at Oxford has pointed out, are scarcely justified under rules affecting civil war, adopted by the Institute de Droit International.

Of the German claims we have never seen a complete list, but one of them has certainly a queer look. This has to do with a railway contract for a line 111 miles long which cost more than $15,000,000 to build (three times the estimates), runs through a sparsely settled country, and swallows up 60 per cent of the gross receipts in operating expenses. To enforce by pike and gun a guarantee of 7 per cent interest on capital sunk in such an enterprise seems a trifle unreasonable, to put it mildly as possible.

As if to emphasize the blunder in the Anglo-German way of collecting the Venezuelan debts, a full account is now given of the success of the French in submitting their claims to arbitration, getting a just award, and having the money in sight.

Mr. Bowen was not far wrong in saying that to compel such creditors to come in after those who had plunged into an opera bouffe war would be an "offense to civilization." The trading world cannot afford to put a premium upon violent interruptions of commerce. Indeed, the chief instruction to be had from the whole affair is that peaceful methods in settling international differences are more profitable, as well as more civilized, than impetuous appeals to arms.

BIG VESSEL WRECKED IN GALE.

Storm Prevents Assistance Being Sent to Ship Driven Ashore Off Duraborg Reef.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—Advices from Bay Head say that a large ship was wrecked off Duraborg reef, that only the foremast of the vessel is standing, and that its sails are tattered. It is added that the terrific gale which is prevailing prevents assistance being sent to the endangered crew. From the wreckage washed ashore the vessel is thought to be the French bark Vonstable, Capt. Quimper, which sailed from Glasgow on Jan. 17 for San Francisco. The body of a boy was found, but the fate of the remainder of the vessel's crew is not known.

Two Women Hanged in London.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—Amelia Sach and Annie Walters, "baby farmers," were hanged at Holloway jail today.

The women were recommended to mercy on account of their sex, but the home secretary was unable to grant the reprieve usually accorded. The women walked to the scaffold unaided and displayed remarkable fortitude.

China to Take Telegraph Lines.

SHANGHAI, Feb. 3.—In spite of its recent assertion that it had abandoned the scheme, the government has announced again that it has decided to assume control of the commercial telegraph lines. The local taotai has formally requested the consuls to forbid foreigners to purchase shares in these lines.

Rejects Mosquito Theory.

ROME, Feb. 3.—The report of the Italian commission which has made a study of yellow fever in Brazil is published today. It rejects the theory that the disease is transmitted by mosquitoes.

Save your money. Pay for a diamond on monthly payments. Loftis Bros., 92 State street.

ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF PICTURES BY CHICAGO ARTISTS AT THE ART INSTITUTE.

"ART" BY OLIVER D. GROVER.

FIRST PRIZE, PORTRAIT MISS R. BY JOHN JOHANSEN.

The annual exhibition of Chicago artists was opened with a private reception last evening at the Art institute. The south wing is hung with 239 pictures, being the productions of 108 local artists. Among the works which attracted notice were ten compositions for paintings for the T. B. Blackstone Memorial library. They are the work of Oliver Dennett Grover, who for many years has occupied a prominent place in western art. The picture which received the Young Fortnightly club's prize of $100 is J. C. Johansen's oil study, entitled "A Portrait of Miss R." Mr. Johansen is a recent graduate of the Art institute. A departure from the custom at former exhibitions was shown in the announcement that instead of the regular Art institute committee acting as judges the jury had been elected by the competing artists. The pictures will be on exhibition till March 1.

CIVIL WAR IN HONDURAS.

RIVALS FOR PRESIDENCY OF REPUBLIC TAKE TO ARMS.

Gen. Sierra, Defeated at Recent Elections by Senor Bonilla, Refuses to Give Up His Office—President-Elect Organizes His Forces and Prepares to Take What He Claims Is His Right—United States Orders Warships to Watch Interests There.

PANAMA, Feb. 3.—A cablegram received this morning from Honduras announced that civil war has broken out in that country. According to the dispatch, Gen. Sierra, the retiring president, having refused to give up the presidential post to the president-elect, Señor Bonilla, the latter has started a civil war. The date of the revolutionary outbreak is not known exactly.

Salvador Situation Is Bad.

The situation in Salvador is growing worse. Troops are constantly leaving the capital for the Guatemalan frontier; Nicaragua is actively helping Gen. Regalado, president of Salvador. The Nicaraguan cruiser Momotombo last week landed at Acajutla, a seaport of Salvador on the Pacific ocean, 1,500 rifles and 300,000 rounds of ammunition which the president of Nicaragua, Zelaya, sent for the Guatemalan revolutionists.

It seems that the movement is aimed against Guatemala and Costa Rica. Central American union will be the ostensible object of the war, which is the result of the heads of the presidents of Salvador, Nicaragua, and Honduras to imitate Mexico's president.

Americans Leaving Country.

New Orleans, La., Feb. 3.—Passengers arriving on the steamer Breakwater from Puerto Cortez report that Americans are fleeing from Spanish Honduras in expectancy of a revolution on account of the refusal of President Sierra, the present incumbent, to surrender the presidential seat to Señor Bonilla, who, it is claimed, has been officially elected.

The vote showed that Señor Bonilla had received 45,000 votes, but President Sierra and Dr. Soto, another candidate, contested the election. Sierra, it is said, is making secret preparations for the fight.

Warships Ordered South.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—Disturbed conditions in Honduras, growing out of the recent presidential elections in that country, have caused certain American commercial interests to appeal to the government here for protection from anticipated damages to their properties.

Bonilla, who was elected to the presidency of the country, has taken refuge on Amapala island, where he is organizing a force to displace Sierra.

The following order was sent by Acting Secretary Darling to Rear Admiral Casey today:

"You will please proceed with the vessels of your squadron to Amapala, Honduras. The department is informed that a revolution has broken out in Honduras, and you will confer with the United States minister to Honduras and the United States consul at Amapala in reference to the protection of American interests in Honduras.

"The department desires that you shall keep the vessels of your squadron together and it is the intention of the department, whenever practicable, to have the vessels of the squadron cruise in company. After sailing from San Francisco, should you find that the Ranger is unable to keep up with the other vessels of the squadron, you will direct it to follow the squadron to Amapala, making the speed that it is practicable for it to make."

The vessels to go are likely to be the Boston and the New York.

KING EDWARD IS IMPROVING.

Suffers from Mild Attack of Influenza, but Hopes to Attend Opening of Parliament.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Feb. 3.—It is authoritatively stated that King Edward is suffering from a mild attack of influenza. The visit to the duke of Devonshire's country seat at Chatsworth has been abandoned altogether. It is stated officially this morning the king is certainly better. He slept well last night and is steadily improving according to an official message to the mayor of Windsor, which said his majesty was "going on well." A dispatch from Windsor this evening says the condition of the king is satisfactory and he will go to Buckingham palace next week prior to the opening of parliament.

Late tonight Baron Knollys informed inquirers at Windsor castle that the king's progress was quite satisfactory.

The king caught a slight cold some days ago. He wore a cumbersome overcoat while planting trees on Monday, and the unbuttoning of it, to facilitate digging, is supposed to have given him a chill. The usual symptoms of mild influenza followed.

The king is confined to his apartment, but is not obliged to remain in bed. Queen Alexandra continues her customary drives.

FEARS WIFE; GETS A DIVORCE.

Former Attorney General Dole of Hawaii Tells Court He Believed Life in Danger.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

HONOLULU, Feb. 3.—Ex-Attorney General Dole has been granted a divorce from his wife on a plea of extreme cruelty. Dole testified that his wife refused to live with him and only wanted his money, and he had been warned that his life was in danger from her. Mrs. Dole is on the steamer China on the way to San Francisco. She was a San Francisco girl. It is understood that Dole made a compromise with her by a cash payment. Dole will now go to Washington as attorney before the Supreme court for several big Hawaiian cases.

KAISER LETS JESUITS IN.

CHANCELLOR ANNOUNCES PROPOSED REVOCATION OF EXILE.

All Germans and Foreigners Who Were Excluded Under Act of 1872 May Be Permitted to Return—Measure Does Not Contemplate New Chapters—Move Is Part of Bargain Made with Majority Party in Treating for Tariff Bill.

BERLIN, Feb. 3.—The German government has decided to readmit the Jesuits, who since July, 1872, have been excluded from Germany. Chancellor von Bülow in the reichstag today said he would use his influence to have the Prussian members of the bundesrath support the repeal of the anti-Jesuit law so far as to permit individual German and foreign Jesuits to reside in Germany, but not to allow the founding of Jesuit chapters.

The chancellor's announcement caused a sensation among the members, though it was not unexpected, in view of the cabinet's negotiations with the majority parties over the passage of the tariff bill. It was reported early in December last that the government had promised the leaders of the center party that it would no longer oppose the readmission of the Jesuits provided that party supported the government's tariff bill.

Herr Spahn, one of the center party leaders, after the chancellor had made the statement, thanked him in behalf of his party.

Herr von Vollmar, socialist, said the socialists disassociated themselves from the thanks, because they believed the anti-Jesuit law should be entirely repealed.

Prof. Hasse, national liberal, expressed regret at the government's yielding to the Jesuit exclusion.

The majority of the reichstag undoubtedly will support the readmission of the Jesuits when the bundesrath submits the necessary bill.

WILLIAM REDMOND RELEASED.

Irish Leader, Sentenced to Prison for a Year, Set Free After Six Months—Other Releases Follow.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Feb. 3.—William Redmond, who was sentenced to six months' imprisonment last November for a speech he delivered seven months previously at Wexford, was released from Kilmainham jail today, having served only half his sentence. Redmond says he does not know why he was released, but he certainly does not thank the government, which kept him in jail for nothing. Mr. Redmond added that he stood by every word of the speech for which he was imprisoned, and said that there would be no real peace for Ireland until Dublin castle was cleared out from top to bottom.

Later in the day the Irish member, John Roche, was liberated from Galway jail.

Mr. Roche was sentenced on Sept. 30 to six months' imprisonment, with hard labor, under the crimes act for inciting a boycott of land owners.

The remaining imprisoned Irish members of parliament, William Duffy and John O'Donnell, with several members of the Land league, will be liberated forthwith. This amnesty coincides with the return to Dublin castle of the lord lieutenant, the Earl of Dudley, and his popular wife, who has completely recovered from her recent illness and is reopening the fashionable season in Dublin.

It is stated that the cabinet council next Friday will consider among other matters the draft of the Irish land bill which, according to report, has been prepared on generous lines by Sir Antony MacDonnell, whose recent appointment as under secretary for Ireland has raised the hopes of the Irish party of a more satisfactory treatment of Irish affairs.

KAISER COMPARES TWO NAVIES.

Diagram Drawn by Ruler Is Presented in the Reichstag Showing German Fleet Is Weak.

BERLIN, Feb. 3.—The vice president of the reichstag, Count von Stolberg-Wernigerode, in calling that body to order today, said the emperor had presented the house with a diagram, in his own hand, contrasting the British and German navies. The drawing, which probably will be hung in the lobby of the reichstag as an object lesson to the members, shows that Great Britain has forty-two battleships and Germany twelve; that Great Britain has fourteen armored cruisers and Germany two; that Great Britain has 108 protected cruisers and Germany seventeen; that Great Britain is building twelve battleships and Germany six; that Great Britain is building twenty armored cruisers and Germany three; and that Great Britain is building eight protected cruisers and Germany six.

SCHISM IN THE GERMAN COURT.

Kaiser's Patronage of the Bible's Foe Arouses Orthodox People and Divides Royal Household.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, Feb. 3.—A schism in the court threatens to result from the emperor's patronage of Prof. Delitzsch, whose lectures on the scriptures have attracted much attention. The orthodox members of the court circle are wounded by his majesty's countenance of the demolisher of cherished beliefs. They flocked to the lecture given by Prof. Hilprecht of Philadelphia, who, on the invitation of the court chaplain, Dryander, submitted views diametrically opposed to those of Prof. Delitzsch. Prof. Hilprecht said that his investigations had convinced him that it was wholly irrational to suppose that the Jews derived their monotheism and pure moral law from the debased idolatry of Babylon. Among Prof. Hilprecht's audience were the duchess of Albany, the duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, ministers, and court functionaries.

UNITED STATES GETS COAL PORT

Station on Coast of Liberia Said to Have Been Offered After Its Rejection by England.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The Morning Post gives prominence to a statement that before the United States began negotiations to acquire a coaling station on the coast of Liberia the government of the latter country offered a site to Great Britain, which definitely refused it. The communicator of the statement says he regrets the refusal and adds "unfortunately the offer is not likely to be repeated, as it is safe to assume the United States will jump at the chance."

TURK SELLS BRITISH CODE.

One of Sultan's Officials Said to Have Betrayed Secrecy of Telegraph at Constantinople.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, Feb. 3.—A dispatch from Constantinople to the Lokal Anzeiger say a Turkish telegraph official has been arrested for embezzlement and betraying official dispatches. It is stated that he habitually delivered to an unnamed embassy which possesses the British code every official British dispatch passing on the wires and sold the new Turkish code to a foreign power for $22,500.

TRIES TO KILL AN AMERICAN.

Antwerp Cab Driver Shoots at Young Man Named Linck Who Objected to Overcharge.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

ANTWERP, Feb. 3.—A cab driver attempted to murder a young New Yorker named Julien Linck here yesterday. Linck had refused to pay the driver an exorbitant fare which he demanded. The driver thereupon fired two shots from a revolver at Linck and fled, but was caught later on. Linck was taken to a hospital with a broken arm.

CLOSE TO BRAWLING FIREMAN.

Marshal Musham Says the Hunt Has Narrowed Down to Two Men, One of Whom Is Guilty.

Fire Marshal Musham has adopted a system of elimination to discover what fireman beat two men last Saturday afternoon and has narrowed the guilt down to two men.

"It was not No. 808," he said yesterday. "He is a truckman who was on duty all day long, but it would have been easy for one of the other men to take his hat or number."

On Sunday two women, who said they were the wife and sister of the brawler, went to the police to plead for pity, but they got away without disclosing their identity and misled the detective sent after them.

Here's to Scotland—the Home of Bobby Burns, Annie Laurie, and Dewar's Scotch whisky.

THREE PRIMARIES IN ONE.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE GIVES ORDER FOR CALL.

Matter Left to Executive Body with Instructions That Summons Be to Choose Delegates to City, Aldermanic, and Judicial Conventions—Only Harrison Men, It Is Said, May Become Judges and Clerks of Election—Still Want Darrow to Run.

Apparently the democratic county committee has determined to have the city, aldermanic, and judicial primaries of that party in one. At the meeting yesterday the issuing of a call for all three primaries was left to the executive committee with instructions to act without further notice. The resolution adopted directs that "the call be for primaries to elect delegates to city, aldermanic, and judicial conventions."

Members of the committee state, however, that this will not prevent them from calling the judicial primaries separately if they think it best to do so.

The law stipulates that but two primaries a year can be held, and it designates the periods for each. One must be between November and April and one between April and November. The first is intended to serve municipal elections and the second general elections. There has been some question as to whether the judicial primaries for an election in June can be held with the city primaries.

"We want to avoid the expense of separate primaries by doing the whole thing up at one time," said a democratic leader.

Harrison Indorsement Stands.

Because of the fact that the anti-Harrison members agreed that it would be good politics on their part to let the committee's indorsement of Mayor Harrison's candidacy stand, no attempt was made to have the vote reconsidered. Only four or five of the fifty-two Barrett-McGillen supporters attended the meeting.

A recommendation of the executive committee that the work of forming thorough precinct organizations be commenced at once was unanimously carried. Beginning next Monday the executive body will meet every day at 3 p. m. until after the convention and try and bring about harmony in the party. A special committee was appointed to look over the lists of names of men to be recommended for judges and clerks of election. The committee consists of Ald. William E. Dever, John R. Caverly, John E. Owens, James J. Gray, D. R. Levi, E. J. Novak, and F. J. Kilcraine. None but known Harrison men, it was stated, is likely to be nominated or appointed.

Still Want Darrow to Run.

Just what percentage of organized labor will take a stand with the teamsters' unions against C. S. Darrow's becoming an independent candidate for mayor remains to be seen. The leaders at 94 Dearborn street who have charge of the movement to bring him out said some hard things about the action of Hugh McGee, James Baines, and John C. Driscoll in telegraphing to Mr. Darrow that he could not be elected and advising him not to run. It was said that these men do not represent and have no authority to speak for any of the labor unions.

"I care not what any of the labor leaders say," exclaimed D. L. Cruice. "I know that 75 to 80 per cent of the laboring men want Darrow to run for mayor at the head of an independent ticket, and they will support him."

HARLAN GOES TO ROGERS PARK.

Candidate Declares Primaries Should Be Made as Late as Possible—Denounces Park Systems.

John M. Harlan spoke last night at Sheridan hall, Rogers Park. He made a special point of the fact that this year the primaries should be made as late as practicable, so that people should have the greatest time possible in which to make up their minds as to what candidate they preferred.

"In the last few years it has not made so much difference," said he, "for there has been no vigorous fight for the place. This, time, however, there is a contest, and a big one moreover, and I insist that we cannot have too much time in which to decide what we want."

Mr. Harlan spoke at length on the traction question, giving an outline of what course he will pursue in the event of his becoming mayor, and denounced the park system as the poorest in the world in proportion to the needs of the city.

As only nineteen voters appeared at Bennett's hall in Ravenswood last night to organize a Harlan club for the Twenty-sixth ward, action was postponed until Saturday night. The chairman advised that nothing be done until a larger attendance was secured. Ex-Representative George E. Boyd presided and made a short talk with reference to the sentiment in the ward. The fact that none of County Recorder Simon's followers were present caused some comment. The Twenty-sixth had always been regarded as a Harlan stronghold.

WORDS OF LOVE AND HOPE COME FOR WOMAN SUICIDE.

Missive from Convict Husband Is Received a Few Hours After Mrs. Bessie Rice Has Destroyed Herself.

A letter, full of loving words and expressions of hope for the future, was delivered yesterday at 3844 Cottage Grove avenue, but the woman to whom it was addressed had taken her own life a few hours before. Mrs. Bessie Rice, who had been living under the name of Wright, was the suicide, and the letter was from her husband, Albert, who is about to be released from the Joliet penitentiary after serving a three years' sentence for counterfeiting. In part the letter said:

My Dear Wife and Friend: Well, dear, I have received your letters regularly, and they helped me a great deal. You must not put yourself to any extra expense to fix things for me, for anything will suit me. Only twenty-six days more in this place, but they seem like an age. We must hope for the best. We have had an uphill road for a long while and must strike the level soon. What do you think, dear?

Well, I am glad you are not going to send my clothes by express, for I will feel better if you will bring them yourself. Don't forget the shirt buttons. O, but say, I will be so glad when the day comes. Tell C. papa will be home soon and play horse with him, and everything nice.

I won't look for you down until the 26th, for it would only be extra expense, and you know we will need every cent we can get. You get a return ticket for yourself and I will get a street car ticket here. You were speaking about being more happy than ever, and I hope it will come true. Be patient and good, and remember that I love you as ever. A. J. R.

During the day a coroner's jury decided that Mrs. Rice came to her death by poison, taken, with suicidal intent. Albert Moriarty, the city fireman, who was arrested in connection with the case, was released.

WIFE MAKES BIGAMY CHARGES.

Gilbert Turner Is Arrested and Tells Police of a Complicated Married Life.

Gilbert Turner of 2832 Fifth avenue was arrested last night on a charge of bigamy preferred by his wife Mattie. He told the police he was married to Miss Mattie Johnson at Omaha, Neb., thirteen years ago. Three years later they moved to Coldwater, Mich. Turner admitted that in Coldwater he became infatuated with Miss Alice Schneider and that his wife secured separate maintenance. Turner says he believed he had the right to marry again and did wed Miss Schneider. They soon parted and Turner made up with his first wife and they came to Chicago to live. Recently Turner, his wife charges, became infatuated with another woman and she procured his arrest on the charge of bigamy.

Collision Fatal to a Fireman.

In a collision on the Grand Trunk railroad at Fifty-seventh street yesterday William J. West a fireman, was scalded to death. West was on a switch engine which was waiting for a freight train to pass. A switch had been left open and the freight train ran upon the side track.

Some of the Goodyear-Akron Rubber Horseshoe Pads are made with leather back. Ask your shoer for "Snow King" pad.

WANT $5,000,000 TO EXTEND PARK.

Lincoln Commission Takes First Steps Toward North Shore Purchase.

BIG BOND ISSUE ASKED.

Recommendation Made for Playground Tracts in Congested District.

The first steps toward making the proposed extension of Lincoln park were taken at a session of the park board yesterday afternoon. A bill will be introduced in the legislature authorizing a bond issue of $5,000,000, and at the same time negotiations will be opened for the purchase of the land lying between Diversey boulevard and Belmont avenue and east of Lake View avenue.

The land to be purchased consists of twenty-two acres, but slightly improved, and owned for the most part by the Lehmann estate. The amount asked by the owners is close to $2,000,000, but the park commissioners expect to get it for less. After buying the land it is proposed to spend $3,000,000 on filling in 150 acres of shallows and beautifying the entire area.

Attorney to Draw the Bills.

Frank Hamlin, attorney for the park commission, was directed to determine what steps should be taken to present the matter to the legislature, and he announced that he would begin work immediately on one or more bills to permit a bond issue.

The board obtained the title to the submerged land several years ago when it filed the plat of the proposed lake shore driveway, but it is thought best to acquire the riparian rights by purchase before commencing to make land.

The matter of the bond issue will occupy the park commissioners in their interview with Gov. Yates today at Springfield, where they will be present at the general conference of park commissions. The power of the town of Lake View to issue bonds to the extent of $1,000,000 gives the commissioners little hope from that source, and it is believed that an issue of $5,000,000 will require several bills for adjustment. A committee consisting of Commissioners Bryan Lathrop, J. H. Hirsch, and B. A. Kennedy was appointed to handle the plans for the addition. If the required legislation can be secured and the land purchased the filling in of the shallows will commence in the spring.

Small Park Sites Recommended.

Secretary A. W. O'Neill of the small parks commission reported to the board on the recommendation for the sites of small parks on the north side. The report contained an exhaustive canvass of the sociological conditions and needs of that section of the city. The neighborhood for the parks as recommended are:

Lower district—One park and playground within the boundaries of Chicago avenue, Oak, Wells, and Larrabee streets.

Middle district—One park and playground within the boundaries of Division, Sedgwick, and Halsted streets and North avenue.

Lower district—One playground within the boundaries of Division, Oak, Larrabee, and Wells streets.

Upper district—One park and playground within the boundaries of North and Cleveland avenues and Center and Dayton streets.

For the purpose of establishing parks and playgrounds within the foregoing districts the commission recommends the following sites:

No. 1, lower district—Tract on south side of Oak street, between Gault court and Milton avenue, extending south on the lasier streets 333 feet. Area, 1 3-10 acres.

No. 2, middle district—Tract between three and four acres in area, to be taken from inside the boundaries of Larrabee street on the east, Rees on the north, Vedder on the south, and a line drawn parallel with the Schiller school property on the west.

No. 3, lower district—Block bounded by Elm, Hill, Sedgwick, and Orleans streets. Area, 1 7-10 acres. This property is occupied by the House of the Good Shepherd.

No. 4, upper district—Part of the block lying between Burling and Orchard streets, north of Willow street. Area, 2 9-10 acres.

Want City Parks Transferred.

The report continues as follows:

"In other divisions of the city the people have expressed a desire to have all park areas now controlled by the department of public works transferred to the jurisdiction of the park boards. The city council has tendered small parks to the south and west side boards from time to time. Therefore this commission recommends the transfer to your board, as soon as practicable, of all park areas in the towns of North Chicago and Lake View. Whenever your commission decides to take over these parks we will present the necessary ordinances to the city council.

"Following are the parks: Washington square, Oak park, Green Bay park, Gross park, and three triangles intersecting Clark street—one at La Salle avenue and Eugenie street, one at Wells street and Ogden front, and one at Sedgwick street and Belden avenue."

The report then says that there is great need of small parks, because there is no part of the city that has so large a congested area as the north side.

JURY SAYS IT'S DROWNING: SON CONTENDS FOUL PLAY.

Verdict in the Case of August Bittenger Is Not Accepted by Relative—Coroner Traeger Gives Views.

"Death by drowning" was the verdict of a coroner's jury yesterday in the case of August Bittenger, but William Bittenger, son of the dead man, is not willing to accept this conclusion and has begun an investigation on his own account. Bittenger's body was found in a ditch between Summit and La Grange last Friday. Apparently he had fallen from his wagon.

Marshal Welsh and Deputy Marshal Miles of Summit are not ready to agree that there was foul play, while Marshal Frank Rau of La Grange says he is satisfied the death was accidental. In discussing the case Coroner Traeger said:

"From the testimony given at the inquest it was not made clear that Bittenger had any enemies, or that he carried a large sum of money. I believe he fell from his wagon into the ditch and was unable to help himself out."

Bittenger's son, however, says he is positive that his father carried a considerable sum of money.

"I believe he was beaten and robbed," he said last night.

GIRL SAYS SHE WAS LOCKED UP.

Joseph Carmody and John Desmond Under Arrest at Maxwell Street on Charges of Miss B. Hall.

On the charge of keeping a 15 year old girl a prisoner several hours Joseph Carmody and John Desmond are under arrest at the Maxwell street station. Miss B. Hall, 288 Washington boulevard, says that when she was in Carmody's saloon at Morgan and Harrison streets the men locked her up, beat her, and threatened to kill her.

Snowball Blocks Two Car Lines.

A snowball eight feet in diameter delayed traffic on Southport avenue and Lincoln avenue electric cars some time last evening. To remove the obstruction the crews of several cars used axes and shovels, and while they were at work passengers and persons in the neighborhood jeered them. The snowball was made by boys in the neighborhood, who placed it at the intersection of the car lines, delaying cars on both lines.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

SENATE CONTROL IS WON BY GAVEL

Lieut. Gov. Northcott Regains Power Despite Will of the Majority.

TWO THIRDS RULE DEAD.

Parker Publicly Denounces Combine of Eighteen Which Holds All Authority.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 3.—[Special.]—Lieut. Gov. Northcott eclipsed all records today by restoring to himself, as presiding officer of the senate, the power to appoint conference committees. He also killed the rule requiring a two-thirds vote to recall a bill from committee.

Three-fourths of the senate was against Northcott and fought him vigorously on the floor. He ignored these members altogether, and, by gavel, did the work. Not only that, but he allowed Senator Parker to assail the senate organization in violent terms and would not allow any one to answer Parker.

A year ago, Northcott, in an address before the State Bar association, said if he were a member of a deliberative body, and the presiding officer, by the use of the gavel, deprived him of his constitutional rights, he would hurl an inkstand at the head of the officer.

Today, by the gavel, he knocked out three-fourths of the senate. The senators were angry, but were powerless to do anything beyond making a protest. They can make the situation lively for Northcott, who must, from now on, stay in the chair and never leave it. He, with the assistance of such men as Dunlap and Parker can prove vexatious to the organization.

Some Talk of Impeachment.

This morning heated talk of an impeachment was heard, but it amounts to nothing.

Just before the senate met Northcott's friends said that only two senators would be recognized, Dunlap and Parker. This proved true, and Northcott, ignoring the great majority of the senate, completed the job with the gavel. That he has the necessary "sand" to reverse form and carry propositions under the gavel was evidenced by his ruling in the state convention, when he knocked out Sherman, and by his actions here today.

A motion to restore the power to appoint conference committees was made by Senator Dunlap. Senator Humphrey protested, all to no purpose. Amidst countless motions made by the majority Lieut. Gov. Northcott brought down the gavel and rehabilitated himself with power.

Then came Parker, who made the motion to knock out the rule requiring a two-thirds vote to bring a bill from committee.

Parker Denounces Combine.

"I am told," said he, "that there is a combination of senators in this body, touching which I have no word of complaint. I was given an opportunity to join, and if I am not in the organization I suppose it is my own fault. I do not believe in such organizations, but that is only the opinion of one man against fifty.

"Eighteen or twenty-one, I do not know which, because it seems that there are some gentlemen who linger on the outskirts of the organization, and concerning whom it may be said they are in for certain purposes and out for certain purposes, but eighteen constitute a little more than one-third of the senate. The gentlemen who offered the two-thirds rule may fairly be supposed to be within the limits of the sacred eighteen to whom the destinies of the legislature of Illinois are to be intrusted.

Rules Important Committees.

"I observe that the organization has provided that on the committee of appropriations there shall be eighteen members, ten of them belonging to the combination. The committee on corporations has twenty-seven members, twelve of whom belong to the combination. In the insurance committee there are twenty-seven members, twelve of them belonging to the so-called combination. The committee on license has twelve members, and in this committee eight of them belong to the combination. Municipalities has twenty-five members, twelve of them belonging to the combination. Railroads has forty members, and nineteen of them belong to the combination. The committee on revenue has twenty-one members, eleven of them belonging to the combination; and the committee on rules has five members, three of whom belong to this combination.

"From this it appears that all of these committees are absolutely under the control of the organization or the committee of eighteen.

"Now, then, the moment you vote to pass this two-thirds rule you take away from the majority of this body the power to legislate upon the business which would go to one of these committees. It means that it will require all the democratic votes and all the republican votes outside of the organization and all of the republican senators who linger on the fringe of the organization to get a bill out of the committee.

Makes Majority Powerless.

"It is a crime against justice; it is an outrage. I think the people of Illinois understood it, and I think the gentlemen who have advocated this rule, the gentlemen who have dared to bring in such a rule, should pause and seriously consider it. It declares that two-thirds of the state of Illinois is powerless to enforce legislation, although the constitution only requires a majority.

"I know that there are such things as two-thirds rules. It requires a two-thirds vote of this senate to suspend the rules, but that has to do with the details of doing business and not with the fundamental acts of the senate. Naturally there should be a regular order of business, and the two-thirds rule as commonly applied is intended to limit discussion. But this two-thirds rule under discussion is intended to prevent legislation.

Can Hold Up Every Bill.

"What is the natural effect of this rule? It simply sends to a committee every good bill the people want, there to be held for a ransom; or it sends to a committee every bad bill, there to be held as blood money.

"That is the meaning of the rule. It is for no good purpose you take from the majority of this senate the power to control and conduct its business.

"I have heard rumors touching this senate—men have ventured to suggest that there is an organization which exists for the purpose of boodle. Men have ventured to tell me that senators have been coerced into joining that organization by promises of money."

"The senator will please confine his remarks within the boundary of parliamentary language," admonished Lieut. Gov. Northcott.

"Your honor," replied Senator Parker, "I was about to deny these rumors. I was simply saying that I have heard suggestions of that kind, but I deny them.

No Honest Reason for the Rule.

"In thinking this matter over, I have asked myself what motive can an honest republican have for endeavoring to enforce this two-thirds rule. Ask yourself that question in good faith. I have heard of men who have been reduced to slavery, but it is not often you hear of a man who will fasten the shackles on his own feet.

"I have asked myself what motive can an honest democrat have in forcing upon the senate this two-thirds rule, either as an individual or as a political party proposition. I have asked myself what possible excuse can there be for this majority of the senate being ruled and controlled by one vote more than a third of its membership.

"Now, Mr. President, I ask that this rule be absolutely eradicated. I ask it in order that the people of Illinois may know that this senate flings aside from it all these unjust imputations touching the honor and integrity of the senate. I ask that this two-thirds rule be not adopted in order that the business of this senate may be conducted in an orderly manner.

"I warn the gentlemen who carelessly adhere to this rule that if it should happen later in the session that important legislation is buried in what the newspapers call the morgue in these committees, where you and I cannot get it out, the people of Illinois will hold you responsible."

Senator Parker moved that his amendment be adopted. Senator Humphrey again made strenuous efforts to get in a counter motion to table, but Lieut. Gov. Northcott absolutely ignored him and with a resounding whack of his gavel the amendment carried on a viva voce vote. On motion of Senator Dunlap the rules, as amended, were then adopted.

Speaker Miller will report the rules in the morning, and amendments will be offered setting apart a day for the consideration of resolutions and other changes. According to the present program, every amendment offered will be beaten by a gavel, and the rules will be declared adopted in the same way. The democrats will offer substitute rules, but the house will not be allowed to come to a vote on them.

The democrats have been notified, in accordance with the agreement, that the rules will be brought up in the morning.

New Bills Before Assembly.

Among the more important bills introduced in the general assembly today were the following:

By Clark—To authorize the opening of a street through Humboldt park in Chicago.

By Clettenberg—A provisional bill dependent on the adoption by a majority of the voters, dividing Chicago into thirty-five wards, with one alderman from each ward at a salary not to exceed $5,000 per annum.

By Donoghue—Permitting cities owning electric light plants to sell their product.

By McElvaine—Authorizing penal and reformatory institutions to furnish crushed rock to counties, towns, etc., for highway purposes.

To Amend Civil Service Law.

By Norden—Amending the Cook county civil service law; requiring the classification of all offices in the county, except the warden of the County hospital, the superintendent of the insane asylum and the poorhouse, the county agent, county physician, the custodians of public buildings, county attorney, county architect, all employes in the county treasurer's office who handle the cash, and deputy sheriffs who serve writs or collect the proceeds thereof. The bill is intended to amplify and perfect the civil service law as it now stands.

By Senator Jandus—Allowing the relatives of an injured person and his or her guardian or legal representative to be admitted to the presence of any injured employe of a mercantile institution, store, etc., or to the building, room, or premises where such person or persons was injured.

Electrocution Law Is Asked.

By Chiperfield—Providing for the infliction of the death penalty by electrocution. The bill follows the New York law and provides that executions shall take place within the walls of a penitentiary, to be designated by the court, and shall be under the supervision of the warden. The prisoner is to be kept in solitary confinement after being delivered to the warden and shall see no one except the officers of the prison, his counsel, minister, physician, and members of his family. The warden shall invite to be present at the execution a judge of the Circuit court, the state's attorney, and sheriff of the county where the conviction was had, two physicians, and twelve witnesses. The criminal may designate two ministers to be present. In addition the only persons present shall be seven deputy sheriffs or assistants to the warden. No religious services other than those held within the walls of the penitentiary shall be held over the dead body and it must be interred at once with quicklime.

Women to Talk Suffrage.

Mrs. O. W. Dean of the League of Catholic Women, Mrs. Catherine Waugh McCulloch of the Chicago Woman's club and the State Suffrage association, Mrs. Sarah A. Bromwell, Mrs. Laura Willoughby Green, and a large number of other women, representing many different organizations of Chicago and Illinois, are in Springfield, in the interests of the tax paying women's suffrage bill, introduced by Representative Owen, a hearing on which will be given tomorrow, before the members of the house and senate.

WEST SIDE GIRL TO BE WEDDED WITHIN A WEEK

Miss Bessie Utley, whose wedding to David Oliver will be celebrated Wednesday, Feb. 11, is the most prominent west side bride of February. A great deal of entertaining is being done for Miss Utley, and yesterday she gave a luncheon at the Union League club, the guests including her bridemaids. Those present were Mrs. George Stewart, Mrs. Fred Wolff, Mrs. Beverly Waters, Mrs. Harry Ives Robinson, Mrs. Ed Johnson, Mrs. William Thresher, Mrs. Charles Thresher, and Mrs. Edward Bosley, Miss Mabel Harper, Miss Hester Hill, Miss Grace Owens, Miss Florence Baker, Miss Sallie Beard, Miss Grace Allbright, Miss Forbes, Miss Ruth Wilson, Miss McCourtie, and Miss Lillian Christie.

In the evening Mr. Royston Oliver gave a dinner and theater party.

The wedding of Miss Stella Kaufman and Mr. Robert Mandel was celebrated last evening at the Standard club at 6:30 o'clock, Dr. Emil G. Hirsch officiating. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Kaufman of Dubuque, Ia., and the groom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Leon Mandel. As the bride's family formerly lived in Chicago the wedding was celebrated here and a large party of Dubuque people was in attendance.

The clubhouse was elaborately decorated in a color scheme of pink and white, the bride and groom standing beneath a wedding bell of pink roses. Miss Louise Mandel, the groom's sister, was the maid of honor, and Mr. Benjamin F. Rubel was the best man and master of ceremonies. There were no bridemaids and the ushers were M. H. Leobolt, William Manheimer, Ralph Worms, and M. Wineman. Mr. and Mrs. Kaufman and Mr. and Mrs. Mandel also stood with the bride and groom as they received congratulations.

Two hundred and fifty guests were present, a number from out of town. The ceremony was followed by a banquet and dancing. The guests were seated at small tables, the bride's table, in the center of the room, being larger and crescent shaped. It was elaborately decorated, an electrical fountain in the center heightening the floral effects. Mr. and Mrs. Mandel left for the south. They will make their home in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Spaulding and Mr. and Mrs. Sylvester Marshall gave a large reception and dance last evening at the Colonial club, Miss Mayme Spencer of Waupaca, Wis., Mrs. Spaulding's guest, receiving with them. The clubhouse was elaborately decorated. Mrs. Spaulding wore a cream lace gown over yellow silk and Mrs. Marshall's gown was of black lace over green silk. There were 250 guests. Supper was served at midnight.

Dr. and Mrs. George S. Isham of North State street will give a dinner Friday evening.

Mrs. A. B. Adam of 2249 Calumet avenue will give a reception tomorrow afternoon for her daughter, Mrs. Harry Shearson of New York.

Mrs. Philip Schuyler Doane of 10 Astor street will hold her first post-nuptial at home on Saturday and will receive on the other Saturdays in February.

Mrs. Amos R. Smith and Miss Smith of 429 North State street will give a reception on Feb. 12 from 4 till 6 o'clock for Mrs. Laurence Wetmore Smith, formerly Miss Grace Birkhoff.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Chatfield-Taylor of 124 Rush street gave a dinner last evening for Miss Loring of Washington, who is the guest of Mrs. Walter Farwell.

Mrs. Thomas M. Hunter, assisted by Howard Els, violinist, and members of the Chicago orchestra, gave a concert last evening in Music hall, Fine Arts building, for the benefit of the Crippled Children's home.

The engagement is announced of Miss Bessie Rogers of Sandy Hill, N. Y., to Mr. Lawrence Pierpont of Chicago.

Mrs. George S. Payson and her guest, Miss Reid, will leave for the east tomorrow. Miss Reid will return to her home in New York and Mrs. Payson will visit in New York and Boston.

Miss Julia McConnell of New York is the guest of Mrs. William G. Hibbard Jr. of 1637 Prairie avenue.

Mrs. Joseph Cahn and Miss Cahn of 4809 Grand boulevard are at home today.

Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Valentine are in New York.

Mrs. John McMahon of 1231 Washington boulevard will give a euchre party tomorrow afternoon for the benefit of the deaf mutes of St. Joseph's home in South May street.

Mrs. G. Franchére of 406 Ashland boulevard will give a dance tomorrow evening for her daughter Miss Isabel Franchére.

New Haven, Conn., Feb. 3.—[Special—Yale's social week ended tonight with the annual junior promenade, in the Second regiment armory. It eclipsed all previous efforts of Yale juniors. The dingy armory was decorated with pink and white bunting, miles of smilax entwined around the girders and walls, delicate lace curtains, and rare tapestry, and boxes furnished with oriental luxury. The grand march was led by Carl Adams of Toledo, with Miss Ruth Cheney of South Manchester, Conn., followed by John F. Beyers of Pittsburg, with Miss Louise G. Thacher of New York City. Among the Chicago and northwestern guests in the boxes were: Miss Smith, St. Paul; the Misses Gardner, Chicago; Mrs. R. D. Waterman, Detroit; Miss Alice Jess, Springfield, Ill.; Miss Jeanette Bull, Racine, Wis.; Miss Cochran, St. Paul; Miss Mabel Linn, Chicago; Miss Bonnell, Chicago; Miss Charlotte R. Rockwood, Chicago; Miss Mamie Hyson, Chicago; Mrs. E. S. Winston, Chicago; Miss Clara Thompson, Chicago; Mrs. A. B. Dewey, Chicago; Miss Griffiths, Chicago; Mrs. William Moore, Chicago; Miss Marjory Northrup, Minneapolis; and Miss Helen McIntosh, Milwaukee, Wis.

CITY LOBBY FOR SPRINGFIELD.

Ald. Alling, Young, and Werno Delegated to Go and Work for Council Bills.

Chicago is to have a lobby at Springfield. Ald. Alling, Young, and Werno were directed by the special committee on legislation yesterday to go to Springfield and work for the passage of the bills the council has intrusted to the committee.

The measures to be urged are the following:

To enable cities to raise money by issuing certificates on the assets to be created, designed particularly to enable Chicago to raise $1,500,000 with which to lower the tunnels.

The so-called Jackson municipal ownership enabling bill.

Requiring that notice of damage suits against the city be given within ninety days, and permitting the city to examine the plaintiff within that time.

Providing that the appropriation ordinance of the council be based on the valuation of the preceding year instead of the current year.

Permitting the city to engage in public works exceeding $500 in cost, except special assessments, without advertising for bids.

DAWES' CONDITION CRITICAL.

Feared That the Fofmer Senator from Massachusetts Will Survive Only a Few Hours.

Pittsfield, Mass., Feb. 3.—Ex-Senator H. L. Dawes' condition is extremely critical. He has been unconscious all day, and it is thought he will survive but a few hours.

Long's Condition Unchanged.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 3.—The condition of former Gov. Long is somewhat better.

MINISTERS TO FIGHT CRIME.

Louisville Preachers Issue Appeal to All Churches in Kentucky for Crusade Against Murder.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 3.—[Special.]—Louisville preachers have asked the entire state to join them in their crusade against lawlessness and have issued an appeal to the ministers of all churches in Kentucky, all creeds included.

"L" ROAD UNION TO DEMAND RAISE

Men Prepare Schedule Giving Them 15 to 20 Per Cent Advance in Pay.

WILL PRESENT IT SOON.

Special Order Tailors Lose Support of Other Labor Organizations.

Within the next week the employes of the various elevated roads of the city will make a formal application for a wage increase varying from 15 to 20 per cent. The new scale was prepared last night at a meeting of the union held in Plasterers' hall, 196 Washington street, and was sent immediately to President W. Mahon of the national union for indorsement.

The union now controls over 4,000 of the employes of the roads and its officers do not expect any serious difficulty in having their demands granted. At the meeting last night all strike talk was barred, for the organization intends to avoid the agitation and troubles that followed the formation of the surface roads' employes' unions last year.

The new scale provides for a minimum wage of $1.50 a day whether the employé works all day or not. It provides for a 20 per cent increase for trainmen over the present rate, which ranges from 16½ cents for guards to 20 cents an hour for motormen. It also gives the station masters an increase from 15 to 18 cents an hour to a flat rate of 20 cents. The scale is a uniform one for all of the roads, but will benefit the Metropolitan men more than any others.

Bad Day for Special Order Men.

Developments in the clothing makers' war came thick and fast yesterday. Dissension appeared in the ranks of the special order clothing makers, many of them refusing to continue a struggle which, they assert, is aiding only the officers. The united garment workers still further increased the troubles of its rivals by importing over 100 men to take their places in the local shops.

The manufacturers telegraphed to Ralph M. Easley in New York during the morning asking him to see President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor regarding the repudiation of Saturday's agreement. After a conference Mr. Gompers promptly ordered Thomas I. Kidd, the Chicago vice president of the federation, to adjust the dispute as he saw fit.

Mr. Kidd arranged for a meeting of the officers of the special order men and representatives of the teamsters, the steam power council, and the Chicago Federation of Labor. When the hour for the meeting arrived the officers of the special order did not appear. The other leaders then went into secret session.

Will Withdraw All Support.

It was agreed that all aid previously given the special order men should be withdrawn immediately, that freight for the clothing factories which locked them out should be handled, and that all the engineers and firemen who had refused to work while the trouble continued should return to their posts. The Chicago federation will be asked also to take drastic measures.

"We have not hauled any freight for the manufacturers since the trouble started," said McGee, "but we will now. We won't stand for any contract breakers. If there is any breaking to be done we will do it, and it will be that of the heads of the pickets that try to stop us."

There was a large and enthusiastic meeting of the special order union at Svea hall in the afternoon and it was agreed to continue the fight. Those of the members who are opposed to such a course went to the headquarters of the garment workers and agreed to become members of that organization. It is expected that over 500 will desert today.

INDEPENDENT TOBACCO MEN WILL ASK FOR NEW LAWS.

They Propose to Go Before Congress with a Measure Making Tags and Coupons Illegal on Stamped Goods.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—Independent tobacco manufacturers from Virginia, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, New York, and other states met in this city today and organized for mutual protection. About twenty manufacturers were present and proxies and letters made up a total of about fifty tobacco concerns represented in the movement. A temporary organization was effected by the selection of John Lanstreet of Richmond, Va., as chairman and R. J. Snead of Lynchburg, Va., secretary. One of the purposes of the manufacturers is to appear before the house ways and means committee and urge legislation prohibiting the giving of tags and coupons with tobacco and tobacco products bearing internal revenue stamps.

FINDS DOBLIN OFFERED BRIBE.

New York Politician Held Guilty, but Congressman Lessler and L. E. Quigg Cleared.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—The committee on naval affairs of the house today agreed upon a report in the Lessler bribery charges in relation to the Holland submarine boats. The following are the findings:

"1. That the charge made by Mr. Lessler that an attempt had been made to corruptly influence his action respecting proposed legislation is sustained by the evidence; such attempt, in the opinion of the committee, having been made by one Philip Doblin, on his own initiative and responsibility, with the idea of making money for himself if he should find Mr. Lessler corruptly approachable.

"2. That there is no evidence to sustain the charge of an attempt by Lemuel E. Quigg to corruptly influence a member of the committee on naval affairs respecting proposed legislation pending before said committee and the house.

"3. That there is no evidence to sustain the charge of an attempt by the Holland Submarine Boat company or any of its agents to corruptly influence a member of the committee on naval affairs respecting proposed legislation before said committee and the house.

"In view of the foregoing we recommend that the clerk of the committee be directed to certify to the attorney general of the United States a copy of the testimony taken at the hearing with a request that he take such action as the law and the facts warrant."

OBITUARY.

DR. P. H. CONLEY, Chicago, died yesterday in Mercy hospital and his funeral will be held from the residence of his sister, Mrs. C. J. O'Connell, 47 Humboldt boulevard, tomorrow at 10 a. m. Dr. Conley was a surgeon at Cook County hospital, professor of surgery at the West Side hospital and College of Physicians and Surgeons, and professor at Chicago Clinical school. He was an ex-high medical examiner in chief of the Catholic Order of Foresters, member of Knights of Columbus, Catholic Order of Foresters, Menoken club, and other clubs and associations. He was a brother of Dr. T. J. and Dr. M. J. Conley, John F. Conley, Dr. Katherine W. Corcoran, Mrs. R. J. O'Connell, Mrs. Margaret McNamara, and Mrs. Mary Walsh.

DANIEL GREGORY, Chicago, who built many houses in this city after the fire of 1871, died yesterday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. William Rodiger, 53 Bellevue place. Mr. Gregory was born in England in 1820 and came to America in early childhood and to Chicago in 1864. Until a few years ago he was a contractor, paying especial attention to residences. Mrs. Rodiger and a son, Walter Gregory, survive him. The funeral will be held tomorrow from 53 Bellevue place, and the burial will be at Rosehill.

SCHLESINGER & MAYER

$22.50 silk lined suits reduced to $14.75.

250 of them—the originals from which the best houses ordered their swell $22.50 silk-lined suits, destined by the favor of fashion to be very popular the coming spring. Some are our own exclusive designs, and if you neglect to buy now you'll find these identical styles will cost you $22.50 later in the season.

$22.50 silk-lined suits, $14.75—A large collection of manufacturers' samples and some of our own sample suits. Made of the finest quality cheviot—all blouse style. Workmanship the best, colors blue and black—mostly all sizes—entire suit over finest quality taffeta silk—you seldom find a chance like this, and when you do you are apt to take advantage of it—$22.50 suit for **$14.75.**

The only reason that we can quote so low a price is that they are samples and the maker takes the loss—the materials are the finest—consider what a suit of like style character would cost you if you bought the materials and had it made.

New spring suits—Pretty effects, newest stole styles, collarless effects, etc., in all the latest colors and the newest materials—light-weight cheviots, Venetians, broadcloths, etc., all strictly man-tailored, elegantly made over the finest taffeta silk, trimmed with silk band and buttons—flared skirts, inverted backs. Special introductory prices **$25, $35** and **$45.**

$25

CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS.

109 to 115 State-st. Annex, 109 Wabash-av.

Today

You will want to attend the great annual sales at Stevens'. Three of the most important sales of the year are now in progress. Our

Annual Silk Petticoat Sale.
Annual March Silk Sale.
Special Box Hosiery Sale.

The attendance Monday at these sales was the largest in the history of Chicago merchandising. The values are extraordinary.

Practically every pair in our complete lines of Men's, Women's and Children's High-Class Shoes is included in the February sale.

MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY.

Dr. Hilton's Specific No. 3 Will Positively Cure a Cold, the Grip And Absolutely Prevent Pneumonia

Mothers of young children should always have a bottle of No. 3 handy; you can save them from croup, diphtheria and whooping cough. It is only 50 cents a bottle, contains nearly THREE times as many doses as the imitations and substitutes offered for 25 cents. All druggists or G. W. Hilton, M. D., Lowell, Mass. [42]

CLASSIFIED ADS.

TO SECURE INSERTION IN ALL EDITIONS OF

"The Sunday Tribune"

CLASSIFIED ADS. MUST BE IN THIS OFFICE FRIDAY.

It Pays to Advertise in The Tribune.

WEAVER COAL AND COKE CO.
MARYLAND SPLINT DOMESTIC COKE
MARYLAND SMOKELESS (Substitute for Hard Coal.)
801-805 MARQUETTE BUILDING.

1 2 3 paint

When you paint you want it 1, to last; 2, look well; 3, protect your house. Some paint does 1, not 2 or 3; some does 2 a while, not 1 or 3; lead and oil does 2 well, 3 fairly, 1 badly.

Better have it all—1 2 3 paint; Devoe ready paint; the best isn't too good.

Get Devoe of your dealer; take nothing less. Pamphlet on painting sent free.

GOOD-PAINT DEVOE, CHICAGO.

REVELL'S DESKS.
LARGEST DISPLAY, LOWEST PRICES.
ADAMS & WABASH

RUMOR OF A BIG RAILROAD DEAL.

Rock Island Said to Be Seeking Control of Some Other Line.

ONE MAN FIGHTS TWENTY

Keeps Them at Bay Until He Is Arrested, Then They Close In and Beat Him.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, Feb. 3.

It was authoritatively learned today that an important development is pending between the Rock Island and another of the important railroads of this country. This other railroad, it was positively stated, is not the Erie or the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé, both of which have been mentioned by a Wall street rumor as likely to be involved in a deal with the Rock Island. While it could not be learned positively that the Union Pacific interests, which are also in control of the Southern Pacific road, are those with which the Rock Island negotiations have been conducted, the suggestion was made and was not denied. Directors of the Rock Island and the Union Pacific companies when asked tonight whether there were any deals on between the two interests declined absolutely to discuss the matter. One director of the Union Pacific railroad company, who was asked whether such a deal had been arranged, or was pending, replied:

Reported Deal Between Large Railroads.

"You will have to see the Rock Island company or the chairman of the Union Pacific, E. H. Harriman. I can say nothing." W. H. Moore, chairman of the finance committee of the Rock Island company, and E. H. Harriman also declined to talk. An agreement involving the Rock Island, Union Pacific, and Southern Pacific would represent a total mileage of nearly 25,000 miles.

An attempt tonight to find out from the Rock Island directors what had been accomplished, led to nothing more definite than the discovery that some of the directors were in extraordinary high glee over the success in the negotiations of "two little Indian boys," reference evidently being made to D. G. Reid and W. B. Leeds, both of the Rock Island directorate. "I've got the Santa Fé in my pocket," was the remark of one of the directors.

Clinton N. Moffat, treasurer at Daly's theater, while handling some paper money, rubbed one of his eyes. It became sore and the other eye also was affected. The physician decided that Moffat must have the injured organ removed in order to save the sight of the other eye.

Joseph Blanford, a foreman for Townsend & Downey, shipbuilders at Shooter Island, was attacked tonight by twenty striking ironworkers of the yard when the boat which carries employés to and from the yards arrived in Elizabethport, N. J. The boat landed at Livingston street and the strikers, who were in waiting, began to jeer the foreman. He was accompanied by his brother, Walter, and Harry Krouse, both apprentices. He told them to go behind him, and, drawing a revolver, he warned the strikers to stand back. They followed him to the first street, where they closed in on him with clubs and stones.

Lone Man with Pistol Fights Twenty Strikers.

Many missiles were thrown and the yells of the infuriated men drew a big crowd. Blanford, pinned against the wall of David's saloon, began to fire into the crowd. The hooting and yelling strikers fell back.

One of the shots went through the foot of John Watt, a driver, who was passing. Another man was shot in the neck and he ran away. Detective Brogan arrived and Blanford surrendered and was handcuffed and disarmed. The mob then closed in on the detective and Blanford, who was helpless, was kicked and beaten over the head. The arrival of policemen with drawn revolvers scattered the mob.

William B. Leeds, president of the Rock Island railroad and a director in the United States Steel corporation, bought on Monday a large tract of land at Oyster Bay, L. I. Mr. Leeds intends to build a large country place in the fashionable colony near President Roosevelt's home. Mr. Leeds is reported to have paid $200,000 for the Thomas F. Young tract of 400 acres, adjoining the Arlington hotel property. It fronts 5,000 feet on Cold Spring harbor.

A committee of the board of estimate, of which Mayor Low is chairman, which was appointed to confer with the New York Central officials concerning proposed improvements, today submitted its bill to be sent to the legislature. As approved by the city the plans agreed on refer to improvements to the Grand Central station, the Park avenue tunnel, and grade crossings in the Bronx. The railroad engineers estimate they will cost the company more than $20,000,000. Chief Engineer Lewis of the board of estimate has received several plans from the railroad officials concerning the construction of a skyscraper from sixteen to twenty stories in height for a station. One of the plans also includes a department store and theater in the structure. It was learned at the city hall that the railroad men had not settled which station plan to adopt.

Adopts Bill for Central-Hudson Improvement.

The case of Ralph Izard, immigrant inspector at New York, which has been pending for some weeks, was disposed of today by the discharge of Izard. Charges were preferred against him in connection with admission of Chinese.

Gov. Joseph M. Terrell of Georgia was the guest of honor at a reception and banquet given tonight by the Georgia Society of New York City at the Waldorf-Astoria. Gov. Terrell said in part: "We should educate our children in the great central thought that the best and most enduring Americanism is founded on the unyielding rock of caucasianism. The best way to add is our country's strength is to inculcate lofty ideas of superiority, just as the surest way to encompass our land in doubt, and strife, and gloom, is to encourage low ideas of equality. It is better to leave the adjustment of all social problems to those who come into daily contact with them."

"Teach Children Lofty Ideas," Says Gov. Terrell.

The four prisoners arrested yesterday for alleged violation of the postal laws in connection with a so-called "wheat syndicate" were arraigned before United States Commissioner Shields today and admitted to bail.

R. Bidlich, a waiter, went to the residence of Bernhard Beinecke, president of the Illinois Cattle Feeding company, today and asked for the housekeeper, a woman named Garlin. When she came to the door Bidlich shot her. He then drank carbolic acid and fired two shots into his head, from which he died. Bidlich had been the woman's sweetheart until recently, when they quarreled.

Calls Woman to the Door and Shoots Her.

Mme. Marie Roger-Miclos, a French pianiste of high distinction in her own country, made her American début tonight in an orchestral concert at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Former State Attorney General Leslie Russell died here today. He was until a few months ago a justice of the state Supreme court.

Col. Ira Ayer, the oldest special treasury agent in the service, died today of apoplexy.

REVELL'S DESKS. LARGEST DISPLAY, LOWEST PRICES. ADAMS & WABASH

DAILY TRANSFORMATION SCENE IN THE JONES SCHOOL BATHROOMS.

From photographs taken for THE TRIBUNE.

"Washday" comes five days a week in the Jones school. The accompanying photographs, taken yesterday, show a group of pupils "before and after taking." "Mother" Sullivan's famous prescription for cleanliness, as well as two of the pupils who are in process of taking the "cure."

SOAP'S MAGIC IN SCHOOL.

SCRUB BRUSH WORKS WONDERS WITH THE UNWASHED.

Pupils of the Jones Branch Undergo a Transformation When "Mother" Sullivan Marches Them to the Basement and Plunges Them Into the Bath Tubs—Cleanliness Enforced on the Willing and the Unwilling Alike—Girls More Tidy than Boys.

"Golly, ain't it fierce?"

"Hi, dere, did she douse you?"

"You bet, an' handed me the lather awful."

These and other exclamations attended the attempt yesterday to regenerate a small portion of the "great unwashed" in the levee district. At the Jones school, Plymouth court and Harrison street, a large part of the education of 775 pupils is accomplished by the scrub brush, the bath tub, soap, towels, and combs.

The head scrubwoman is Mrs. Catherine Sullivan, who contributed some illuminating pointers to a meeting of the board of education last week on the amount of real labor involved in keeping the children of the school in a semblance of tidiness. After she had furnished her story Mrs. Sullivan, or "Mother" Sullivan, as she is known to the children, got a raise of $20 a month.

Magic of the Scrub Brush.

Into the school building in the morning these tenement urchins of a dozen nationalities troop by the hundred, their faces unwashed, their knuckles etched black, their hair unkempt, and their clothes bearing evidences of neglect. In the afternoon, when they leave, their faces and hands are clean and their hair is parted, and combed, and braided till there is little resemblance to the children of the morning.

Miss Cora Caverno, principal of the Jones school, has promulgated the maxim that "only a clean body absorbs learning," and this has become the first rule of conduct. As soon as the classes are assembled at 9 a. m. the teachers single out the pupils most in need of sanitary renovation, and these are sent first to the bathrooms.

Miss Caverno has begun to realize what an undertaking she has accepted, and almost every week the board of education is in receipt of her appeals for more bath tubs, more soap, and more attendants. Under cities present cramped conditions it is impossible to bathe all of the children every day, but Miss Caverno is working toward that end.

"Mother" Sullivan at Work.

Shortly after 9 o'clock yesterday morning Mrs. Sullivan had just come down from the fourth floor convoying a dozen boys. Down in the bathrooms they joined a similar throng waiting for the plunge.

Mrs. Sullivan swiftly went through the crowd, tilting a chin here and there, holding little hands up to the light, peering into the unbuttoned fronts of ragged shirts, and unerringly weeding the dirty ones from the merely unclean.

"You boys take off your coats and wash your hands and faces and comb your hair," ordered Mrs. Sullivan, sweeping her arm toward one group of urchins. "And you boys," indicating the others, "off with your clothes and jump into those tubs."

There was a rush, a scramble, and in a moment little brown bodies were emerging from waists and pantaloons, a dozen pairs of legs were shedding stockings more or less of the open work pattern, while buttonless shoes hurtled this way and that above the scene of the scrimmage.

"Ouch, gwan there," and before Mrs. Sullivan could leap to the rescue a pair of straight hitting chubby fists had plumped into a bared solar plexus and floored their victim.

"Aw, Stubby snapped his gallus on my back," explained the pugilistic one, still squaring away threateningly before Mrs. Sullivan's advance.

Like a Fairy Transformation.

Time was called and the decision was that Stubby should suffer the penalty of taking his bath last of all and all alone. Then the others at the attendant's sharp command piled into the tubs and fell to with soap and brush. Mrs. Sullivan paced back and forth supervising the bathing and now and then lending a hand to some child's misdirected efforts.

At length skins began to whiten and red, healthy cheeks to show through primal earth. Then the bodies disappeared from view beneath a crusting of lather, and Mrs. Sullivan pitched in with a large rough brush to polish off her subjects.

"The boys are all right at general washing—they knock off the high places," explained Mrs. Sullivan as the floods of soapy foam mounted to her elbows, "but I find I have to get after the crannies myself."

Finally the suds fell away, the waters parted, and there stepped forth from the depths of the tubs a white skinned company of glistening and beaming youngsters. When their garments had been donned they brushed their hair up to the standard of tidiness dictated by "Mother" Sullivan and then they gave way to another detachment of the unwashed.

Woes of the "Blacklist."

As a rule the children like the baths, but there are some who do not, and these get on Mrs. Sullivan's "blacklist" and are "treated" with the biggest and roughest brush in the lot.

In another department the girls are cared for in the same way as the boys, but the girls, be it said, are more tidy than the boys and require far less soap.

Scores of the pupils at the school who are given daily baths are newsboys, many of whom must get up and be far out on suburban delivery routes at 5 o'clock in the morning. Yet they are always on hand at 9 o'clock, each one going personally to Miss Caverno's office and reporting. Others who sell papers in the downtown district try to express their gratitude to Mother Sullivan by giving her papers as she makes her way to and from the school.

Of all the cleaning days Monday is the most strenuous, as the children have had two days in which to become untidy. Mrs. Sullivan is of the opinion that any soap warranted to clean her charges on Monday morning would sell itself without advertising.

Goodyear-Akron Rubber Horseshoe Pads will prevent slipping. Ask your shoer for the "Snow King" pad.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

ICARIA.

E. & W. A New Collar. E. & W.

NURSE BECOMES HIS WIFE

WISCONSIN MAN WEDS GIRL WHO CARED FOR HIM.

Acquaintance Begun in a Denver Hospital a Year Ago Leads to the Marriage in Chicago of Anson A. Pierce, a Rhinelander Lumberman, and Miss Clara Severson of Cincinnati—Girl Loved from the First—Ceremony Is Performed in Oak Park.

An acquaintance which began in a Denver hospital a year ago led to the marriage in Chicago yesterday of Anson A. Pierce, a wealthy Rhinelander, Wis., lumberman, and Miss Clara Severson of Cincinnati. Their first meeting was when Mr. Pierce, who was in Denver on a pleasure trip, became ill with typhoid fever. Miss Severson, a trained nurse, was his attendant.

When Mr. Pierce recovered his health he returned to Rhinelander and Miss Severson went back to Cincinnati, where she made her home with her sister, Miss May Severson, a teacher in the Cincinnati schools. They lived quietly in Lane seminary grounds on Walnut hill, and it was some time before Miss Severson confessed that she had fallen in love with her patient, but had no hope of meeting him again.

Two months after her return to Cincinnati Miss Severson received a letter from Mr. Pierce and then followed a regular correspondence. Finally Miss Severson returned to Denver to resume her duties in the hospital, and about that time Mr. Pierce told his business associates that he had important business that called him to the Colorado city.

When Mr. Pierce returned he did not announce that he was engaged to Miss Severson, but such was the case, as they had made arrangements to meet in Chicago and be married quietly.

Last Sunday Mr. Pierce arrived in Chicago and a few hours later he hurried to a train to meet his fiancée. Together they went to the home of Miss Severson's sister in Oak Park and explained their plans.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. Pierce made a trip to the county building and when he departed the clerk had made the following entry in the book:

360,366—Anson A. Pierce, Rhinelander, Wis., Clara Severson.

After the ceremony had been performed Mr. Pierce returned to the Grand Pacific hotel and later he was joined by his bride, who left with him on an evening train for Rhinelander.

Mr. Pierce, who is 43 years old, is well known in lumber circles in Wisconsin. His bride is 27 years old.

HARD WORK TO FIND MINISTER.

Minneapolis Man and His Bride to Be Have Difficulty in Getting Married, but Succeed at Last.

In spite of many difficulties in securing a clergyman to perform the ceremony, George S. McLeod and Miss Edith Cravier were married yesterday at the Auditorium hotel. Miss Cravier came from Minneapolis on Monday with her mother, Mrs. J. S. Cravier, and a few friends. Yesterday Mr. McLeod reached Chicago, and the hunt for a Presbyterian minister to marry them began. The Rev. Frank De Witt Talmage was sought first, but could not be found. Then the telephone was used to reach the Rev. Dr. W. Robson Notman and the wires were not in order. Two other preachers of the same denomination were tried, and at last the Rev. W. J. Chichester of the First church was located and agreed to hurry to the hotel and officiate at the wedding. The bride and groom left on an evening train for the northwest, and their friends went back to Minneapolis.

LIVES SAVED BY POLICEMAN.

Owen Considine Enters Burning Building at 1247 Bryn Mawr Avenue and Carries Out Children.

Two little girls were rescued from a burning building at 1247 Bryn Mawr avenue by Policeman Owen Considine of the Summerdale station last evening.

The building is occupied on the first floor by Louis Carlson's paint store, and the second floor is used as a dwelling by the painter. Mrs. Carlson had put her two children to bed and joined her husband in his store, when an explosion in the rear shook the building and flames broke out. The policeman learned that the children were in the building, and at the risk of his own life entered it and carried them out.

The Lemont police are making every effort to arrest a supposed incendiary who is believed to have set fire to the Santa Fé depot and freight house in the village. The fire resulted in a loss of $15,000. The blaze also spread to three cars standing on a siding, destroying a car of hard coal, one of merchandise, and one loaded with lumber.

ELECTION IN GOODRICH LINE.

Annual Meeting of the Transportation Company Is Held in Milwaukee—Lowden Quits Board.

The annual meeting of the Goodrich Transportation company was held in Milwaukee yesterday and the following officers were elected: President, A. W. Goodrich, Chicago; vice president, E. L. Upton, Chicago; treasurer, W. J. Lauderback, Chicago; secretary, F. C. Reynolds, Milwaukee; assistant secretary, P. W. Thorp, Chicago; superintendent, D. H. Cochrane, Milwaukee. The officers, together with Lawrence A. Young of Chicago, comprise the members of the board of directors. Mr. Young was elected to the directorate in place of Frank O. Lowden.

WILL MOVE DOG ASYLUM.

DR. AND MRS. C. A. WHITE TO GIVE NEIGHBORS RELIEF.

Promise to Take Away the Home for Friendless Canines and Felines from 80 Twenty-sixth Street—Agree Also to Pay Costs in Litigation Pending if Suit Is Dismissed—People in District Complain Bitterly of the Noise Made by Animals.

There is joy among the neighbors of the Home for Friendless Dogs and Cats, established last July by Dr. and Mrs. Charles A. White at 80 Twenty-sixth street. People who have been annoyed by the noise are to be relieved after next April, for the doctor has promised to move the "home" out of the district.

Dr. White has also promised to pay the costs of litigation which residents have started in an effort to have what they consider a nuisance abated. After having been five times in the Harrison street police court the proprietor of the "home" has promised to pay all costs in consideration of the dismissal of a suit that was to have been tried on next Tuesday before Judge Gibbons. In this case H. Mulliner of 82 Twenty-sixth street is the plaintiff, and is backed by the moral and financial support of the South Side Property Owners and Business Men's association.

Sixty Dogs and Twenty Cats.

It is claimed that there are some sixty dogs at the home and about twenty cats.

"People are coming here at all times with cats disabled or cats in need of a pleasant home for a few weeks while their owners are away visiting, and it is a great nuisance," said Mrs. Mulliner. "I live next door and the people half the time call at my house."

It is claimed by others in the neighborhood that Dr. White, who is a veterinary surgeon, is making a good thing out of the home. They say he charges good prices for boarding such dogs and cats as are not included in the orphan class but are left there temporarily. It is said also that animals are left for sale by their owners and that Dr. White gets a good commission for selling them. On one dog that he sold last week the doctor is said to have received $2 commission, the animal bringing $10. The scale of prices for dogs, according to the neighborhood, ranges from 50 cents up to $45.

City Code Makes It a Nuisance.

The city code makes it a nuisance for any person to keep more than six dogs, and it was under this section that the neighbors expected to make trouble for the veterinary surgeon.

"It is a matter of indifference to me whether the suit is settled," declared Mr. Mulliner last night. "I have been to considerable expense in this litigation, and I shall have to be properly reimbursed."

CARBOY OF ACID BURSTS AT FIRE AND ONE MAN DIES.

Small Blaze at Milwaukee Results in the Death of a Captain and Chief Is Fatally Injured.

Milwaukee, Wis., Feb. 3.—One fireman is dead and four others were seriously injured as the result of a small fire in the plant of the Schwab Stamp and Seal company on East Water street today.

The dead:

WHITE, CAPT. ANDREW, of hook and ladder No. 1.

Fatally injured:

Foley, James, chief of firemen.

The injured:

Clancy, Thomas, assistant chief.
Droney, Thomas, fireman.
Hogan, Edward, fireman.

While the firemen were engaged with the blaze a carboy of nitric acid exploded and the men inhaled the fumes, which prostrated them. Although the injured were got out quickly and everything possible was done to relieve their suffering, Capt. White succumbed tonight. Physicians say the chances for recovery are favorable for the injured.

ENDLESS CHAIN TO GIVE RELIEF.

City Council Committee on Aid for Sweden Proposes to Have the Mayor Start the Series.

The city council's relief committee met yesterday afternoon to discuss ways of raising money for the Swedish famine sufferers. Ald. C. G. Foucek, chairman of the committee, offered a plan for an "endless chain" subscription. If the plan is adopted Mayor Harrison would head the list of subscribers.

Members of masonic orders are urging the fraternity to take up the question and to aid as an organization.

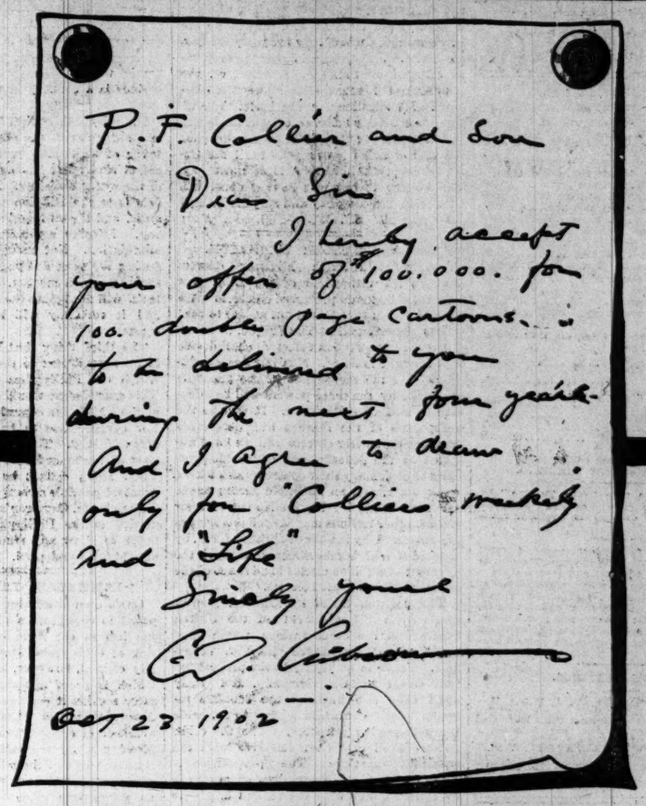
The Tuscarora club passed resolutions of sympathy for the cause and offered its clubrooms as a place to give a benefit entertainment.

Consul John R. Lindgren, treasurer of the central relief committee, said that clothes and food were needed more acutely than money.

"We have received today $2,065, making a total of $26,000 from this one branch of the relief work," said he. "Every mail day we are sending from 5,000 to 10,000 kroner ($4,000 to $6,000 a week), and I think we will not go below that average as long as the help is needed. That will be until some time in June."

Something New.

All Wisconsin Central through trains between Chicago, St. Paul, and Minneapolis now equipped with free reclining chair cars of the latest and most improved pattern.



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Dear Sirs
I hereby accept your offer of $100,000. for 100. double page cartoons. to be delivered to you during the next four years. And I agree to draw only for "Collier's Weekly" and "Life"
Truly yours
C. D. Gibson
Oct 23 1902

To Remove All Misapprehension

The Ladies' Home Journal, in printing on its front cover for February a small sketch by Charles Dana Gibson (not originally drawn for that periodical, but an advertisement, arranged for by the publisher of his annual book), makes the misleading comment that "the original of the drawing sold in New York City for $80." As we have recently concluded a $100,000 contract with Mr. Gibson, it seems proper to correct the impression that the ***right to reproduce*** his original drawings may be had for any such sum as $80; and, in justice to Mr. Gibson and to the two periodicals which control his work (***Life*** and ***Collier's Weekly***), we print, with his consent, the above contract, which shows the price paid for his original drawings ***at first hand.***

New York, January 30, 1903 COLLIER'S WEEKLY

Mr. Gibson's latest drawing, "The Seed of Ambition," is in the January Household Number of Collier's—issue of January 31

TO STUDY "TAME AUTOS."

ALDERMEN WILL BE EDUCATED AT COMING SHOW.

Judiciary Committee Postpones Action on "Number Law" Until They Have Studied the Machine "In Captivity"—Chauffeurs Confident That the "Monogram" Ordinance or a Similar Measure Will Then Be Adopted—Prospective State Speed Rule.

It is up to the automobile show, to be held Feb. 14 to 21, to prove that the "auto" is a thing to be cherished and not crushed. The judiciary committee of the city council yesterday agreed to grant the chauffeurs a respite until after the show.

Aldermen will attend the exhibition, and an endeavor will be made to prove to them that the auto is a better domesticated animal than the horse. If so, the aldermen will not insist on numbering them.

It was a day of worries for automobile owners yesterday. In addition to the effort made to placate the council committee they tried to head off legislation at Springfield. A legislator wants to have a state law enacted which will establish a speed limit of twelve miles an hour in all parts of the state. To head this off the owners went from the council committee rooms to Mr. Lorimer's headquarters, but failed to see him. An attempt will be made to interest him in favor of the machines. Probably he, too, will be taken to the automobile show.

Vehicle of the Future.

Before the council committee many reasons why automobiles should not be numbered were shown. It is the great vehicle of the future, it was urged, and should be encouraged.

"We think as much of our machines as a woman does of her fine dresses," said one chauffeur. "She would not want her gowns disfigured with great numbers."

"You might as well insist that every man in Chicago should wear a number," said President W. C. Gray of the club. "You wait until you catch a thief before you number him."

"We did not want to start on the supposition that you were thieves," said Chairman Werno.

"No, but you want to number us like convicts," said Mr. Gray. "When we do wrong let the police catch us. How do you enforce the laws against owners of horses?"

"By the way," asked Ald. Scully, "what was the color of the machine that did it?"

The "machine that did it" is the automobile which knocked down a park policeman and injured him. It started the numbering project.

Unique in Its Color.

"There is only one machine of that color in town and I should not care to say," replied Mr. Gray.

At this point Charles N. Goodwin, formerly assistant corporation counsel, now representing the automobile club as attorney, quoted the bible against the city administration.

"The committee is in the position of the man who intrusted two talents to an unfaithful servant," he said. "The city administration is the servant. It has hidden the talents in the sand. If the city cared to enforce the ordinance against speeding it could do it. The police could make arrests for the violation of speeding ordinances if they cared to.

"The city cannot discriminate against the machines. There is no authority for such action as the numbering. The city can pass laws regulating the speed, but its powers over vehicles are limited to cab and hack drivers and the like."

If anything were to be done, the chauffeurs said, they preferred that letters and not numbers be used. They preferred to have their machines lettered "C. Q. D.," "P. D. Q.," "R. S. V. P.," or with anything resembling a cable cipher, a bill of lading, or a monogram rather than to have them numbered like convicts.

Then the aldermen decided to wait until they had studied the automobile in captivity at the coming show.

Special Notice to Traveling Public.

To aid in relieving the freight congestion on the Pennsylvania system the running of the "Pennsylvania Special" twenty hour train between Chicago and New York will be temporarily suspended, taking effect on Thursday, Feb. 5. E. A. Ford, General Passenger Agent.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
MATINEE TODAY at 2:15.
CHICAGO CRITICS PRAISE
GRACE GEORGE
IN "PRETTY PEGGY."
MISS GEORGE: "DISPLAYS WONDERFUL CHARM AND POWER."—AMY LESLIE IN THE NEWS.
THE PLAY: "IS PACKED WITH INTEREST."—HAMILTON HAMILTON IN THE AMERICAN.
THE RIOT SCENE: "WAS THE THEATRICAL NOVELTY OF THE SEASON AND HIGHLY EFFECTIVE."—ROBT. MANTLE IN THE INTER OCEAN.
THE COMPANY: "DELIGHTFULLY EVEN, LARGE AND ADEQUATE THROUGHOUT."—W. H. HUBBARD IN THE TRIBUNE.
THE PRODUCTION: "A SCHOLARLY AND TASTEFUL TRIUMPH OF INVESTITURE."—JAMES O'DONNELL BENNETT IN THE RECORD-HERALD.
MONDAY'S AUDIENCE: "FROM COLD BECAME GLOWINGLY ENTHUSIASTIC."—BARRETT EASTMAN IN THE JOURNAL.
THE PROSPECT: "FOR CONSIDERABLE AND PROLONGED SUCCESS."—D. M. HALBERT IN THE POST.
NEXT SUNDAY AT 3:30, George Hamlin's 18th Concert, MME. BLAUVELT

POWERS' LAST 4 NIGHTS and SAT. MAT.
CHARLES FROHMAN presents
WILLIAM GILLETTE
In SHERLOCK HOLMES.
NEXT WEEK
(Mail orders accompanied by checks now being filled)
JAMES K. —IN— HACKETT
THE CRISIS
3 Matinees—Wednesday, Saturday and Lincoln's Birthday (Feb. 12th).
SEAT SALE OPENS TOMORROW AT 9 A. M.

STEINWAY HALL
Van Buren-st., near Michigan-av.
Today at 2:30. Tonight at 8:30.
CHARLES FROHMAN presents
EVERYMAN

ILLINOIS—TONIGHT
"The conspicuous light opera success of the decade."
LULU GLASER
—IN—
"DOLLY VARDEN."
ONLY MATINEE SATURDAY.

BE READY WITH YOUR MONEY FOR
THE ROGERS BROTHERS
ADVANCE SALE TOMORROW MORNING.
Mail orders must include cash or certified check.

McVICKER'S JACOB LITT, Lessee & Mgr.
The Safest Theater in the World—30 Exits.
S-K-Y F-A-R-M.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

NEXT SUNDAY—2 WEEKS ONLY.
THE BOSTONIANS
First Week—ROBIN HOOD
Second Week—MAID MARIAN
SEAT SALE FOR ENTIRE ENGAGEMENT OPENS TOMORROW MORNING.

AUDITORIUM.
CHICAGO ORCHESTRA
THEODORE THOMAS, CONDUCTOR.
MARK HAMBOURG SOLOIST
FRIDAY At 2:15 SATURDAY At 8:15

COLISEUM ROLLER RINK
Today—Afternoon and Evening.
FANCY COUPLE SKATING BY
MR. CHAS. FRANKS & NELLIE DONEGAN
DERAUGH'S MILITARY BAND.
Admission—Afternoons, 10c; Evenings, 20c.
Grand Mask and Skating Carnival Feb. 10th.

DEATHS.

[For other death notices see page 11.]

CONLEY—Dr. P. H., beloved brother of Dr. T. J. and M. J. Conley, John F. Conley, Catherine W. Corcoran, Mrs. R. J. O'Connell, Mrs. Margaret McNamara, and Mrs. Mary Walsh. Funeral Thursday, Feb. 5, at 9:30 a. m., from the residence of his sister, Mrs. R. J. O'Connell, of 47 Humboldt-blvd., to St. Columbkill's church, where high mass will be celebrated, by carriages to Mt. Carmel cemetery. Member of Lafayette Council, K. of C., Columbia Court No. 2; member of C. O. F. and Royal league.

GLEASON—Feb. 3, at his residence, 2018 Sthav., Jeremiah Gleason, husband of Maud Gleason, née Mahon. Funeral Thursday at 9 a. m. from St. James' church, thence by P., Ft. W. & C. to Valparaiso, Ind.

STUDEBAKER MICHIGAN-BD. Adjoining AUDITORIUM HOTEL.
SECOND BIG WEEK.
TONIGHT POPULAR MATINEE TODAY. PRICES 25c, 50c AND 75c.
HENRY W. SAVAGE PRESENTS
THE NEWEST MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS.
GEO. ADE'S
PEGGY FROM PARIS
MUSIC BY WILLIAM LORAINE.
GENUINE HIT OF SEASONS.

DEARBORN
A FINE PRODUCTION OF
..Barbara Frietchie..
MATS. SUN., WED. and SAT.
SOUVENIR MATINEE TODAY.

OLYMPIC
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Emmett Corrigan & Co. 5—De Luca Troupe—6
James J. Morton. Mason-Keeler Co.
Maddox & Wayne. Charles A. Loder.
Baby Lund. Armstrong & Casedy.
Riley & Hughes. Mike Barnard.
Jimmy Dunn. Barr & Benton.
Sig. Arcaris & Sister. Pete, Kid Juggler.
The Kinodrome. Rag Time Trio.
PRICES—10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.

CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Le Roy & Clayton. Cushman-Holcomb-Curtis.
4—The Huntings—4. Mark Sullivan.
Eckert & Berg. Carver & Pollard.
Bryant & Saville. Nugent & Fertig.
Harry Lester. Bert Lennon.
Jennings & Renfrow. Sassaris & Walsh.
John J. Welch. Clever Tans.
The Kinodrome. Whangdoodle Duo.
PRICES—10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.

HAYMARKET
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Frank Keenan & Co. Girard & Gardner.
Gus Williams. A. O. Duncan.
3—Musical Westons—3. Duffin-Redcay Troupe.
Vera Rial. McCue & Cahill.
Dick & Effie Guise. 3—Quinn Trio—3.
Williams & Williams. Vino & Searle.
Duff Brothers. Malcom Hedges.
The Kinodrome. Big Little Four.
PRICES—5, 10, 20 AND 25 CENTS.

LA SALLE THEATER. Phone Main 1779
Madison-st., bet. Clark and La Salle.
THIRD AND GREATEST SUCCESS
TOM-TOM A Japanese Oddity
EVERY NIGHT—MATS. TUES., THURS., SAT., SUN.

HOPKINS
Matinee Every Day. Tel. 643 Harrison.
WEBER'S PARISIAN WIDOWS
With a Bevy of Handsome Girls.

COLUMBUS. THIS WEEK.
Big Scenic Production.
FABIO ROMANI.
An adaptation Marie Corelli's Vendetta.
Sun. Mat., Feb. 8—"She Stoops to Conquer."

TROCADERO State & Van Buren-sts. Tel. Har. 2097.
Mat. Daily, 40, 20, 30, 50c. Smoke if you like.
Stage Always Filled with Lovely Women.
Burlesque of Helter Skelter.
ONLY REAL BURLESQUE SHOW IN TOWN.

SAM T. JACK'S
Madison-st., nr. State. Tel. Cen. 2198
2 Big Shows Every Day at 2 and 8.
Fred Irwin's Big Show
Prices—10, 20, 30, 50.

AUTOMOBILES
For theater parties of 8 to 10.
WARD BROS., 238 South Clark-st.
Telephone Harrison 3086.

The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

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Daily, with Sunday, one year	6.50
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Note—The laws of the postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

UNION PARK LODGE NO. 610, A. F. & A. M.—Emergency communication: Members are requested to attend the funeral of Brother John Elder, at Hutsow's undertaking rooms, 530 Ogden av., Wednesday, Feb. 4, at 9 o'clock a. m.
WALTER C. AVERY, W. M.
EDW. E. RATH, Sec'y.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1903.

THE LONDON WOMAN HANGING.

A dispatch from London states that Amelia Sachs and Annie Walters, "baby farmers," were hanged yesterday. They had been recommended to mercy not in connection with their numerous crimes but because of their sex, but the home secretary declined to grant a reprieve, and the two wretches were hanged.

The two women were found guilty of most abhorrent crimes. They kept what was called a "nursing home," which was in reality a place for wholesale and systematic infanticide. Women expecting children and not wishing them were invited to send them to the "nursery home," the proprietors of which alleged that they disposed of them to other women for adoption for cash considerations. It was shown by the evidence that they sold babies when they could. When they couldn't they killed them. It was also shown that many of the babies were sent by wealthy women in the West End of London, and that there is a widespread system of baby farming in that city and a profitable one, as the wealthy women pay big fees to the "farmers" and the latter get fair compensation from other customers. It is not likely that children are murdered outright in all of the baby farms, but they were in the Sachs-Walters place. It is easier to let them die of neglect when sick.

The case has attracted much attention in London and there has been widespread discussion of the question: Should women be hanged? Some affirm it is wrong to hang women; others that it is not. It is certain that if these two women had been murderers rather than murderesses no one would have objected to the hanging of the wretches. Mr. Labouchere, in his London Truth, while not saying it is right to hang women, protests against one law for men and another for women in cases of murder, and argues that if murderesses are to receive a different punishment from murderers, simply because they are women, the principle ought not to be limited to capital punishment. He further argues that if the law regards a woman's life as more sacred than a man's it ought to apply the same principle to the crime as well as the punishment and treat the murder of a man as a lighter offense than that of a woman. Closing his argument, he says: "Such a discrimination between the value of lives is unknown to any law, human or divine. If, therefore, women who commit murders, whether in hot or cold blood, are to escape the gallows simply because they are women, capital punishment must, in logic and justice, be abolished altogether."

Mr. Labouchere's logic is strong, and yet so long as the present sentiment towards the sex exists the question will be an open one. This, however, will not prevent all good men and women from rejoicing that these two wretches can no longer ply their hideous business of infanticide.

AGAIN THE HILLMON CASE.

The well known Kansas insurance case, in which Sallie E. Hillmon is seeking to recover $5,000 from the Connecticut Mutual Life insurance upon the life of her husband, who, she claims, died in 1879, has been sent back to the trial court again by the United States Supreme court. As six juries have already passed upon various points affecting the case, this is the seventh time that the determined woman will seek to collect the insurance which she claims is due to her.

This famous case has now been before the public for twenty-four years in one form or another. Twice before it has found its way to the Supreme court, which was called upon to pass upon disputed points of law. When Mrs. Hillmon first brought suit there were three respondents, the New York Life, the Mutual Life, and the Connecticut Mutual Life, and the aggregate of her claims was $25,000. She obtained judgment in the first hearing, whereupon the New York Life and the Mutual Life settled with her, paying her $10,000 each, leaving the Connecticut Mutual to fight it out alone, which it has been doing for nearly a quarter of a century without bringing the case to a finish.

Mrs. Hillmon in her original petition of March 17, 1879, contended that the provisions of the policy had been complied with and that her husband was dead and was buried on a certain date in Kansas. The respondents set up that her husband and one Brown and Baldwin conspired to defraud them by representing that Hillmon was dead and substituting a corpse for burial. The original claim against the Connecticut Mutual was $5,000. A judgment with interest now would be for between $11,000 and $12,000. The case has been before a jury six times. It has figured in Circuit courts, Superior courts, Appellate courts, and the federal Supreme court, and now it goes gaily and cheerfully back to the trial courts for a seventh hearing, and in due course of time, if nothing happens to prevent, it may find its way to the court of last resort again, to go back for its eighth trial. It has wonderful vitality, freshness, and endurance, and shows no signs of wear or tear. Both claimant and respondent are as vigorous as when they first stepped into the arena. Jarndyce vs. Jarndyce may yet be eclipsed by Sallie E. Hillmon vs. the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance company. Mrs. Hillmon is obstinate. The insurance company believes it ought not to pay and is resolved not to do so no matter what the cost of litigation may be until the Supreme court shall have said it must pay. The victory it has won in that court will encourage the company and may discourage the aging plaintiff.

THE VENEZUELAN ULTIMATUM.

Venezuela, through Minister Bowen, answers the ultimatum of the allies that they must be made preferred creditors with its ultimatum that it will not assent to that unless the tribunal at The Hague, to which it wishes the question referred, shall decide that it ought to do so. Minister Bowen contends that the recognition of the principle advanced by the three powers will be offensive to modern civilization. It will be the acceptance of the strange and detestable doctrine that after certain nations have adjusted by the peaceful and honorable processes of diplomacy their controversies with a weak state, and an amicable arrangement has been made for the settlement of their claims, other nations may league themselves together, and, by the use of military force, by blockades and bombardments, compel the payment of dubious claims in advance of the payment of undisputed claims.

The position taken by Minister Bowen meets with the approval of the United States and the other nations which have made amicable arrangements with Venezuela. There is no equity in the proposition that Great Britain, Germany, and Italy shall take two-thirds of the customs receipts which Venezuela agrees to set aside for debt-paying purposes, while the other powers shall content themselves with the remaining one-third. The proposition is an attempt to put a premium on alliances to collect debts with the mailed hand—to abandon peaceful for warlike processes.

To France and Belgium the demand of the three powers that they be made preferred creditors is objectionable because it is to their pecuniary disadvantage. It is objectionable to the United States for another and a more weighty reason. Acquiescence in the demand of the would-be preferred creditors may involve the continuance of their alliance for six years and perhaps a longer time if for any reason their claims should not be satisfied in six years. The alliance has lasted too long already.

There never should have been joint action in the Venezuelan question. It was unnecessary. It was ill advised. The weakest of the three powers can easily coerce any South American state. Americans aware of this could see no other reason for joint action than the intention to overawe and intimidate the United States. If that was the purpose it has signally failed, while the parties chiefly concerned have done themselves harm. Great Britain has lost a part of the good will it gained during the war with Spain. Germany has been put back precisely where it was at the time of the episode in Manila Bay. It is difficult to resist the impression that the present situation is due in part to the intervention of the king of England, who has sought to draw closer the ties of relationship and friendship that unite him to the German emperor. He is not hostile to the United States, but he has been a bit too complaisant to his nephew and has injured England thereby.

Much harm has already been done by the irritating and provocative action of Germany and Great Britain in the Venezuelan affair. Nobody believes that war will come of it. Humanity and civilization would protest against and forbid so shocking and calamitous an event. But the British and German combination has set Americans to thinking. Great Britain and Germany are not the only European nations that count. There is Russia, the traditional and unswerving friend of the United States. There is France, the friend of this country in the revolutionary days, when aid was so greatly needed. The friendship of early days has been too frequently interrupted, but it can be resumed with enthusiasm if circumstances justify it. With these facts in mind men in Washington were discussing last week, as was stated in the dispatches of THE TRIBUNE, the possibilities of a much closer relationship between the United States and France, which is now closely allied with Russia. The combination is one which Great Britain and Germany hardly would desire to see formed. It would be to their interest to abstain from a policy which might have such consequences.

The continuance of the British-German alliance for six years or any length of time will be irritating and provocative, because it can only be directed against the United States. If the allies will not recede from their untenable position the question should go to The Hague tribunal, as Minister Bowen requests, and the blockade be lifted. The last point should be insisted on. The blockade would have ceased before this probably if the allies had not wished to occupy the position of preferred creditors when the blockade was lifted, for the customs collections will be unusually large then.

The three powers have thrust themselves into a bad position. The sooner they extricate themselves the better will it be for them. The unfortunate triple alliance should be dissolved if the parties to it desire American good will.

BREAD FOR THE FILIPINOS.

The Filipinos are asking us for bread. The scriptures imply that when a son makes that request of a father the father does not give him a stone. Now our attitude toward the Filipinos is paternal. We have assumed paternal authority. We must undertake paternal obligations.

It is an exceedingly small piece of bread, after all, that the Filipinos want. It is so small that it may be said to consist of three crumbs. What these three crumbs are is explained in the current North American Review by Brewster Cameron. Mr. Cameron is the official delegate at Washington of the allied chambers of commerce in the Philippine archipelago. He asks for his three crumbs in a modest and convincing way. He does not hector and he does not whine. He simply makes his requests and then gives the reasons why he makes them.

First, he wants a stable currency. This certainly seems reasonable. To ask for a stable currency is much like asking for protection of person and property. No one can maintain that the Philippine archipelago ought to have a currency which is not stable. Nevertheless, that is exactly the kind of currency it has at present. The evil consequences are easy to understand. Contractors engage to build a house for a certain sum. Before the work under contract is completed, while the house is building, the price of silver drops, the Mexican dollar depreciates, and the contractors have to pay out more for materials and for wages than they take in as compensation under the contract which they have already signed. Further illustrations are unnecessary. A country in which the currency is not stable is a country in which business operations are precarious. A country in which business operations are precarious is a country in which stagnation is inevitable.

The second thing that Mr. Cameron wants is a reduction of the Dingley tariff rates in favor of Philippine products. The plague called rinderpest has destroyed 90 per cent of the water buffaloes. Now the water buffalo is to the Filipino what the horse, the mule, and the ox together are to the American. Filipino agriculture needs artificial stimulation. Not enough will be produced during the next five years to affect the general American market. A reduction of the tariff will not injure the American producer and it certainly will benefit the Filipino farmer.

The third thing that Mr. Cameron wants is an amendment to the federal act under which the Philippines are now governed. This amendment would increase the powers of the Philippine commission, and would allow corporations to hold more than 2,500 acres of land. The reason for this second part of the amendment is that farms under 2,500 acres cannot be operated to the greatest possible advantage.

Such is Mr. Cameron's outline of the policy needed in the Philippines. It will be difficult to show any reason why that policy should not be adopted.

LAWMAKERS LAWBREAKERS.

One's own words are not commonly supposed to constitute a pleasant diet. When one has to eat them one is likely to feel sick at one's verbal stomach. The Chicago city council, however, has a verbal stomach which is proof against nausea. Session after session it continues to eat its own ordinances and to digest them with every evidence of comfort and satisfaction. Last Monday night the building ordinance was the main dish on the bill of fare. The aldermen present had hearty appetites. As soon as grace was said the clatter of knives and forks became deafening, and when the meal was over there was not enough of the building ordinance left to fill the crumb tray. Almost everybody got a slice.

The number of aldermanic constituents who wished to become lawbreakers was tremendous. The zeal with which the aldermen egged their constituents on to become lawbreakers was overpowering. Everybody who was putting up a building within the fire limits seemed to want to put it up out of inflammable materials. And the aldermen were so delighted with this proof of good citizenship that they resolved in a burst of swelling emotion to put aside the little, puny, foolish law that provides that buildings within the fire limits shall be made out of materials which are not inflammable. This little, puny, foolish law had been established by the same aldermen who were now putting it aside. But what of that? The Latins had a hopeless, worldly wise proverb: "Who shall watch the watchers?" It might be better put: "Who shall prevent the lawmakers from becoming lawbreakers?" The power to do the one thing often implies the power to do the other. The aldermen of the city of Chicago seem to have decided to use this power. Neither invective nor satire will stop them. The spring election, with the Municipal Voters' league proclaiming the number of times each alderman has requested a building ordinance violation may be more effective.

THE HON. LEMUEL E. QUIGG, it appears, was educated for the pulpit, but it didn't take.

UNCLE SAM will oblige Chicago by not getting into a muss with any foreign power until this troublesome traction question has been settled.

CHICAGO'S public building may be finished in cheap and inferior style, but nothing can rob us of the satisfaction of knowing there is a whole lot of wealth concealed in the corner stone.

IF it is too much trouble to try to understand the traction complication and the subway problem wait till the days are longer.

KING EDWARD should obey his physicians and eat less. A king is a man who, above all others, has no right to do as he pleases.

TO ESTABLISH a limit of $10,000,000 as the maximum amount any person may acquire or lawfully hold we fear would result in Uncle Russell Sage packing his gripsack and emigrating to some other country.

IT seems to have been a hard job to pry Admiral Crowninshield (Crunshell) loose from the battleship Illinois.

BOILING the water is only half the prescription. You have to drink it afterward.

AS MIGHT be expected, it is taking a long time to wind up that strike at Waterbury.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Difference Hardly Perceptible.

The literary person whose home was in a south side suburb had gone to Georgia to spend the winter.

"But, surely," said the friend, "you can't keep up your editorial work way down here, can you?"

"Why not?" replied the literary person. "This is only a few blocks farther out of town."

Ah, Yes!

"That's a beautiful rug. May I ask how much it cost you?"

"Three hundred dollars' worth of furniture to match it."

Feminine Wisdom.

"How did you ever manage to get on the good side of that crusty old uncle of yours?" asked Fan.

"Fed him the things he liked when he came to visit us," replied Nan. "The good side of any man is his inside."

Figure It Out Yourself.

"Well, John and Harry, you didn't either of you come to Sunday school last Sunday."

"No, ma'am, but we've brought two other boys along today to square ourselves. See?"

It Did.

In the midst of a boundless plain
A man once planted a tree.
"I want to do something," he said,
"That will live long after me."

A stately giant it grew
Amidst the shrubs and the gorse,
And on it the man himself was hanged
One day for stealing a horse.

Aware of It.

"What you need, my dear sir, is exercise."

"Exercise? Why, doctor, I'm the floor-walker in a big department store!"

"I know it. I repeat it, sir; what you need is exercise."

Knew All About It.

"You are working yourself up into a fever of indignation over this Alaskan boundary controversy with Great Britain. Do you know anything about the present boundaries of Alaska?"

"Of course I do. Alaska joins Oregon on the north, and the blamed British are trying to run a three mile strip straight through it from Canada to the ocean. You must think I'm an ignoramus."

Knew What He Wanted.

"Can I show you anything?" asked the young man behind the counter at the hat store.

"I guess so," said the young man who had dropped in. "I want one of these disappearing hats you wear when you go to the opera. Got any?"

C. W. T.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

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KING EDWARD is reported to be greatly annoyed over the delay which has taken place in the commencement of work upon the national memorial to the late Queen Victoria, which is to be erected in front of Buckingham palace.

The commission in charge of the affair has already a considerable sum of money in hand. But the larger portion of the funds subscribed have merely been promised—that is to say, underwritten—and it has been the difficulty experienced in getting this money which is declared to be accountable for the delay.

The king, however, is determined that there shall be no repetition in England of the delays which have taken place in Italy and in Russia with regard to the erection of the national memorials of Victor Emmanuel II. and of Alexander II., and has just summoned a private meeting of the commission and of those responsible for the execution of the memorial to his mother, to be held under his presidency at Buckingham palace, with the object of getting the matter under way.

The projected visit of the prince of Wales to India has been postponed sine die, and there is no likelihood that the matter will come up for discussion again for several years to come, in spite of the expression of hope contained in the king's message, read at the Delhi durbar, to the effect that the prince and princess of Wales would make a progress through India next winter.

It seems that the expense entailed upon the various semi-independent sovereigns and vassal princes of India in connection with the recent durbar and with the entertainment of the duke and duchess of Connaught has been so enormous, and the drain upon the Anglo-Indian exchequer—that is to say, upon the Indian taxpayer—so heavy, that it is considered that it would be unfair and inexpedient to subject either princes or taxpayers so soon again to the serious burden of expenditure entailed by a royal progress through Hindustan of the future Kaisr-I-Hind and of his consort next winter.

The Baroness Julia Oppenheim, who died the other day, bequeathing to the present kaiser a sum of $500,000, was a daughter of that old Baron Cohn who was the lifelong banker and financial agent of the late Emperor William. The old banker was unfortunate in his matrimonial experiences. His wife secured a divorce from him and thereupon married the late Polydore Millaud, the founder of that wonderful organ of the French press known as the Petit Journal, which has a circulation of over 1,000,000 copies a day, penetrating to every village throughout the length and breadth of France.

Two children were born of this union, a daughter and a son, the late Albert Millaud, so long connected with the Paris Figaro, and who was therefore a half brother of Baroness Julia Oppenheim.

On Wednesday next the king and queen of Servia will attend the memorial service in honor of the late ex-King Milan at the monastery of Krouchedol, in Syrmia—that is to say, on Austro-Hungarian soil—the emperor being represented on that occasion either by one of the archdukes of his house or else by the "ban," or governor general of Croatia.

The emperor has stipulated that this tardy act of filial respect should be paid by King Alexander to the memory of his dead father before he would consent to hold any relations with him. It may be remembered that he was profoundly angered by Alexander's attitude at the time of Milan's death at Vienna, and himself acted as chief mourner at the funeral, of which no notice was taken by the young king.

In view of Milan's fierce denunciation of Queen Draga and of the abuse which he lavished upon her, as well as upon his son, this is a bitter pill for Alexander and his consort to swallow. Indeed, only two months ago Alexander took occasion to publicly assail the memory of his father, and he certainly would not submit to what is virtually an act of penance imposed upon him by Emperor Francis Joseph unless it had been stipulated that he was to receive a quid pro quo—that is to say, resumption by the court of Austria of friendly relations with that of Belgrade, the reception of Alexander once more by the venerable monarch of Austria-Hungary, and possibly even the acceptance at the hofburg of Queen Draga, though that is exceedingly questionable.

While it is perfectly true that Gen. Ponzio-Vaglia, the minister of the royal household at Rome and the executor of the testamentary wishes of the late King Humbert, has had legal proceedings brought against him by a soi-disant countess, who claimed a share in the estate left by the murdered monarch for her son of about 18 years old, of whom she alleges the king to have been the father, I venture to doubt whether the case will ever come into court. For the countess in question, with her pretended mother and two or three masculine friends, was expelled by the police from Rome some sixteen or seventeen years ago for having kept a species of gambling establishment where a number of young men of rank and fortune ruined themselves, victims of frauds of the most bare faced description.

The only reason why they were not criminally prosecuted at the time and sentenced to jail was in order to avoid the unenviable notoriety which would have been brought upon the families of the victims, who manifested their reluctance to take any part in the prosecution. They consequently escaped jail on the understanding that they quitted the country.

Whether the late king ever knew the claimant is exceedingly problematic. But, in view of her police antecedents, it is more than probable that the action at law which she has instituted is merely a blackmailing scheme, undertaken in the expectation that Queen Margharita and the king, sooner than allow the memory of the murdered monarch to be besmirched by any such scandal as might result from a lawsuit, would prefer to effect a compromise.

Prince Orsini, head of the historic house of that name and who shares with the chief of the princely family of Colonna the principal lay office at the vatican—namely: a dignity known by the name of "hereditary prince assistant of the holy see," has just been subjected to the profound humiliation of having his celebrated Roman home, the Orsini palace, in the Via Monte Savello, sold at public auction for the benefit of his creditors. It was adjudged for a ridiculously small sum to the Roman Savings bank. It is perhaps the grandest of all the old Roman palaces, and it rises from the ruins of the old Marcellus theater, which was built by the Roman Emperor Augustus in memory of his nephew Marcellus, to whom he was deeply attached and who died at an early age.

Prince Orsini, who is a man of about 60 years of age, is one of those Roman patricians who are likewise Austrian princes, and has an Austrian wife in the person of Countess Julia Hoyos. His domestic relations have not, however, been altogether unclouded, and the loss of his palace is mainly due to his extravagance, which his family ascribe to the fact that his mind is not altogether correctly balanced.

In view of the questions which have been raised with regard to the child to which the ex-crown princess of Saxony expects to give birth some weeks hence, it may be just as well to point out that according to German law the crown prince of Saxony himself will have the sole right of making any valid official statement as to the infant's illegitimacy.

The assurances of the ex-crown princess herself, of Prof. Giron, and of any members of the reigning houses of Saxony and Austria are absolutely without legal weight in the matter. Providing the crown prince does not disavow the paternity of the child and furnish the necessary proofs in favor of his contention, as required by law, the infant will be in law a scion of the royal house of Saxony.

Bound to Be Popular.

A corporation has just declared a dividend of one week's pay to each of its employés. That is the sort of thing that most persons would like to see become popular.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

More Room Needed.

There's room at the top, aye, room for more,
Philosophers declare,
But there must be more at the bottom, for
The greater number's there.
—Philadelphia Press.

THE TOP O' THE MORNIN'.

EDITOR HOHENZOLLERN.

(London—Considerable discussion is created by a well defined rumor that the kaiser is making secret efforts to gain control of the London Times.)

Ven der kaiser r-runs der baper, den der
vorldt vill haf some fun,
Undt ve'll ged der royal notions how a baper
should pe r-run.
He will wr-ride a liddle items on his posom
friendt, der czar—
How he's got a prandt new armors for his
splendit brivate car;
Undt apout der vay he's hobing for a poy—
"If he vas vise,"
Says der kaiser ven he edits—"he vould
learn to adverdise!"

Ven der kaiser r-runs der baper, he vill lighd
his meerschaum pipe
Undt opine dot ultimaddums down in Durkey
now iss ripe,
Undt id's bedder if dey pulls dem 'lest dey
any larcher grew.
Undt vile dey iss a pulling, bedder pull der
suldan, too!
Undt he'll wr-ride obiduaries mit a satly
shaking het,
Vere he'll pud id in der baper dot poor Kibbling he iss det!

Ven der kaiser r-runs der baper, he vill ged a
pod of baste
Undt a gleamink bair of skizzerses undt
skizzer dings mit haste;
He vill glib all of der items vot dey says dot
he iss great
Undt he'll pud dem in der baper, if der bresses
half to vait.
Undt he'll wr-ride a sblentif poems chust to
prove dere iss no show
For der dogtrine dot vas treamed of by a
fellers callst Monroe.

Ven der kaiser r-runs der baper, it vill readt:
"Chon Pull, today,
Malt a bleasant call upon us, undt pefore he
vent away
Lalt a navy on our table, undt supscriped
before he'd gone.
Come again ven you haf leisures! You are
always velcome, Chon!"
Undt he'll wr-ride a haluf gollums chust to
say, if dere's a var,
Dot nopody in der voridt hass effer licked an
editor!

ANOTHER COOK LOST.

Miss Sarah Johnson of Denver has been awarded a prize of $350 in a short story contest conducted by some magazine. Miss Johnson announces that she will leave the pots and pans to their rusty fate and henceforth go through life with ink upon her fingers where once the blister of the stovelid lifter was wont to hold sway. We are sorry to learn this. Of the making of books there is no end, but of the making of cooks there long since ceased to be a beginning. This country is rapidly reaching that stage of its career where a good cook will be more prominent than an ordinary literary person ever may hope to be. The great common people will some day decree that makers of pie are greater than molders of poetry, that bakers of beans are better than builders of ballades, that stews are more necessary than stories, and that a spoonful of soup is more to be chosen than a stanza of the weirdest sestina ever composed. What availeth it a man if he hath beatitudes in rhyme, yet is given burnt steak? Is an historical novel more to be chosen than hash? The kitchen never spoiled a writer—male or female—but the wild ambition to see one's name on a title page has been the unmaking of many a good cook. We wish nothing but success to Miss Johnson, but doubt not that there is at least one family which will wish she would forsake plots for puddings.

"JUST AMONG FRIENDS."

PRELIMINARY BOUT: J. L. Sullivan is not the Sullivan who wrote the comic operas you refer to. Sir Arthur Sullivan composed the music to the drinking song you mention.

ANISETTE B.: We do not know where Armand de Montrecoure is playing this season. Write to the Dramatic Mirror.

H. H. H.: Thank you. Suggestions are always welcome.

BUSINESS MAN: The same to you and many of them.

"PIG JO'L AN' GREENS": Very good.

WORKS OF ART.

Copyright the chorus girls—
Corallies and Sallyes,
Ynezes and Imogenes,
Tripping in the ballets—
All the fluffy feminine
Fays terpsichoristic—
For the courts decide they are
Certainly artistic.

Be they pudgy, plain, or plump,
Slim as swaying willow,
They are works of art, the same
As those of Murillo,
Michael Angelo the great,
Or of wondrous Giotto—
"Lasting coloring and curve"
Long has been their motto.

Copyright the chorus girls—
Copyright and date them,
That in centuries to come
Proper fame may wait them!
For the court has now decreed—
So we are acquainted—
That the chorus girls are all
Fair as they are painted.

HAND MADE PHILOSOPHY.

Ingenuousness in a pretty girl is inquisitiveness in a homely one.

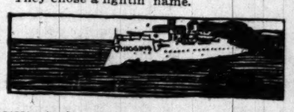
Some people show a friendly interest in our affairs, while others are trying to attend to our business.

Some people seem to delight in learning how we are getting along, and others want to know too much.

Yet they all ask the same questions.

"THE O'HIGGINS."

Now, whisper, la-ad, thim Chillyans
May not know how t' shoot—
They may not know a blissed t'ing
Ixcipt t' revolute,
But whin they built this man o' war
They made a bid f'r fame—
Whativer faults they may have had,
They chose a fightin' name.



O'Higgins! F'r a man o' war,
I t'ink th' name is r-right;
'Tis sooch a name as makes yez t'ink
Av "now-shtan'-oop-an'-fight!"
Th' ship may be a leaky hulk,
Her goons may all be lame,
But 'tis a credit t' th' la-ad
That chose a fightin' name.

O'Higgins! Sure, th' name 'll take
That ship into th' t'ick
Av anny shcrap th't comes along,
An' take it mighty quick!
Thim daygoes has their odd-come-shorts,
Their intyllects is lame
At times—but, they wor t'inkin' when
They chose a fightin' name!

W. D. N.

CAUGHT IN THE CROWD

"I APPEAL to you," said the rich amateur health crank, "to try the simple life. Eat simple foods and do not eat too much of anything. Be moderate; no man can know, until he has tried it, how this plan of living chiefly on raw, unbolted wheat and oats revivifies the system, calms the nerves, and makes a man equal to the greatest tasks."

He was speaking in a well known club in a city some miles from his home, where his reputation as a distinguished advocate of food reforms had preceded him. His audience was made up of business men in evening dress. As they sat about the library of the club and listened to his enthusiastic address almost all of them were affected by the contagion of his earnestness. The speaker illustrated his lecture with colored stereopticon slides, showing the interior of a drunkard's stomach, the frayed nerves of an habitual tobacco smoker, and other fascinating objects.

His own enthusiasm grew as he talked, and when he finally concluded, shortly after 11 o'clock, he invited some twenty of his auditors to walk over to his hotel with him. He was in a glow of earnestness.

"When I get to talking on this subject," he said, "the importance of it to all of us almost overwhelms me. I'm so worked up about it now that I won't be able to go to sleep for a couple of hours. I'd like to have you men walk over to the hotel and sit down with me for a while."

He was their guest and they accepted his

"IT IS IMPORTANT THAT MEALS SHOULD BE EATEN REGULARLY."

invitation. He led the way straight through the lobby into a sort of clubroom at one side. There the twenty seated themselves about a big table and several attentive waiters hurried to take the orders.

"Three quarts of champagne," he said. "An overloaded stomach means mental sluggishness and lack of nerve—yes, you can bring us a lobster salad and some stuffed olives. It is especially important that the meals should be eaten regularly. Any irregularity in the time of eating is—some sandwiches, please, waiter. I fancy that our little talk tonight will have a good effect. I thought that most of the men who heard it were interested. I shall feel satisfied if one or two are persuaded to try—fill the glasses, again—my ideas."

It was 2:30 o'clock in the morning before the delighted twenty got away from the advocate of simple food and regular hours.

The only merit of this story is its entire truth. And the health crank who played the leading part in it would be the most surprised and indignant man in the world if any one should accuse him of inconsistency.

There is a young man in town who has suffered severely from dyspepsia. A friend told him recently that he could cure himself by confining himself for a few weeks to an exclusive diet of uncooked and dry bran. He adopted the plan. The first day he found the dry bran hard to eat and at the end of forty-eight hours he felt himself almost starving. Then he sat down and ate three cupfuls of his prescription.

Next day shortly after noon he was seized with excruciating pangs in his left side. He

THE GREAT DOCTOR MADE A CAREFUL EXAMINATION.

almost fell off the chair in his office, so intense was the agony. A physician was hastily summoned. He made an examination and declared that his patient was suffering from appendicitis and that an immediate operation was all that would save his life. The patient himself was so badly frightened that he forgot all about the bran.

He went home in a carriage and broke the sad news to his family. They insisted that a famous expert in appendicitis be called. The great doctor came, made a careful examination, and then, with a sniff of contempt, asked what the young man had been eating. He told the story of the three cups of bran. Whereupon the famous surgeon uprose in his wrath.

"What you need," he said, "is an operation for softening of the brain."

Thomas I. Kidd, the labor leader and secretary of the Amalgamated Woodworkers, has for many months been conducting a boycott against the sewing machines made by a certain company. In and out of season he has called upon union labor men to have nothing to do with the machines made by what may be called the Smith company.

One night recently when Mr. Kidd went home he was met at the door by his wife, who told him, with a happy smile, that she had just bought a new sewing machine. He went in to look at it and was horrified to find that it was one of the hated Smith machines.

"O, I can't have that machine in the

"WHERE IS IT?"

house," he declared. "Don't you know I've been fighting the Smith company for a year? It'll have to go out of the house and that right away."

But Mrs. Kidd had signed a contract to buy the machine and there seemed no way to get rid of it without losing a lot of money. Mr. Kidd called on the agent next morning and declared that he would have to come and get the machine. He wouldn't have it in his house. The agent was sorry. He couldn't lose a sale.

In some way Mr. Kidd's dilemma reached the ears of the Jones Sewing Machine company, which is the greatest rival of the Smith company. The managers of the Jones company knew what a fight Mr. Kidd had been waging against the Smith people. They sent word to their agents to give Mr. Kidd a Jones machine for nothing and to pay all damages growing out of his refusal to accept the Smith machine.

All of which would seem to indicate that the wickedness of a trades union boycott in the eyes of a manufacturer depends chiefly on whose goods are boycotted.

It happened on a Madison street cable train. Every seat in all the cars was filled as usual; the aisles were packed and as many people as could find places for their feet stood on the footboards about the grip car.

At Robey street an old, white haired man, with a long gray beard, made a flying leap for the grip, caught his toes in an inch of vacant space and hung on precariously. Two blocks further down a coal wagon narrowly escaped collision with the grip. The old man was caught by the projecting sides of the wagon, pulled from the car and sent tumbling over and over backward. The train stopped and the old man was picked up unconscious. They carried him into the nearest drug store and a physician was called. He made a careful examination and

HE WAS HORRIFIED.

found that the poor old man's arm was broken in two places.

The arm was set, temporarily, and then the old fellow began to recover consciousness.

"Where is it?" was the first thing he said.

Then he sat up and with the uninjured hand began to search through his pockets. He had nothing to say about the accident. All his faculties were concentrated on finding what he had apparently lost.

"O, yes," he said, finally, and put his hand to his mouth, from which he removed a nickel. I thought I had lost it, sure."

Then they took him away to the hospital.

The whole house was on fire. Flames were pouring from doors and windows and a plume of fire fluttered far above the roof. All the members of the family were standing outside in the yard. Firemen were running about the outside of the house and half a dozen streams of water were being poured into it.

Suddenly a woman broke away from the crowd, and in spite of the screams of horror plunged into the burning doorway.

"She's going to her death," said one trembling spectator. "She must have forgotten her diamonds."

"Perhaps she did not bring out the insurance polices," said another.

"I take it for granted that she's going back for the baby," declared a third.

"That's the only loss that could move a woman to run such a gantlet of fire."

Presently two firemen, who had followed her into the fiery furnace, staggered out into the air, carrying the unconscious woman between them. In one hand she tightly clutched some small object. They poured some ice water on her and she slowly recovered her senses.

"I got them," she declared proudly, as she adjusted her false teeth.

H. M. H.

PERSONAL.

Gen. Supt. Sanborn of the Boston and Maine railroad has forbidden card playing for money on his trains.

Arthur Morrison, a serious student and collector of Japanese pictures, is writing a book on Japanese painters.

Prof. H. W. Kriebel of Pennsburg, Pa., has sailed for Germany to secure data for the history of the Schwenkfelder movement.

Dr. O. T. Mason, curator of the department of anthropology, National museum, Washington, will shortly issue a book on basketry.

Francis Asbury McCormick, the first baby born in the incorporated municipality of Columbus, O., has just celebrated his eighty-ninth birthday.

Charles F. Jones, the valet whose testimony convicted the lawyer, Patrick, of the murder of the Texas millionaire, Rice, is now a salt water sailor.

The artistic treasures Mr. J. P. Morgan is keeping in London because of our high tariff are increasing so rapidly that his house at Prince's Gate cannot accommodate them.

Col. Samuel Sims, who died recently at Rich Hill, Mo., had been a citizen respectively of the republic of Texas, the confederate states, and the United States without changing his residence.

Rhode Island's Opinion.

Some of those dry old duffers who are making themselves round shouldered trying to frame laws against the kissing habit should be sent to retreats for the feeble-minded.—Providence Telegram.

Saved His Money Afterwards.

[From the Columbus (O.) State Journal.]

"I worked for John D. Rockefeller once," said a well known landscape gardener of this city. "One morning I was out in the grounds doing some work among the plants and flowers, and as I worked I smoked. Pretty soon the old man strolled out that way, and when he came up to where I was, said in a quiet way: 'I never had any money to burn.'

"I didn't tumble for a second, and he stood there looking at me.

"'I have managed to put away a few dollars,' he continued, 'but I never had any money to burn.'

"It came to me all at once what he meant and I threw the cigar away. Next morning when he came around there I wasn't smoking. He came up with a smile on his face and said:

"'Well, the stove isn't going today.'"

Ghost or Gasoline?

Lady Macbeth was walking in her sleep.

"What do you suppose makes her do it?" inquired the physician.

"Perhaps she thinks her auto has broken down and she has to walk home," replied Lady Viola.

However, subsequent events pointed to Duncan's ghost, rather than her gasoline one, as the cause of her trouble.—New York Herald.

Not Like a Statesman.

Jim Tillman's lawyers will lay special stress upon the fact that Mr. Gonzales had his hands in his own pockets when he met his slayer. This was at least unstatesmanlike.—Washington Post.

WHAT PUPILS MUST READ.

SUPT. COOLEY PREPARES A HIGH SCHOOL LIST.

Will Advise the Use of Many More Volumes and Makes Out an Index of Works, a Certain Number of Which Must Be Perused Each Year—Choice Left to Principals, So Conditions in All Parts of the City May Be Met Satisfactorily.

A decided increase in the number of text books to be used in the English department of the high schools will be recommended to the board of education by Supt. Cooley. School superintendents complain that books suitable for pupils in part of the city fall far short of what is needed in other localities. The new list which the superintendent has prepared contains all of the old selections and many more elective. With these elective selections for reading the principal may prescribe what he thinks is best suited for his pupils. The new course simply gives more freedom to the principals in teaching English.

In addition to the books read in school a certain number must be read at home during each year.

Books on First Year List.

The first year's work includes the study of English composition and rhetoric and the reading of at least three of the following works:

Hawthorne—"The House of Seven Gables," "Twice Told Tales," "Mosses from an Old Manse."
Lowell—"The Vision of Sir Launfal," "From My Study Windows."
Longfellow—"Tales of a Wayside Inn."
Burroughs—"Birds and Bees," "Sharp Eyes."
Holmes—"Autocrat of the Breakfast Table," selections.
Irving—"Sketch Book," selections.
Poe—"The Raven, and Other Poems," "The Fall of the House of Usher."
Bryant—"Thanatopsis," "Little Children of the Snow," "The Planting of the Apple Tree," "Forest Hymn," "The Antiquity of Freedom."
Hale—"A Man Without a Country."
Webster—"Bunker Hill Oration."
Emerson—Essays: "Friendship," "History," "Self-Reliance," "Manners."
Aldrich—Sonnets: "Prudence Palfrey," "Friar Jerome and the Beautiful Book," "Garnaut Hall."
Warner—"In the Wilderness," Back Log Studies."
Whittier—"Snowbound."
Howells—One of his shorter novels.
Parkman—"Montcalm and Wolfe."
Fiske—"Myths and Mythmakers," "The War of Independence," "A Book of Patriotic Selections."

Reading for Second Year.

In the second year at least five of the following books must be read:

Eliot—"Silas Marner."
Lamb—"Essays of Elia."
Shakspeare—"As You Like It," "The Merchant of Venice," "Julius Cæsar."
Homer—"Iliad" (Bucher and Lang), "Odyssey" (Palmer translation).
Dickens—"Tale of Two Cities."
Plato—"The Apology," "Crito."
Shelley—"The Skylark," "The Cloud," "Ode to the West Wind," "The Sensitive Plant."
Coleridge—"The Ancient Mariner."
Matthew Arnold—"Sohrab" and "Rustum."
Ruskin—Selections.
Scott—"The Lady of the Lake," "Ivanhoe."

Some Third Year Books.

The reading for the third year is "Macbeth" and at least two more of the following books:

Shakespeare—"Macbeth."
Carlyle—"Heroes and Hero Worship," "Essay on Burns," and "Reading from Poems."
Emerson—"Compensation," "Representative Men," poems.
Bacon—Essays.
Wordsworth—Poems (selections).
Chaucer—Prologue, "Knight's Tale."
Lowell—Essays.
Dryden—"Alexander's Feast."
Pope—"Essay on Man."
Thackeray—"Henry Esmond."
Robert and Elizabeth Barrett Browning—Selections.
William Morris—"Sigurd the Volsung" (selections).
Edmund Spenser—"Fairie Queene" (two boks).
Tennyson—"Idyls of the King" (selections).
Keats—"Odes and Sonnets," "Hyperion."

List for the Fourth Year.

In the fourth year the following books are to be read:

Milton—Minor poems
Burke—Speech on conciliation.
Macaulay's essays.
Addison—Sir Roger de Coverley papers.

In addition to the books, the study of English composition, rhetoric, and the history of English literature form a part of the necessary work.

NEAT TRICK BY TEACHERS IN SCHOOL BILL DEBATE.

Federation Sends Four Representatives Under Various "Disguises" to Meeting of Social Economics Club.

The Chicago Teachers' federation contrived to have four representatives at the reciprocity meeting of the Social Economics club yesterday at which the new educational bill was discussed, although each organization was entitled to only one speaker. Miss L. L. Kilbourn, president of the federation, was on the program as that organization's official speaker, but by some untoward circumstance Miss Margaret Haley spoke as representative of the Hull House Woman's club; Miss Catherine Goggin was there as a delegate from the Catholic Women's National league, and Miss Anna Murphy was on the program to give a recitation.

Debate Is a Bitter One.

The majority of the speakers, however, declared themselves and their organizations in favor of the new educational bill. It was one of the most heated debates ever heard in a Chicago woman's club.

"Why should not the superintendent, the expert authority, be elected by the teaching body? Are the teachers not the only body capable of judging expert authority?" was one of the questions asked and around it centered most of the fire.

"That question is as nonsensical," declared Miss Mary E. Lynch of the Chicago Teachers' club, "as would be one asking why the president of the United States should not be appointed by his officeholders, the chief of police by the policemen, or the army generals appointed by the soldiers." Miss Lynch, who is as radically opposed to the methods of the teachers' federation as she is in favor of the new educational bill, declared that the election of school trustees by the people would "turn every schoolhouse into a hotbed of politics." Miss Lynch was upheld by Mrs. G. A. Osinga of the Every Tuesday club.

Calls Plan "Terrible Evil."

Mrs. Andrew McLeish of the Chicago Woman's club declared her opposition to the popular election of school trustees, and Mrs. George E. Colby of the Woman's Aid and Loan society of Irving Park said: "It would be a terrible evil to have the superintendent elected by the teachers."

Dr. Cornelia De Bey characterized the new educational bill as one of the "most vicious, criminal things ever proposed in modern times." "There is dislocation," said she, "and the new bill, which gives all the powers into the hands of the legislature, will make this dislocation permanent."

Prof. F. E. Sanborn of La Grange defended the new educational bill and was answered by Miss Haley and Miss Kilbourn. Nearly 100 clubs were represented at the meeting.

MUMPS IN A COED DORMITORY.

Several Young Women at Evanston Are Ill and a Spread of the Disease Is Feared.

Pearson hall, one of the girls' dormitories at Northwestern university, may have to be closed because some of the young women have the mumps. At least one case appeared yesterday, and three more girls are ill, it is feared with the same malady. Fifty girls live in the hall, and a spread of the disease is feared. The girls who are ill have been placed in secluded quarters, and none of the others is allowed to approach their rooms. It is thought, however, that a number have been exposed to contagion.

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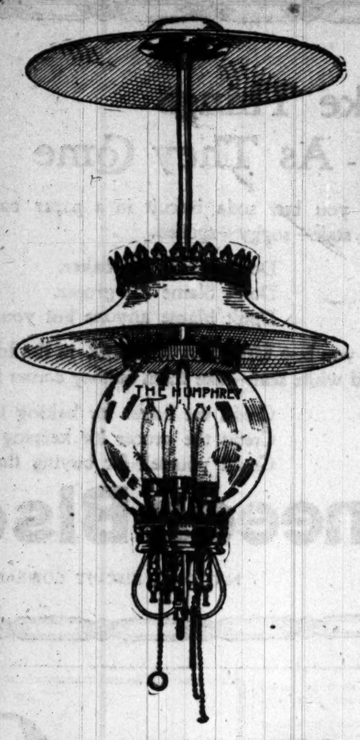

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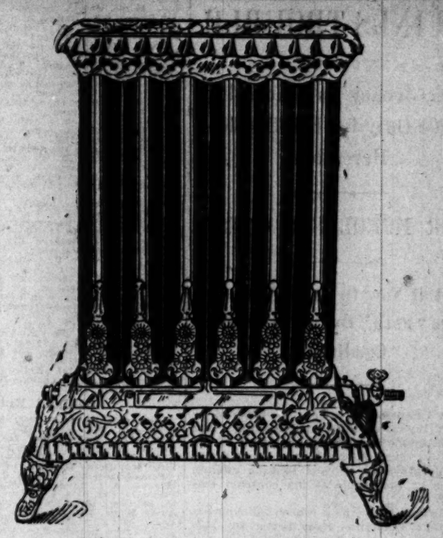

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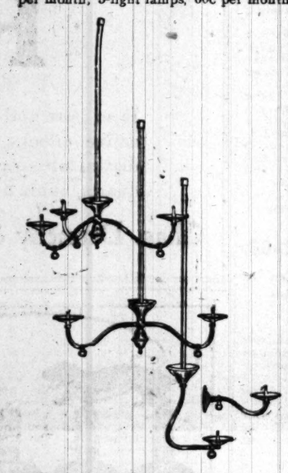

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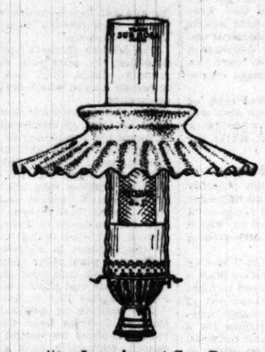

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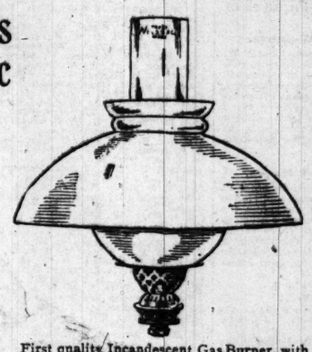

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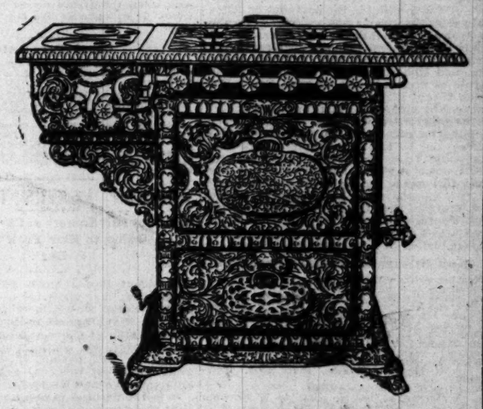

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FIND AN OBJECT LESSON IN PROMISCUOUS CHARITY WORK.

Police Say Thomas Carrier Sold Coal and Food for Liquor—Home for Children, Bridewell for Him.

Opponents of public charity can find support for their position in the case of Thomas Carrier, which was heard in Justice Hall's court at the Harrison street station. Coal and provisions that had been supplied the family by charitable organizations had been sold for liquor, the court was told, and five children lay shivering and hungry in a garret at 3010 Shields avenue.

Reports of the condition of the family reached the Twenty-second street police station, and Patrolman Jacob Wagner made an investigation. He found the five children, huddled together on a mattress spread on the floor. They were scantily covered, and the youngest, a baby, was crying in the arms of a 10 year old sister. The father and mother were asleep, sodden drunk, the officer said. There was no coal and no food.

The children at first would make no complaint, their chief concern seeming to be the fear their father and mother should be roused.

"Hush, don't speak so loud," the elder girl said, "you will awaken them, and papa was so cross last night."

Carrier when arraigned had little to say and all that his children knew was that they were always in distress and in want. Neighbors, familiar with the family, said Carrier had received coal and provisions enough, but that he had sold everything as fast as delivered and had bought liquor.

Justice Hall sentenced the man to six months in the bridewell. The woman and the little ones are still at the station annex. The children will be sent to the Juvenile home.

HOME OF SEGREGATION DONE.

Women Students to Begin Moving Into Lexington Hall, Chicago University, Tomorrow.

Lexington hall, the new home of segregation at the University of Chicago, will be completed tomorrow and the women students will begin to move into their new quarters. Next Monday all the machinery of segregation will be put into operation and the young women will be completely separated from the men in their recitations and campus interests, according to the plan laid out by the university trustees and President Harper. One of the features of the new hall is that it contains a gymnasium which opens into an athletic field for women, which is surrounded by a high brick wall.

TEA MERCHANT GIVEN DIVORCE.

Clarence Bernard Says Wife Deserted Him—A Husband Accused of Selling Food to Buy Drink.

Clarence Bernard, a tea merchant at 34 Wabash avenue and a member of the firm of Bernard & Co. of Yokohama, Japan, was granted a divorce from his wife, Jessica Bernard, yesterday in Judge Chytraus' court on the ground of desertion. The judge has under advisement the plea of Mrs. Jerome Kuentz for a divorce. She testified that her husband had taken all the sauerkraut and coal in the house and sold them for money to buy whisky.

HEALTH RULE FOR TEACHERS DEEMED A WISE MEASURE.

Public School Instructors Generally Approve the Action of the Management Committee—Also Want Vaccination.

School teachers generally seem to approve the action of the school management committee in barring from the schools teachers who are afflicted with infectious diseases. Although the rules applying to the health of pupils have been made stringent the teachers have never been compelled to submit to vaccination or to give an account of their own maladies.

"I am glad the committee took the action it did," said Miss Mary E. Lynch of the Chicago Teachers' club. "Lack of medical regulations as applied to the teachers has always been a menace to the health of the pupils. A teacher as ill as Miss Carpenter is said to be ought not to be allowed to teach."

Principal A. C. Rishel of the Ogden school said: "I am in favor of demanding that teachers be vaccinated and observe the same health regulations as the pupils. It is unfortunate, however, that Miss Carpenter should have to leave the service without a pension."

A number of Christian Scientists were inclined to criticise the action of the committee in making Miss Carpenter's case so conspicuous.

"There are doubtless a large number of teachers in the schools who are in no better condition than Miss Carpenter," said Bicknell Young, reader of the Second church, Scientist. "The board evidently does not accept Christian Science as a healing power. However, we shall respect any rule that is deemed wise by the board."

DECLARES THAT BEAUTY PAYS.

Franklin MacVeagh Asks Rogers Park Women to Aid in Emancipating Chicago from Dirt.

Franklin MacVeagh, president of the Municipal Art league, spoke for an hour yesterday afternoon before the Rogers Park Woman's club condemning Chicago's muddy streets, murky atmosphere, and lack of parks. He ended with an appeal to the women to work for municipal cleanliness and asked a combination of all the clubs in Cook county to beautify Chicago.

"Beauty pays," said Mr. MacVeagh. "When a great modern city like Chicago ceases to care for art it puts itself out of touch with its sisters and with humanity. New York is generally regarded as lacking in the public spirit so generously displayed in Chicago, yet is so far beyond us in beauty that it draws to itself the wealth of the thirty states, of which Chicago is the natural center.

"It is futile to look for better things in an awakening of interest in architecture. First, we must do away with the smoke nuisance and beautify our streets. Give us a satisfactory environment and beautiful architecture will grow.

"The world expects nothing of beauty from us today because we are Chicagoans. Its judgment is too hasty. We know we are better people than our streets. Chicago has a tremendous spiritual life, but because of our streets the world judges us as wholly material.

"Those in close touch with municipal art know that Chicago is on the verge of a great revival of the subject of municipal beauty, which will ultimately make it as attractive as any city."

TWO WIDOWS IN WILL CONTEST.

Letters Testamentary to Public Administrator Revoked and Heirship Will Be Fought Out.

Letters testamentary issued to Public Administrator Joseph H. Strong on petition of a woman claiming to be Amy Florence Morton, widow of Wilson Morton, a wealthy Canadian, were revoked yesterday by Judge Cutting, and Attorney Carroll was appointed administrator pending the proof of heirship.

Morton secured a divorce from his wife, the service being by publication. He married again, according to the claims of the one of the women, and not long afterwards was killed in a railroad wreck.

The first wife, asserting the divorce was illegal, brought a $25,000 damage suit against the railroad company and caused the public administrator in Cook county to be placed in charge of the estate. The second wife is now contesting this procedure.

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And then we have trains for St. Paul, which connect there with tourist sleeping cars for Puget Sound over both the Great Northern and Northern Pacific Railways.

During the same period our ticket rates to intermediate points such as

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BUCHANAN AGAIN FINDS TROUBLE.

Crack Jockey Is Allowed to Ride Only for His Stable Hereafter.

POOR EFFORTS A CAUSE.

Sport at New Orleans a Race for the "Path," Owing to Track Conditions.

New Orleans, La., Feb. 3.—[Special.]—Jockey Buchanan is in trouble again. The stewards today restricted his riding to the stable of Sam Hildreth, and he will not in the future be allowed to take mounts outside of the stable of his contract employer.

The officials give as a reason for their action that Buchanan rides better for Hildreth than he does for other owners, but the real cause for their action is the rides the jockey put up recently on Wealth and Federal. Both caused much comment, and under Buchanan's handling they did not run up to the form which they had displayed in their previous races.

This is not the first time Buchanan's riding has been open to question. W. K. Vanderbilt released him in France a year ago without making any explanation.

Durnell & Herz, for whom he rode here in the early part of the winter, passed him up and employed Redfern to take his place. Whether his bad riding at times is due to carelessness or to something else the stewards are unable to discover.

Owner V. Hughes, who was suspended for running Tancred in his own name when the horse belonged to Capt. Sam Brown, has been restored to good standing.

Path Again in Demand.

The path on the outside edge of the track was the most sought after place on the track by jockeys again this afternoon. In most of the races it was fatal for any rider to try to win on any other part of the course, and there was the usual rush for the outside at the start in every event.

Jockey George Odom made his first appearance of the meeting in the first race on Kilogram and was given a fine welcome from the big crowd, but he failed to land the notorious sulker in the money. He was engaged to ride Glennevis in the last race, but was taken sick, and Robertson rode the colt, and was beaten by a neck by the favorite, Brush By, which fought it out the length of the stretch and passed him in the last few strides.

Three favorites won. A. C. McCafferty thought he was going to take down two purses, but he had to be content with one. Right and True, well backed at odds around 7 to 1, made a show of his company in the seven furlongs at the top of the card and won by two lengths from Lady Alberta, which beat Marshal Neil, the favorite, two lengths, but Ornature, backed for the closing event from 3 to 1 to 2 to 1 by McCafferty and his friends, failed to land inside the money.

New Orleans Summaries Feb. 3.

Weather sultry; track sloppy.

First race, ⅝ mile, purse $400:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
6-1	R't and True, 95 [McC'rty]	3	2°	1°	1°	1°	1°
7-1	Lady Alberta, 108 [Redfern]	5	2°	2°	2°	2°	2°
6-5	Marshal Neil, 112 [Gannon]	4	4°	4°	3°	3°	3°

Time, 1:32 1-5. Kilogram, 112½ pounds [Odom]; Lord Touchwood, 92 [Robbins]; Double C., 92 [Phillips]; Great American, 111½ [E. Robinson]; Fenelon, 112 [Winkfield]; Ceylon, 112 [Battista]; Sir Gatain, 132 [Schilling]; Swordsman, 135 [Redfern]; Whitmore, 132 [Munro], finished as named.

Winner, Mrs. E. Kyle's ch. g., by Atheling—Stonecrop. Start good. Won easily.

Second race, 1 mile, purse $400:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
16-1	Thane, 127 [Foucon]	5	2½	2½	1½	1°
18-5	D'ny Duy, 125 [W. Hicks]	3	5°	4°	2°	2°
6-1	Sue J'nson, 125 [Fuller]	3	1½	1°	2½	3°

Time, 1:47. Aratoma, 132 pounds [Lindsey]; Pent, 140 [J. Winkfield]; Ceylon, 132 [Battista]; Sir Gatain, 132 [Schilling]; Swordsman, 135 [Redfern]; Whitmore, 132 [Munro], finished as named.

Winner, Mrs. E. Kyle's ch. g., by Atheling—Stonecrop. Start good. Won easily.

Third race, 1 mile and 70 yards, purse $400:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
13-5	Rankin, 90 [Robbins]	1	2°	1°	1°	1°
6-5	Potheen, 98 [Redfern]	2	4°°	2°	2°	2°
6-1	Flinlock, 97 [Lindsey]	3	3°	3°	3°°	3°

Time, 1:49 3-5. St. Tammany, 95 pounds [Davison]; Guisante, 95 [Preston], finished as named.

Winner, J. Arthur's b. c., by Miser—Ray o' Light. Start good. Won driving.

Fourth race, ⅝ mile, purse $500, handicap:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
2-5	If You Dare, 118 [Redfern]	1	1°	1°	1°	1°
3-1	Kaloma, 106 [Robbins]	3	3°	2°	2°	2°
9-2	Frank Rice, 100 [J. Wink'ld]	2	2°°	2½	2°	3°°

Time, 1:17 3-5. Ran After, 100 pounds [Tooman]; Fon Soran, 106 [R. Murphy]; Rosy Posy, 100 [W. Higgins]; Lanchen, 104 [Neely]; Crutchfield, 104 [Wishard], finished as named. Winner, Durnell & Herz's ch. g., by Only Dare—Mollie Jones. Start good. Won pulled up.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, purse $400, 3 year olds:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fn.
6-1	Paramount, 97 [Lindsey]	1	2°	3°	1½	1½
4-1	Nellie Forest, 112 [Kelly]	2	1½	1°	2°	2°
8-5	Sen. Morrison, 116 [J. Wink'ld]	4	5°	4°	3°	3°

Time, 1:18 1-5. Lady Mistake, 95 pounds [J. Jones]; Senator Bush, 97 [Fuller]; Mistic, 96 [Redfern]; Martin Brady, 97 [Ceramer], finished as named. Winner, J. Mackessey's ch. f., by Maxio —Tessa II. Start good. Won easily.

Sixth race, ¾ mile, purse $400, 3 year olds:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
6-5	Brush By, 110 [Redfern]	1	2°	2°	2°	1°
9-2	Glennevis, 115 [E. R'b'son]	4	3½	1°	1°	2°
12-1	Fair Lass, 102 [Lindsey]	3	4°	5°	6½	3°

Time, 1:16 4-5. Ornature, 115 pounds [J. Winkfield]; Marco, 104 [Fuller]; Barkelmore, 107 [Mulholland]; Leon De, 97 [D. Gilmore], finished as named. Winner, S. W. Street & Co.'s b. or br. c., by Ben Brush—Atala. Start good. Won driving.

New Orleans Entries.

First race, 1¼ miles—Satin Coat, 113 pounds; Kilogram, 113; Wunderlich, 110; Tammany Chief, 110; Whitmore, 110; Locochee, 110; John Bull, 110; Ironis, 108; Loka, 108; Badger, 105; Aurie B., 88.

Second race, 5½ furlongs, 2 year olds—The Brown Monarch, 113 pounds; Bird Foud, 106; Spencerian, 104; St. Roche, 103; McGonigle, 102; Jessie Weller, 101; Billy Jackson, 101.

Third race, 1 mile, 3 year olds—Safeguard, 105 pounds; Floyd K., 105; Mauser, 104; Orpheum, 103; Daddy Bender, 102; Exapo, 102; Diancan, 102; Spec, 100; Lord Touchwood, 100.

Fourth race, 1-16 miles, handicap—Potheen, 111 pounds; Scotch Plaid, 110; Albert F. Dewey, 95; Sheriff Bell, 94; Fair Lass, 90; Chanterelle, 90.

Fifth race, ¾ mile—Scorpio, 116 pounds; Henry McDaniel, 102; Navarino, 100; Palarm, 99; Philo, 97; Meran, 97; Tom Dunn, 97; Ahumada, 95; Hanover Queen, 95; Miss Aubrey, 94; Tioga, 90; Lizzie Brook, 80.

Sixth race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Ben Chance, 111 pounds; Pyrrho, 108; Campus, 106; Jerry Hunt, 105; Albert Lee, 103; Accolade, 102; Peat, 103; Planeur, 103; Miss Shanklen, 101, 104; Jim Nap, 101; Illuminate, 93; Dodie S., 92.

KENILWORTH TAKES SPRINT.

Big Horse Beats Old England and Byron Rose in Six Furlong Race at Oakland.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 3.—[Special.]—Kenilworth is a remarkable horse. Today he picked up 133 pounds and beat Byron Rose with 108 and Old England with 122. Those who watched Old England's races around New York last summer know the Morris colt was one of the best sprinters on the metropolitan tracks during the season. Taking for granted Old England was not at his best today, Kenilworth's race was still a grand one.

The contest was at 6 furlongs and only three started. Kenilworth, despite his impost, was backed from 6 to 10 to 1 to 2. This betting naturally led to some talk about the "shoo in" and induced some kickers to say Kenilworth had received a helping hand in several recent races, but there seems little foundation for such charges.

Byron Rose is strictly a stretch runner, and Kenilworth and Old England ran up the backstretch together over three lengths in front of the son of Ducat. Around the bend the big horse drew away and entered the stretch with nearly a length lead. Minder made a play with Byron Rose midway up the stretch, and the pair of pursuers came on home together, but Kenilworth stood both off and won by two parts of a length, while Byron Rose beat Old England a nose.

Oakland Summaries Feb. 3.

Weather cloudy; track muddy.

First race, 6½ furlongs, purse $400:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fn.
2-1	Gold. Cottage, 119 [J. Daly]	4	3°	3½	2°	1½
4-1	Nellie Forest, 112 [Kelly]	3	1°	1°	1°	2°
7-1	San Luition, 110 [Bullman]	1	2°	2°	3°	3½

Time, 1:23¾. Sea Lion, 114 pounds [W. Waldo]; Estado, 106 [Hildebrand]; Fiva, Fast, 117 [Woodbury]; Belle Street, 101 [McGovern]; Mythros, 108 [Adkins]; Cherrlez, 106 [Wilkerson]; Katherine Elena, 112 [Frawley]; Grand Sachem, 114 [T. Knight]; Helen Smith, 109 [Birkenruth]; Lord Clievenden, 112 [Chandler]; Martha D., 109 [Donovan], finished as named. Winner, b. c., by Golden Garter—Pink Cottage. Start bad. Won easily.

Second race, ¾ mile, purse $400, 3 year olds, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
4-5	The Major, 112 [T. Burns]	4	1°	1°	1°°	1°°
3-1	W. Nichl, 106 [W. Waldo]	3	2°°	2°	2°	2°
13-1	Oro Viva, 106 [Donovan]	6	4°	3°	3°°	3°°

Time, 1:20¾. Action, 110 pounds [Bullman]; Clausus, 101 [McGovern]; Batidor, 106 [Kelly], finished as named. Winner, b. c., by Midlothian—Ella Smith. Start bad. Won in a canter.

Third race, Futurity course, purse $400, 3 year olds:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
1-2	Slave, 109 [Bullman]	3	1°°	1°	1°	1°
15-1	Blue Miracle, 107 [C. Kelly]	4	2°	4°	2°	2°
25-1	Gyros, 104 [J. Daley]	1	3°	2°°	3°	3°

Time, 1:14. Philaernus, 106 pounds [Minder]; Nigoroo, 108 [Kelly]; The Owl, 107 [Woodbury]; Merwan, 109 [T. Knight]; Toto Gratiot, 107 [Donovan]; The Counselor, 104 [McGrath]; Paddy B., 104 [W. Waldo], finished as named. Carnnal, 107 pounds [Adarie]; Chemlet, 104 [Birkenruth], pulled up. Winner, ch. c., by Ayrshire—L'Esclave. Start bad. Won easily.

Fourth race, ⅝ mile, purse $500, handicap:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
9-20	Kenilworth, 133 [T. Burns]	2	1°	1°	1°	1°
18-5	Byron Rose, 106 [Minder]	1	3°	3°	3°	2°°
11-2	O. England, 122 [W. Waldo]	1	2°°	2°	2°°	3°

Time, 1:15. Winner, br. h., by Sir Modred—Queen Bess. Start good. Won driving.

Fifth race, 1 mile and 50 yards, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
5-1	Fillbuster, 107 [J. Daly]	4	2°	2½	1½	1°
11-5	Tillos, 105 [Birkenruth]	7	3°	1°°	2°°	2°
15-1	F. Pearce, 110 [Frawley]	6	1°	3°°	3°	3°

Time, 1:48¾. Rosario, 105 pounds [Adkins]; Rim Rock, 110 [Waterbury]; Palmetta, 105 [Donnelly]; The Miller, 97 [Watson]; Windward, 105 [W. Waldo]; The Fiddler, 102 [Bredin]; Forte, 110 [Bullman]; Learoyd, 107 [J. Boyd], finished as named. Winner, ch. g., by Longside—Little Mollie. Start good. Won driving.

Sixth race, 1 mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
3-1	Urchin, 111 [T. Burns]	5	4°	2°	2°°	1°
12-1	Sleep, Child., 106 [Minder]	3	1°	1°	1°	2°
15-1	Mr. Dingle, 92 [Adkins]	1	2°°	3°°	3°°	3°

Time, 1:43¾. Idogo, 104 pounds [Donovan]; Silver Flax, 107 [Birkenruth]; Evander, 104 [W. Waldo]; Canejo, 107 [Kelly], finished as named. Winner, br. g., by Kingston—Mary M. Start good. Won driving.

Oakland Entries.

First race, ⅝ mile—Billy Moore, 112 pounds; Louvelma, 110; Prue, 110; Lecturer, 110; Miss Vera, 110; Yellowstone, 110; Sailor, 107; Star Cotton, 107; Rud Hyndicks, 107; Maraschino, 107; King Herald, 107; Rey Hooker, 107; Stella Perkins, 105; Dollie Wiethoff, 105; The Miller, 102.

Second race, 5½ furlongs, 3 year olds, selling—Maroma, 107, by Amigo—Argentina, 106 pounds; Punctillo, 106; Flea, b. or br. c., by Herald—Resell, 106; Rose Parr, 106; Reserved, 106; Juana, 103; Annie Marie, 103; Minimum, b. c., by Maximo—Beryl, 103; Floriana Bell, 103.

Third race, ¾ mile—Fairbury, 112 pounds; Frank Mayo, 112; Hernota, 112; Kickumbob, 112; Pat Morrissey, 112; Tyranus, 112; Bogus Bill, 112; Platonius, 112; Bonnie Lassie, 110; Velma Clark, 110; Annie Max, 110; Homage, 110; Claudator, 107; Tisona, 107; Azarine, 106.

Fourth race, 1¼ miles—Autolight, 112 pounds; St. Sever, 108; Hermencia, 107; Axminster, 107; Surelio, 107; Poorlands, 106; July Gip, 103; Ultruda, 102; Bessie McCarthy, 100.

Fifth race, ¾ mile—Quiz, 110 pounds; Huachuca, 110; Stuyve, 107; Ada N., 106; Rose of Hilo, 102; Diamanta, 100; Sylvia Talbot, 94; Quartre, 93; Ball Room Belle, 88; Gypsano, 86; Winifred Weir, 82.

Sixth race, 1 mile—Dunblane, 112 pounds; Dideriot, 109; Peaceful, 107; Maggie Felix, 99; Fossil, 84.

Poole Likes Eastern Weights.

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 3.—[Special.]—G. W. Poole, trainer of M. H. Tichenor's string of runners, is satisfied with the allotment of weights in the Brighton, Suburban, and Brooklyn handicaps. Poole will ship the entire stable east after the Montgomery park meeting. Flocarline, the 3 year old winner of the Preliminary Derby at New Orleans, was assigned ninety-six pounds in the Suburban and the same weight in the Brooklyn, which pleases Poole.

Cleveland Adopts Short Races.

Cleveland, O., Feb. 3.—[Special.]—In order to do away with the lapping up of races and also to provide more interesting races for the public, the Cleveland Driving Park association has decided to give nothing but two in three heat races at the Grand Circuit meeting this summer. The number of races will be twenty-five instead of twenty, as heretofore. It will provide five races for each afternoon.

Local Turf Notes.

Entries for the spring and summer stake events of the Chicago Jockey club (Hawthorne) will close on Saturday.

Official lists of American Derby and other stake entries for the Washington park meeting are expected to be announced on Saturday.

Secretary Martin Nathanson of the Harlem Jockey club left last night for a trip to New Orleans and through the southern circuit, partly in the interest of the Harlem stakes, which close the latter part of this month, and partly for a pleasure trip.

JOHNSON LEAVES FOR EAST.

Will Consult Somers at Cleveland Before Going to New York to Close Deal.

President Ban Johnson of the American league left last night for Cleveland, where he will confer with Somers and Killfoyl relative to the progress made in New York. After a stop at Cleveland of a day or two, Mr. Johnson will continue on to New York, where he will personally superintend the final details of the deal and probably will announce the new grounds.

It is the fashion in some quarters to deny that the American league has been able to secure grounds on the island of Manhattan. The long delay in announcing the location gives room for this argument, but Ban Johnson has never once admitted it possible his league could not secure the grounds it desired, and Johnson has yet to fail to make good on a promise.

It has been decided the American league season will open on April 22.

No Schedule at This Meeting.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 3.—President Hermann of the Cincinnati club, Robison of the St. Louis club, and Dreyfuss of the Pittsburg club left this afternoon for an outing until Thursday night at the Loughrey club, about thirty miles from this city, on the Indiana bank of the Ohio river. President Hermann's friends in Cincinnati today promised Dreyfuss to take $50,000 worth of stock in the proposed purchase of the Philadelphia National league club.

Ganzell Recovers from Smallpox.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Feb. 3.—John Ganzel, who is to play with the New York American league team this season, was today released from quarantine, after suffering from a mild attack of smallpox.

GAMES IN BOWLING LEAGUES.

Grands Average 946 1-3 and Shut Out the Currans in the Union Tournament —Drexels Beat Lee's Royals.

The Grand team, in the Union league, last night averaged 946⅓ and won all three games from the Currans. O. Leonard led the winners with an average of 223⅓. By winning three games from Lee's Royals the Drexels took first place in the Phœnix league. Nicollet's men averaged 937. Scores:

UNION BOWLING LEAGUE.

Curran.	1.	2.	3.	Grands.	1.	2.	3.
McLean	141	171	134	Leonard	202	244	224
Maypole	122	132	128	W. Klose	167	207	185
Hoff'nk'mp	163	145	198	Pasdeloupe	167	192	170
Wengler	226	190	195	O. Klose	148	183	166
Berry	168	182	217	Kelly	210	178	216
Totals	820	820	866	Totals	894	1004	941

Pioneer	910	895	923	Halls	807	923	867

PHOENIX LEAGUE.

Drexels.	1.	2.	3.	Lees.	1.	2.	3.
Nicollet	190	224	204	L. Moore	189	145	194
Colton	191	147	170	Simpson	212	188	161
Edgerton	181	177	214	G. Moore	191	221	176
Foulds	191	155	187	Wilkins	167	147	171
Karnes	210	187	177	Lee	183	189	213
Totals	963	890	952	Totals	942	890	915

Drexels won rolloff of tie.

ENGLEWOOD LEAGUE.

Auburn Pk.	914	931	966	Normal Pk.	888	816	878

PAINT, OIL, AND VARNISH LEAGUE.

P. S. & Co.	746	770	707	Rub. P. Co.	722	776	720
H.-Mil. Co.	751	825	762	C. Var. Co.	744	730	815

BANKERS' LEAGUE.

First Nat.	812	862	803	Com. Nat.	744	743	722

BUSINESS MEN'S LEAGUE.

Lithos	883	878	822	Dr. Trade.	959	853	819

METROPOLITAN LEAGUE.

Rivale	847	925	886	Premiers	731	900	805

LAKE VIEW LEAGUE.

Oakdale	953	938	903	Cornelia	891	795	945
Erie	960	808	914	Superb	816	763	790

NORTH CHICAGO LEAGUE.

Ben Alls.	902	877	937	No. Parks.	812	892	818
Crescents	886	926	887	Paramounts	826	718	783

NORTHWEST LEAGUE.

Wahoo	967	878	849	Olympia	789	855	817

HUMBOLDT LEAGUE.

West Side.	731	835	773	Orioles	796	789	800

BENSINGER LEAGUE.

Monroe	805	848	809	Schraffts	940	845	806

GARFIELD PARK LEAGUE.

Hallex	857	878	879	Garfields	942	825	831

COAL LEAGUE.

Y. & L. C. Co.	786	747	864	P'body C. Co.	817	840	819

SOUTH WATER STREET LEAGUE.

Newhalls	773	923	878	T. & Jordan.	779	856	796

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Marvels	854	800	875	Lawlers	744	789	726

MADISON LEAGUE.

La Azora.	897	913	888	Melrose	835	887	905

MANHATTAN LEAGUE.

Pilgrim	866	940	919	Havorka	743	896	803

Howley and Peifer Win.

Howley and Peifer won their first match from Kenna and Schmidt, played yesterday at Thompson's alleys, by fifty-six pins. Scores:

							Avge.
Howley	224	247	221	224	256	190	240—228 5-7
Peifer	147	171	205	200	142	211	174—178 4-7
Schmidt	216	188	150	213	232	240	237—212 1-7
Kenna	195	233	198	188	151	187	159—187 2-7

A return match will be played at Kenna's alleys Friday afternoon.

Atherton Wins Wrestling Bout.

Ithaca, N. Y., Feb. 3.—Ed Atherton of Buffalo and Tom Riley of England engaged in a wrestling bout here tonight for a purse of $200 and the middleweight championship. Atherton won in two falls.

MARKS GIVEN TRACK MEN.

HANDICAPS ARE ANNOUNCED FOR FIRST REGIMENT MEET.

C. O. Duplessis, the Official Handicapper, Gives Out List of Entries in the Various Events, with Allowances — Over Two Hundred and Fifty Athletes, the Largest Number Ever Entered in Local Track Contests, to Compete.

The handicaps for the indoor track handicap athletic meet to be held under the auspices of the First Regiment Athletic association at the Michigan avenue armory tomorrow night were announced last night by the official handicapper, C. O. Du Plessis. Over 250 athletes, the largest number which has ever taken part in a regiment meet, are entered in the various events.

The entries and handicaps are as follows:

40 yard dash—C. A. Blair, U. of C., scratch; George Senn, U. of C., 1 foot; Walter H. Eckersoll, F. R., 2 feet; George Smith, F. R., 2 feet; Harvey E. Kirby, N. D. U., 2 feet; T. B. Taylor, U. of C., 2 feet; Frank P. Davey, N. D. U., 3 feet; William A. Draper, N. D. U., 3 feet; M. B. Herbert, F. R., 3 feet; Hugo Friend, U. of C., 3 feet; R. B. Kelley, U. of C., 3 feet; Charles F. Kahler, N. D. U., 3 feet; F. W. Schule, M. A. C., 3 feet; B. C. Andrews, U. of C., 3 feet; Edward M. Tourtelot, Central Y. M. C. A., 4 feet; M. B. Wellington, C. Y. M. C. A., 4 feet; Pete Hammond, F. R., 4 feet; Claude F. Smith, N. W. U., 4 feet; S. B. Powers, Un., 4 feet; Roger T. Jones, N. W. U., 4 feet; Otto H. Haecke, F. R., 4 feet; Frank R. Duffy, F. R., 4 feet; E. F. Valiette, Star A. C., 4 feet; Norman Barker, F. R., 4 feet; D. Horvitz, U. of C., 4 feet; S. Wightman, U. of C., 4 feet; Samuel C. Johnson, N. W. U., 4 feet; R. W. Merrifield, U. of C., 4 feet; H. H. Ellsworth, U. of C., 4 feet; Daniel Levy, C. Y. M. C. A., 5 feet; William Carter, L. F. college, 5 feet; Sam B. Herdman, L. F. C., 5 feet; R. S. Scott, L. F. college, 5 feet; Charles E. Stahl, N. W. U., 5 feet; Thomas Feebles, F. R., 5 feet; Zell Pettett, F. R., 5 feet; Frank Lasley, F. R., 5 feet; O. Ratcliff, Kershaw A. C., 5 feet; Fred J. Clifford, C. Latin S., 5 feet; George C. Edwards, River Forest A. C., 5 feet; M. B. Loner, C. K. A. A., 5 feet; Francis Anderson, W. S. Y. M. C. A., 5 feet; Milton G. Cirkle, C. Y. M. C. A., 5 feet; W. McDonough, Y. M. C. A., 6 feet; Edward F. Larson, C. Y. M. C. A., 6 feet; C. J. Ryan, Y. M. C. A., 6 feet; W. O. Mathews, N. W. academy, 6 feet; B. H. Falter, F. R., 6 feet; O. C. Davis, N. W. U., 6 feet; M. A. Suddoth, N. W. U., 6 feet; M. S. Wolf, F. R., 6 feet; Harry V. Wood, F. R., 6 feet; Frank A. Martin, F. R., 6 feet; Charles Zimmerman, L. F. S., 6 feet; Harry E. Stevens, U. school, 6 feet; Paul Henderson, F. R., 6 feet; Eugene E. Maher, F. R., 6 feet; Edward F. Larson, C. Y. M. C. A., 6 feet; R. B. Burkart, F. R., 6 feet; Mark Catlin, U. of C., 6 feet; Charles Kennedy, U. of C., 6 feet; H. Mock, U. of C., 6 feet; R. H. Montgomery, C. Latin school, 6 feet; Theodore Llewellyn, W. S. Y. M. C. A., 6 feet; Walter Steffens, N. D. H. S., 6 feet; De Tray, N. D. H. S., 6 feet; L. E. Burgkart, F. R., 7 feet; Lion Gardiner, F. R., 7 feet; M. J. Webster, F. R., 7 feet; H. Gustafson, Un., 7 feet; A. R. Arens, C. T. G., 7 feet; T. Bremer, S. D. H. S., 7 feet; Earl H. Deskin, L. J., 7 feet; M. G. Yondorf, U. of C., 7 feet; Maxime Van Cleef, C. Y. M. C. A., 8 feet; H. Duesing, C. Y. M. C. A., 8 feet; F. A. Speik, U. of C., 9 feet.

880 yard run, handicap—William G. Uffendell, F. R., scratch; Walter M. Daley, N. D. U., 10 yards; Elmer W. Eckersoll, F. R., 15; J. Whyte, F. R., 20; Oliver Rogers, N. W. U., 25; R. E. Baer, Un., 25; M. B. Pratt, Un., 30; Abe Kalman, N. W. U., 30; Walter Quitman, N. W. U., 30; H. J. Whyte, F. R., 35; R. J. Schnur, L. F. S., 35; L. White, Un., 35; Edgar N. Read, N. W. U., 35; S. B. Parkinson, U. of C., 40; L. E. Burgkart, F. R., 40; B. N. Rinde, N. W. U., 40; Y. A. Woodworth, U. of C., 40; W. D. Maclean, E. T. H. S., 45; W. E. Clow Jr., U. S., 50.

Two mile run, handicap—Joseph Bredsteen, F. R., A. A., scratch; Eli Gale, U. of C., scratch; Francis Duhne, Mil. A. C., scratch; J. C. Weir, F. R. A. A., 30 yards; G. C. Holton, F. R. A. A., 30; R. B. Barrett, F. R. A. A., 40; Mark Turner, F. R. A. A., 50; F. M. Duessing, C. Y. M. C. A., 80; George F. Leigler, N. D. U., 80; H. H. Hatch, R. F. A. C., 80; E. F. Vallette, Star A. C., 90; C. P. A. Patterson, C. Y. M. C. A., 90; Edwin Hessley, Edg. A. C., 100; J. C. Holton, Un., 100; Edward E. Brown, U. of C., 110.

One mile run, handicap—Joseph Bredsteen, F. R., scratch; Harry W. Anderson, F. R., 20 yards; George F. Leigler, N. D. U., 25; Francis Duhne, Mil. A. C., 25; Arthur H. Haight, Un., 25; Cenry L. Low, Un., 30; Charles Haight, Un., 30; Roy Lammert, H. P. H. S., 35.

C. Kalofell, L. Inst., 35 yards; Edgar N. Read, N. W. U., 35; Maxwell L. Spaulding, Un., 35; Edwin Hessley, Edg. A. C., 40; R. J. Whyte, F. R., 40; E. F. Vallette, Star A. C., 40; W. F. Maclear, Ev. T. H. S., 40; C. E. Baker, Aelot. A. C., 50; Herbert Jamieson, Ev. T. H. S., 50; A. C. Hultquist, So. S. Acad., 60; W. T. Walker, C. Lat. S., 60; Herbert H. Moorehouse, Kirshaw A. C., 65.

440 YARDS RUN, HANDICAP.

George Smith, F. R., scratch; Walter H. Eckersall, F. R., 12 yards; Thomas Feebles, F. R., 12; Zell Pettet, F. R., 12; Charles E. Stahl, N. W. U., 12; Samuel A. C. Johnson, N. W. U., 14; Claude F. Smith, N. W. U., 14; Charles F. Kahler, N. D. U., 14; Irwin L. Levy, Un., 14; L. P. Forbes, Un., 15; Paul Henderson, F. R., 15; Frank Lasley, F. R., 15; Frank P. Davey, N. D. U., 15; Horvitz, U. of C., 15; Martin Karper, Un., 15; S. B. Powers, Un., 15; Lion Gardener, F. R., 16; Frank R. Duffy, F. R., 16; J. E. Miller, N. W. U., 16; Oliver Rogers, N. W. U., 16; Roger T. Jones, N. W. U., 16; Milton G. Circle, Cent. Y. M. C. A., 16; F. W. Schule, M. A. C., 16; George D. Hiems, F. R., 16; Pete Hammond, F. R., 18; O. C. Davis, N. W. U., 18; H. Duesing, Cent. Y. M. C. A., 18; L. E. Burgkart, F. R., 20; Norman Barker, F. R., 20; H. Gustafson, Un., 20; Leonard Mass, N. W. U., 20; H. Mock, U. of C., 20; Marion S. Wolf, F. R., 22; Harry Wood, F. R., 22; Charles B. Lickweg, C. T. G., 22; S. N. Rinde, N. W. U., 22; A. R. Arens, C. T. G., 22.

POLE VAULT, HANDICAP.

Frank A. Martin, F. R. A. A., scratch; L. R. Black, Un., 1 inch; L. M. Booth, C. Y. M. C. A., 1; Fred Roepenack, C. T. G., 4; Harry W. Bishop, Edg. A. C., 5; Roy G. Rennecker, Edg. A. C., 6; Merrill Follansbee, Un., 6; Charles Kennedy, U. of C., 8; R. Morris, C. Y. M. C. A., 6; Sigmund Christoffersen, Un., 8; Augustus Reinhold, N. W. U., 12; Walter Dudley, Ev. T. H. S., 14; R. E. Maycock, C. Y. M. C. A., 16.

PUTTING SIXTEEN POUND SHOT HANDICAP.

Harley E. Kirby, N. D. U., scratch; F. A. Speik, U. of C., 1 foot 3 inches; Robert Maxwell, U. of C., 1 foot 6 inches; H. B. Webster, F. R. A. A., two feet; William A. Draper, N. D. U., two feet; Charles W. Gridley, F. R. A. A., three feet; Frank Martin, F. R. A. A., three feet; Leroy Wetzel, Un., three feet; Arthur Baird, N. W. U., four feet; Zell Pettet, F. R. A. A., four feet six inches; E. J. A. Gold, C. Y. M. C. A., four feet six inches; Rogers, N. W. U., 5 feet; M. A. Suddoth, N. W. U., 6 feet; M. S. Wolf, F. R., 6 feet; Harry V. Wood, F. R., 6 feet; Frank A. Martin, F. R., 6 feet; Charles Zimmerman, L. F. S., 6 feet; Harry E. Stevens, U. school, 6 feet; Paul Henderson, F. R., 6 feet; Eugene E. Maher, F. R., 6 feet; Edward F. Larson, C. Y. M. C. A., 6 feet; C. J. Ryan, Y. M. C. A., 6 feet; W. O. Mathews, N. W. academy, 6 feet; B. H. Falter, F. R., 6 feet; O. C. Davis, N. W. U., 6

TO DOUBLE BANK CAPITAL

LARGE STOCKHOLDERS FAVOR FORT DEARBORN INCREASE.

Probably Will Not Be Done Before July —New Management Expects to Push Institution Ahead—Incorporation of New Companies Increases with Easier Money Market — Solomon Sturges Predicts Higher Prices for Securities Within Ninety Days.

Large stockholders of the Fort Dearborn National bank have under consideration a plan to double the capital stock. It is now $500,000, and it is proposed to make it $1,000,000. It is probable the increase will be made about the middle of the year. No formal action has yet been taken.

At the annual meeting in January former President John A. King retired and was succeeded by L. A. Goddard, who had been vice president and cashier. The interests which had been buying into the bank for some months desired to conduct it on less conservative lines. The institution had not been growing, proportionately, as successfully as other local banks.

The deposits at the time of the last statement to the controller were $4,728,625. The capital was $500,000, the surplus $100,000, and the undivided profits $20,288, making a total of $620,288 standing as a liability to secure deposits. The amount is about 11 per cent of gross deposits.

It is not improbable that before the year is over one of the large trust companies will also increase its capital stock. The shares are being picked up by good buyers.

Bankers' National stock has been firm in the last few days on the understanding of an increase of the dividend rate from 6 per cent to 8 per cent. The shares yesterday were 175 bid.

Incorporations for January.

Easier money in New York caused an increase in the total amount of new capital by new concerns incorporated in eastern states. The effect of the money market on new incorporations may be plainly seen in the record of the last four months, as follows:

January, 1903	$177,990,000
December, 1902	97,250,000
November, 1902	115,140,000
October, 1902	244,550,000

The money market began growing close in October, was still tighter in November, and the worst slump in the stock market occurred in December. The volume of incorporations followed the results of tight money.

But while new companies have come into existence there is behind a great volume of undigested securities which have not yet been marketed, and which are ever ready to be put out when the general security list shows pronounced strength.

Mr. Sturges Looks for Better Prices.

Solomon Sturges of A. L. Baker & Co. has just returned from New York. In speaking of the market situation there he said among other things:

"Most of the financial people I talked with in New York believe in higher prices. At the present time they do not anticipate a great deal of activity, but in nearly every instance it was believed that within ninety days we would have much better markets.

"As to money, the general belief is that there will be no easy rates this year. Time loans, it was thought, would not go below 4 per cent. The demand is so good that a material recession is not expected.

"Two or three prominent men there have been buyers of Erie stocks and also of Brooklyn Rapid Transit. They have advised their friends to purchase these securities.

"Some of the ultra conservative financiers are not enthusiastic on the heavy expenditures of the Pennsylvania, and in consequence a great deal of long stock has been coming on the market. Shares purchased around par have been sold at these prices. This, in itself, does not look encouraging. There is a disposition also to dispose of holdings in New York Central. That company has had judgments rendered against it by the lower courts for the loss of life in the tunnel that seem extraordinarily large. For instance, I saw a list of seven persons in whose favor damages amounting to $460,000 had been granted. While these cases will probably be appealed, they go to show the temper of the courts. There is no $5,000 limit for loss of life in New York state.

"I cannot help feeling bullish myself, but in a conservative way. I am confident there is no money on the short side of the market at the present time and I found this to be the general sentiment in New York."

Railway Earnings.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL.

		Increase.
Fourth week January	$ 153,000	$ 11,657
Month of January	456,300	32,063
From July 1	3,878,516	388,078

The Denver and Rio Grande railroad, including Rio Grande Western, reports for December:

Gross	$ 1,446,503	$ *856
Operating expenses	877,797	*31,133
Net	568,706	30,477
Other income	6,123	*1,135
Total net	574,829	29,342
Fixed charges and taxes, insurance and rentals	331,384	23,958
Balance	243,445	5,384
Renewal fund	10,000	5,384
Surplus	233,445	5,384
From July 1—Gross	9,280,387	131,972
Operating expenses	5,500,780	*96,020
Net	3,779,608	218,001
Other income	63,450	15,556
Total net	3,834,058	233,557
Fixed charges and taxes, insurance and rentals	1,948,519	100,512
Balance	1,885,539	124,045
Renewal fund	60,000	Unchgd.
Balance	1,825,539	124,045
Dividend	1,110,000	
Surplus	715,539	124,045

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE.

For six months ended Dec. 31:

Gross	$17,488,195	$2,316,783
Expenses	11,632,866	1,350,989
Net	5,855,329	965,829
Surplus	1,777,833	825,369

WABASH.

Fourth week	$ 561,176	$ 26,531
Month	1,672,453	12,243
From July 1	12,518,036	920,210

*Decrease.

New York Curb Quotations.

Following were closing quotations on the New York curb:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can Do pfd	9½ 48	10 49½
Cobalt Copper	2	3
Gas Copper	7½	7¾
Rate Gas	1	1
Powder pfd	103½	104
Improvement	5¼	6
Electric Vehicle Do pfd	9¾	7¾
Coal	12	12¾
Do pfd	20	28
Cigar	36	42
Do pfd	52	53½
Bond & Share	61	64
Do pfd	2	2¾
Securities	11¾	113
Transit	3¾	4
Electric	16	11
Elevator	42¼	43
Do pfd	97	98½
& Enameling	36	36½
Do pfd	90	95
Air Line	26	27
Do pfd	42¼	43
Gold	739	742

Foreign Exchange Prices.

Foreign exchange closed steady at the following figures:

SELLING.

Paris	5.16¼
London	487¾
Berlin	487¼
	95-1-32

BUYING.

Sight, London, bankers'	483¾
Documentary	483¾
Hamburg	94⅞
Antwerp	5.18¾
France	5.20
Holland	40 1-16
Sight, Holland	39 13-16

Atchison Earnings.

In the calendar year 1902 the Atchison company earned 6 per cent on its common stock after the payment of all charges. This compares with 9 per cent in 1901. The difference is largely attributable to the failure of the corn crop in 1901 and the heavy increase in charges ahead of the common last year. The Wall Street Journal has compiled the following table comparing operations covering three years:

	1902.	1901.	1900.
Gross	$59,353,881	$58,404,462	$49,365,312
Net	35,274,484	33,731,217	29,054,661
Interest, etc.	$24,679,397	$24,673,245	$20,310,551
Rentals	2,214,639	2,180,137	1,858,011
	$22,464,158	$22,493,108	$18,452,540
Dividends	1,140,858	340,000	270,000
Total net	$23,615,616	$22,833,108	$18,722,540
Balance	11,635,180	7,942,870	7,750,875
Interest	$11,980,436	$14,890,238	$10,971,665
Balance	5,706,979	5,708,976	*5,709,976
Gross	$ 6,270,460	$ 9,180,262	$ 5,261,689
Net	6.1%	9.0%	5.1%

*Four per cent paid.

Interest on the serial debentures have been paid for only eleven months of 1902, but we have taken the amount for a full year, together with the sinking fund charges.

"December gross increased $210,000, of which $21,000 was reflected in net. This showing is about in line with those of the three previous months, when the statements began to show a recovery from the effects of the corn failure. The poor showing of net earnings, however, is discouraging, unless maintenance charges have been much larger than usual. With its new equipment and extensive improvements the road should maintain net earnings in spite of the advanced costs of operation."

General Financial News.

The annual meetings of the Diamond Match company and the Knickerbocker Ice company will be held today. The Match meeting will take place at 10 o'clock at the Illinois Trust and Savings bank. The Ice meeting will be at the offices of the company in the New York Life building.

The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railway company has applied to the New York stock exchange to list $1,000,000 additional mortgage 4 per cent bonds of 1988.

The subtreasury statement shows that in its operations with the banks since last Friday it has gained $3,843,000.

Directors of the Colorado and Southern railway company will soon meet to declare the semi-annual dividend on the first preferred stock, and there is reason to believe the 2 per cent rate will be declared.

The Philadelphia company of Pittsburg has declared the usual semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent on the preferred stock, payable March 2, to holders of record Feb. 10.

Good Can Earnings.

An official of the American Can company says that January was the best month for both gross and net earnings in the history of the company. It has been due largely to plant concentration.

Chicago Stocks.

Chicago Union Traction common dropped to 9 yesterday on the local exchange. The weakness originated in New York. Lake Street Elevated was also weak at the opening, but firmed up somewhat at the close. There was nothing doing in City Railway, North or West Chicago. The general list was inclined to work fractionally lower. Bonds were firm.

Sales on the Chicago stock exchange yesterday were as follows:

	Shares.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	115	10¾	10	10¾
Do pfd	100	48	48	48
American Shipbuilding	120	51	51	51
Chicago Edison	50	162¾	162¼	162¼
Chicago Pneumatic Tool	100	80	78	80
Chicago Telephone	265	158	*157	157
Chicago Union Traction	200	9¼	9	9¼
Erie	50	41¾	41¼	41¼
Diamond Match	170	142	139	138¾
Lake Street Elevated	801	7¼	6¾	7¼
Metropolitan Elevated pfd.	120	87	86½	86½
Milwaukee Brewing pfd.	137	20	20	20
National Biscuit	112	46⅝	46⅜	46½
Do pfd	115	106¾	106¼	106¾
Northwestern Elevated	150	32½	32¼	32½
Ontario Western	200	34½	34⅜	34⅜
People's Gas	50	107¾	107½	107⅝
Quaker Oats pfd	50	90⅝	90¼	90⅜
South Side Elevated	150	109¾	109	109
Swift & Co	50	126	126	126
United Boxboard pfd	595	46½	45½	45⅝
United States Steel	50	37⅝	37⅜	37⅝
Western Stone	50	20½	20½	20½

*Ex. div. 2½ per cent.

BONDS.

$1000 Cass Ave 5s	102	$1000 Loop 5s	112
1000 Met. L 4s	100¾	2000 do	112⅝
5000 do	100⅝		

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week ago were:

	Feb. 3.	Jan. 27.
New York	$362,645,424	$271,670,018
Chicago	30,008,663	28,130,754
Boston	22,470,663	22,476,644
Philadelphia	25,218,547	23,576,644
St. Louis	8,522,843	8,201,185
Baltimore	5,843,962	6,648,071

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, 10@15c premium before; clearings, 10c premium after; St. Louis, par.

IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railway Shares and Other Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Wabash debenture B's overshadowed the bond market, which was otherwise irregular. Total sales, par value, $5,375,000. United States bonds were all unchanged on the last call.

Close: Money on call steady at 2@3 per cent, closing 2½. Time money easier, all periods 4½@4¾ per cent. Close: Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5; sterling exchange firm, closed steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 486.95@487 for demand and 484@484.10 for sixty day bills; posted rates, 484½ and 487¼; commercial bills, 483@484; bar silver, 47⅜c; Mexican dollars, 37½c; government bonds steady; state bonds firm. Railroad bonds irregular.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
Amn. Sugar	9,700	127⅞	127⅜	128⅞	128¾
Do pfd	100	121	121	121	121¼
Amn. Locomotive	1,100	29¼	28¾	29¼	29
Do pfd	200	94	94	94	93⅞
Amn. Cotton Oil pfd	100	96	96	96	
Amn. Bicycle pfd	100	⅝	⅝	⅝	
Amn. Smelting	6,200	47¼	46½	47	46¾
Do pfd	6,100	97	95⅞	96⅝	95¾
Amn. Hide & Leather	200	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾
Allis-Chalmers	100	18¼	18¼	18¼	
Amn. Car Foundry	1,000	40¾	40¾	40¾	41
Do pfd	400	91½	91½	91½	91¾
Amn. Ice	900	11¾	11¼	11½	11¾
Do pfd	3,300	40¾	40	40¾	41⅜
Amn. Woolen	100	14	14	14	
Atchison	7,100	87¾	87½	87⅝	87½
Do pfd	1,600	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾
Anaconda	7,000	103¾	103½	103¾	102
Amalg. Copper	35,300	68¾	67¾	68½	68
Am. Dist. Tel	100	38¾	38¾	38¾	
Buttericks	700	52¾	52¾	52¾	52½
Brook'n Rap. Tran.	1,500	65¾	67¾	68	68
Brunswick	1,000	14	14	14	14
Balto. & Ohio	1,800	101¾	100¾	101½	101¼
Do pfd	200	96	95¾	96	
B. R. & P. pfd	100	148	148	148	
Corn Prod	1,900	33¾	33	33¾	33
Chi. & Alton	2,000	36¾	35¾	36½	36¼
Do pfd	200	71	71	71	
C., M. & St. P.	4,900	178½	177¾	178	178¼
C., R. I. & P.	29,900	48¾	47½	48¼	47⅝
Do pfd	1,900	81¾	80¾	81	81
Ches. & Ohio	300	52	51¾	52	52¼
Canadian Pacific	1,900	137¼	136½	137	137
Con. Gas [N. Y.]	700	217½	217½	217½	216¼
Colo. & Southern	300	29½	29½	29¾	30¼
Chi. Un. Tract	2,000	10¾	8¾	10¾	9
Colo. Fuel & Iron	700	75¼	73¾	74¾	74
C. & H. C. & I.	100	19	19	19	19
Chi. & Gt. West	1,200	27¾	27½	27¾	27½
Do pfd B	2,300	44¾	44¼	44¾	44⅝
Del. & Hudson	100	18	18	18	18
Do pfd	100	34½	34½	34½	
Del. & Hudson	2,500	183¼	181¾	182	182½
Dist. of Am	300	31¾	31½	31½	31½
D., S. S. & A	200	17¾	17¾	17¾	
Do pfd	100	36	36	36	
Erie	27,900	49¾	49¾	41	41¾
Do 1st pfd	17,600	73	72¾	72¾	72½
Do 2d pfd	19,300	63¾	61¾	62¼	61¾
E. & T. H	100	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾
Gen. Electric	1,700	193½	191¾	193	194
Gen. Chem. pfd	100	101	101	101	
Hocking Valley	200	101½	101¼	101½	102
Do pfd	200	97½	97½	97½	
Ill. Central	400	145¾	145¼	145¾	145½
Internat'al Paper	900	19¼	18	19¼	
Do pfd	300	72¾	72¾	72¾	
K. C., F. S. & M. pfd	2,400	70¾	70¼	70¾	70¾
Kas. City So	1,100	34¾	34	34¾	
Do pfd	800	90¾	89¾	90¾	90½
K. & D. M	1,900	37	35¾	37	35¾
Louisv. & Nashv	1,300	126½	126	126¾	126⅝
L. E. & W	100	47¼	47¼	47¼	
Laclede Gas	100	105	105	105	
Manhattan rites	1,400	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
Met. Securities	4,100	122¾	121	121¾	121
M., S. P. & S. S. M.	200	74	74	74	73¾
Do pfd	300	124¾	124	124¾	124¼
Manhattan	1,200	145	144¼	145	144¾
M., K. & T	900	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾
Do pfd	500	60	60	60	60
Met. St. Ry	1,200	138	137¼	138	137¾
Mex. Cent. [Ltd.]	400	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¼
Missouri Pac	7,200	112¾	111¾	112¾	111¾
Man. Beach	100	12	12	12	12
Maryland Coal pfd	100	104¾	104¾	104¾	
National Biscuit	200	46¾	46¼	46¾	46½
Do pfd	300	104½	104½	104½	
Nat. R. R. of Mex.	300	19	19	19	
National Lead	8,800	29¾	28	28¾	27½
Do pfd	1,100	94	92¾	92¾	92
N. Y. Central	14,900	150¾	149¼	150¼	151¼
Norfolk & W	700	74	74	74	74
North Amn. Co	100	115	115	115	
N. Y., Ont. & W	9,400	34¾	34¼	34¾	34¾
Ont. Silver	100	6	6	6	
People's Gas	1,900	107¾	107	107¼	107¾
Penna. R. R	35,900	151¾	150	150¾	149¾
Pullman	100	203½	203¼	203¾	203½
Pressed Steel Car	2,500	64	63	63¾	63½
Do pfd	200	93¾	93	93	93¾
P., C. C. & St. L.	100	87	87	87	
Pacific Coast	100	68	68	68	
Do 2d pfd	100	74	74	74	
Rutland pfd	100	67	67	67¼	67½
Reading	8,300	62¾	61¾	62¾	62
Do 2d pfd	200	74¾	74¾	74¾	74½
Rubber Goods	3,700	25¾	25	25¾	25⅝
Do pfd	300	81½	81	81½	80¾
Rep. Iron & Steel	4,900	21¾	21	21¾	21⅝
Do pfd	900	79¼	78¾	79¼	78¾
Ry. Steel Spring	100	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼
Southern Ry	3,700	35¾	35¼	35¾	35¾
Do pfd	300	95¼	95¼	95¾	95½
Southern Pac	5,900	64¾	64	64¾	64½
St. L. S. W	700	29¾	29¾	29¾	29½
St. L. & San. Fran.	10,500	83¼	81¼	81¾	82¾
Do 1st pfd	100	81	81	81	
Do 2d pfd	900	73¾	72	73¼	73
Sloss-Sheffield	500	69	66¼	69	69
Tenn. Coal & Iron	900	30¾	29¾	30¾	30¾
Tol., St. L. & W	100	45	45	45	40
Do pfd	2,800	40¾	39¾	40	40
Texas Pacific	200	18¾	18¾	18¾	
U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	200	53¾	52¾	53¾	
Do pfd	100	129	128	128	
Third Ave	100	124	124	124	124
U. S. Realty	1,200	24	23¾	24	24
Do pfd	100	69½	69½	69½	69½
Tenn. Coal & Iron	500	64¼	63	64¾	63
Un. Ry. Inv. Co. pfd	200	62	62	62	
Union Pacific	12,800	101¾	101	101¾	101¾
Do pfd	300	93¾	93¼	93¾	93¼
U. Bag & Paper pfd	100	78	78	78	
U. S. Rubber	500	53¼	52¾	53¼	53¼
Do pfd	100	97	97	97	97
U. S. Leather	1,200	12¾	12¼	12¾	12¾
Do pfd	1,800	89¾	89¼	89¾	89¾
U. S. Steel	42,900	38¾	37¾	38¾	37¾
Do pfd	19,900	88¼	87¼	88	87¾
U. S. Express	300	149	149	140	149
Vulcan Detin	300	30¼	29¾	30¼	29¾
Wheeling & L. E.	3,500	26¾	25	26	25
Do 1st pfd	100	58	57	58	58
Do 2d pfd	1,500	36½	35	36	
Wabash	11,900	31¾	30¾	30¾	30¾
Do pfd	44,500	47¾	45¾	47¼	45¾
Wis. Cent	600	26¾	26½	26¾	26½
Do pfd	500	52¾	52¼	52¾	52¾
Western Union	100	89¾	89¾	89¾	89¾

Total sales of stocks, 516,100 shares.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. ref 2s reg	109	Do coup	135½
Do coup	109	U. S. old 4s reg	110
U. S. 3s reg	107	Do coup	110
Do coup	107	U. S. 5s reg	102¾
U. S. new 4s reg	134½	Do coup	102¾

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS 10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

41000 Atch gen 4s	102⅛	1000 do 2ds	82
1000 Am Hd L	97	42000 MP 5s	101⅞
13000 B&O 3½s	93¾-94		106¼-¾
46000 do 4s	101⅝-102	3000 do 5s	102⅝-104½
9000 do SW 3½s	89⅝-¾	2500 Met El 6s	110
10000 do PLEWV 4s	96⅛	2000 MSt Ry 5s	117½
10000 Bkyn El 4s	1/2	18000 Mex C 4s	77
1000 BRT 5s	104½	22300 do 1st inc	26-⅜
2000 Can So 2ds	108½	1000 do 2ds	17
7000 CPac UP 1sts	94-¼	5000 M&StL coll 4s	93
2000 CGa con 5s	108⅝	17000 NYCLS 3½s	92-¾
3000 do 1st inc	78	6000 NPac 3s	71⅞-72⅛
22300 C Pac 3½s	80⅜-¾	30000 do 4s	103½-¾
2000 do 4s	99½	25000 NYG&E 5s	94⅝-95
13000 C&O 4½s	106	2000 NC&StL 7s	123½
18000 do con 5s	118¾-119⅛	2000 do con 5s	112
4000 CBQ con	101½	2000 N&W 4s	101¼
83000 do joint	94-¼	54000 Pocahontas	
13000 CR&I P gen		4s	92⅜
4s	106¼-⅜	12000 OR&N 4s	101⅛-¾
98000 do 4s	86⅜-87¼	128000 OSL 4s	95⅛-⅜
1000 CStP M&O 6s	136½	1000 do 6s	123⅜
1000 CPIGM 5s	103	838000 Penn con 3½s	
26000 do con 5s	91-⅞		105⅛-106⅜
19000 CM&StPSM		2000 Peo Gas 2ds	102⅛
5s	113⅛	46000 Rdg gen 4s	97-⅛
3000 Colo&So 4s	90½	2000 Rdg J 4s	95¾
11000 Col Mid 1st		1000 StL&IM 4s	90
4s	79¼-⅜	3000 StLSW 1sts	97
82000 Con Tob 4s	64¾-65	16000 SA&AP 4s	85¾
35000 Det Gas 5s	97-98⅛	9000 SoP 4s	91⅜-½
45000 Ds con 5s	75-76¾	5000 do 4ths	95⅜
252000 Erie gen lien		1000 TexP 1st 5s	117
4s	87¼-88	1000 PStL&W 4s	79
9000 do con 4s	98½-⅝	3000 Tenn Sett 3½s	96⅜
14000 E P 4s	92	76000 UP 4s	103¾
9000 FtW&DCists	111⅜	2170000 do con 4s	105⅜-81½
2000 int Paper 6s	107	11000 Wab 1st 5s	117½
11000 I&GN2ds	90	1074000 do deb B	
865000 KCSo 3s	69¾-⅞		70¾-81½
11000 L&N unf 4s		1000 do Det&C	ex. 109
	101¼-½	1000 WNY&P 4s	96½
1000 do 5s	112	7000 WLE 4s	92⅜-¾
29000 MK&T 4s	98½-¾	1000 WStL 4s	111¾
1000 do 5s Tex	104	6000 do reg	110

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Copper Shares, and Other Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 3.—[Special.]—Heavy trading was of a quiet order, but in the afternoon this gave way to a lively bull demonstration which embraced a variety of the copper specialities, substantial gains being scored in many instances. Call loans, 4@5 per cent. Time loans, collateral, 4½@5 per cent. Time loans, mercantile paper, 4½@5¼ per cent. Clearing house loans, 4 per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	5,800	68	68¼	67⅝	68¼
Adventure	300	14¾	14¾	14¼	14¼
Allouez	725	4¾	5	4⅝	4⅞
Atlantic	470	9	9	9	9
Am. Tel	170	162	163	162	161
Atchison pfd	3	87¼	87¼	87¼	87¼
Do pfd	12	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
Am. Sugar	1,500	128½	128⅝	127⅜	128⅜
Do pfd	38	121	121¼	121	121¼
Agl. Chem	300	24¼	24½	24	24
Do pfd	6	82½	82½	82½	82½
Am. Pneumatic	50	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾
Am. Woolen	100	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼
Anaconda	1,100	26¾	27	26¾	27
Arcadian	160	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
Bingham	700	34¾	34¾	33½	34¾
British Col	100	8	8	8	8
Copper Range	2,750	68¾	68¾	65¾	65¾
Calumet	9	510	520	510	515
Cons. Mercur	285	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
Centennial	650	25¼	25¼	25¼	25¼
Chi. Junct	20	153	153	153	153
Daly West	350	40½	41	40	40
Dom. Steel	195	55¼	55½	53¼	53½
Dom. Coal	50	129	129	129	129
Edison Elec	32	278½	279½	278	278
Elm River	150	3⅜	3⅞	3⅛	3⅛
Franklin	135	10	10	10	10
Isle Royale	34	190¾	190¾	191¾	191½
Mass. Mining	85	15⅜	15⅜	15	15⅜
Michigan	11	10	10	10	10
Mont. & Bost	2,700	2¾	2¾	2	2
Mayflower	400	2	2 5-16	2	2 3-16
Mass. Elec	50	36⅞	38⅝	36⅞	36⅝
Do pfd	203	93	93	93	93
Mass. Gas	400	40½	41	40	40
Do pfd	215	84⅞	84¾	84¼	84½
Mergenthaler	12	190	190	188½	188½
Mex. Tel	150	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
Mont. Coke	200	7	7	6¾	6¾
Osceola	250	62	63	61¾	63
Old Dom	700	19¾	20¼	19⅝	20¼
Pere Marquette	2	81	81	81	81
Do pfd	25	81	81	81	81
Pullman	29	232	233½	232	233½
Parrot	2,400	27½	28	27½	30
Shannon	100	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
Santa Fe	800	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
Seattle Elec	25	78	78	78	78
Do pfd	10	101½	101½	101½	101½
Tenn. Copper	340	27	27	26½	26½
Trinity	500	11¼	11¾	10¾	11
Tamarack	27	150	150	150	150
Tri Mountain	100	90½	90½	90½	90½
Un. Shoe Mchy	78	51½	51½	51¼	51¼
Do pfd	56	31½	31¼	31¼	31¼
Utah	8,800	29¾	31¾	29¼	31¾
U. S. Mining	15,150	25¾	25¾	23½	24
Un. Fruit	61	110	110	109½	109¾
U. S. Coal & Oil	50	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
Un. Pacific	200	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾
Winona	350	8¼	8¼	8¾	8
Wolverine	100	68	68	68	68
Western Tel	10	24	24	24	24
Do pfd	72	97½	98	97½	98

BONDS.

$ 11000 Am B 4s	99⅝	$2000 CB-Q D ex 4s	100
3000 Am Tel 4s	98⅝	3000 do new 4s	93⅛-⅜
40000 Atch adj	91½	4000 C W 5s	110½
29000 Bost Gas 5s	105½-⅝	1000 Mex 4s	76½
	106	1000 Un Fruit 5s	110½
15000 do 2d	80	1000 Savan El 5s	95⅞

FEW CHANGES IN FARM STUFF.

Trade Dull, with Values About as Previously Quoted—Supplies Ample for Requirements.

Eggs were about the only article in the produce lists showing any change yesterday, the best quality, firsts in fresh, advancing ¼c to 19¾c. Buyers were in better attendance, brought out by prospects of colder weather, which may interfere with supplies. Butter continues quiet, and the vegetable and fruit list generally dull.

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, misc., at mark, cases included	18@19c	Cheese, Y. A	13½c
Do, at mark, cases returned	17@19c	Butter, creamery extras	25c
Do, country candied, fresh	18½@19½c	Do, extras	23½@24c
Firsts in fresh	19¾c	Firsts	20@22c
Cheese, fancy brick	12¾@13c	Seconds	16@18c
		Do, Elgins, Cooley's	25c
		Do firsts	20c
		Packing stock	14@14½c

POULTRY AND GAME.

Dressed springs	12½c	Snipe, jack	$1.50
Live turkeys	12@14c	Do, English	25@30c
Live old chickens	12c	Do grass and yellow legs	$1.50
Do geese, doz	$6.00@10.00	Woodcock, doz	$6.00
Fresh dressed turkeys	15@18c	Squabs, dressed, doz	$2.00@2.50
Ducks, mallard, doz	$5.00	Rabbits, doz	60c@$1.00
Ducks, bluewing	$3.00	Do jacks	$2.00@3.00
Live old chickens	12c	Bear saddles	12½@13c

FRUITS.

Oranges, California navels	$1.75@2.75	Cranberries, Jerseys, bris	$10.00
Apples, bris	$1.00@4.00	Do, bu boxes	$2.50
Lemons, Cal., boxes 300	$2.00@3.00	Pineapples, C

RANGE OF PRODUCE PRICES

QUOTATIONS ON GRAIN AND STAPLES AT LEADING EXCHANGES.

Record of the Day's Trading in Principal Commodities from the Eastern Seaboard to the Western Markets—Tendency of Cotton in the East and South — Receipts and Shipments of Wheat, Corn, and Oats at Milling Points.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Wheat—Receipts, 120,650 bu; exports, 126,196. Spot market firm; No. 2 red, 81⅞c elevator; No. 2 red, 82⅛c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, 80½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 90½c f. o. b. afloat. Options closed ½@⅝c higher; March closed 83⅝c; May, 81 5-16@81⅞c, closed 81⅞c; July, 78½@78¾c, closed 78½c. Corn—Receipts, 107,000 bu; spot steady; No. 2, 68c elevator and 59c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 58c; No. 1 mixed, 58c. Options: February closed 50½c; March, 56¾c, closed 56⅞c; May, 50⅝@50¾c, closed 50⅞c; July, 48⅝@48¾c, closed 48⅝c. Oats—Receipts, 96,000; spot quiet; No. 2, 42c; No. 3, 41c; No. 3 white, 43½c; track white, 43@46c; standard white, 43¾c; No. 2 white, 44c; track mixed, western, nominal. Options dull, but steady; May closed 41¾c. Cotton seed oil—Easy; yellow, 39½@40c. Sugar—Raw, nominal; refined, dull.

Cotton—Spot closed quiet, 5 points lower; middling uplands, 9.00c; middling gulf, 9.25c; sales, 54 bales. Futures closed quiet and steady; February, 8.59c; March, 8.75c; April, 8.78c; May, 8.81c; June, 8.78c; July, 8.79c; August, 8.61c; September, 8.18c; October, 8.05c.

Western Grain Markets.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 3.—Close: Wheat—May, 68¾c; July, 66½c. Cash: No. 2 hard, 65@67½c; No. 3, 64½@66½c; No. 4, 57@61c; rejected, 50@57c; No. 2 red, 70c; No. 3, 65@68c. Corn—April, 37⅝@37¼c; May, 38¼c; July, 38c. Cash: No. 2 mixed, 38¾@39½c; No. 2 white, 40½@41c; No. 3, 40c. Oats—No. 2 white, 36c; No. 2 mixed, 35@35½c.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 3.—Close—Wheat—Higher; No. 2 red cash, elevator, 72¾c; track, 74@75½c; May, 74¾c; July, 71¾c. No. 2 hard, 68@73c. Corn—Weak; No. 2 cash, 41c; track, 41@43½c; May, 41⅝c. Oats—Higher; No. 2 cash, 35½c; track, 36@36½c; May, 36½c; No. 2 white, 37@37½c. Lead—Steady; $3.97½. Spelter—Firm; $4.85.

DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 3.—Close: Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 77¼c; No. 1 northern, 76¼c; No. 2 northern, 74¼c; No. 3 spring, 71¼c. To arrive: No. 1 hard, 78¼c; No. 1 northern, 77½c; May, 78¼c; July, 78c. Receipts—Wheat, 22,934 bu. Shipments—None.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 3.—Wheat—Closed strong; May at 76¾@76⅞c; July, 77¼c. Cash wheat: No. 1 hard closed 77¼c; No. 1 northern, 76⅞c; No. 2 northern, 75⅞c.

TOLEDO, O., Feb. 3.—Wheat—Dull, higher; cash, 78¼c; May, 81⅝c; July, 76¾c. Seed—Dull, higher; February, $7.15; March, $7.20; prime timothy, $1.90; do alsike, $8.00.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 3.—Wheat—Firm; close, No. 1 northern, 79½c; No. 2 northern, 77½@78⅝c; May, 79c sellers. Corn—May, 44⅝@44¾c.

PEORIA, Ill., Feb. 3.—Corn—Firm; No. 3, 41¼c. Oats—Firm; No. 3 white, 33½c. Whiskey—On the basis of $1.30 for finished goods.

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

Quotations on Dry Goods, Tin, Copper, Lead, and Other Metals Here and Abroad.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Dry goods—There has been a large attendance of buyers today in the dry goods market, and a good demand, a considerable part of which has had to go unfilled. Prices are firm. Regular print cloths sold at 3¼c, and narrow odds on that basis. Bids of 3¼c for April delivery in the market at the close.

Tin, Copper, Lead, and Iron.

Tin in London, £129 15s for spot, £130 7s 6d futures. Locally spot $28.30@28.70. Copper in London, £55 12s 6d, spot and futures. Local market, standard, $12.00; lake, $12.50@12.75; electrolytic, $12.50@12.70; casting, $12.25@12.50. Lead here $4.12½, in London £11 6s 3d. Spelter in London, £20 7s 6d; here, $4.95@5.00. Iron, Glasgow, 53s 5d; Middlesboro, 47s 4½d. Local market, No. 1 foundry, $24.00@24.50; No. 2 foundry, northern, $22.00@22.50; No. 1 foundry, southern, and No. 1 foundry, southern, soft, $23.50@24.50.

IN FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKET.

Current and Closing Quotations on Grain, Cotton, and Provisions at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 3.—Wheat—Spot No. 2 red western winter, firm, 6s 2d; No. 1 northern spring quiet, 6s 9½d; No. 1 California firm, 7s; futures firm; March, 6s 3½d; May, 6s 2½d; July nominal. Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed, 4s 5½d; futures steady; March, 4s 4⅜d; May, 4s 2½d; July nominal.

Cotton—Spot in fair demand; prices 4 points lower; American middling fair, 5.44d; good middling, 5.04d; middling, 4.84d; low middling, 4.72d; good ordinary, 4.60d; ordinary, 4.48d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 1,600 were for speculation and export and included 9,600 American. Receipts, 26,000 bales, including 23,500 American. Futures opened quiet and closed quiet.

Hams—Short cut dull, 51s 6d. Lard—Prime western in tierces dull, 40s; American refined in pails dull, 40s 6d.

IN FOREIGN MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, and Securities in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The rates for money were firm today, the payments to the Bank of England restricting supplies. Discounts were weak, owing to continental competition. On the stock exchange only a moderate amount of business was transacted. The trading was dull at first as a result of the reports in regard to the king's health.

Closing stocks:

Con. for money	93	N. Y. Central	156
Con. for acct.	93⅛	Nor. & Western	75⅝
Anaconda	5⅝	Do pfd	95
Atchison	90	Ont. & Western	33⅝
Do pfd	102⅝	Pennsylvania	70⅝
Balt. & Ohio	103⅜	Rand Mines	11
Can. Pacific	140⅝	Reading	31⅜
Ches. & Ohio	52½	Do 1st pfd	44⅞
Chi. Gt. Western	28½	Do 2d pfd	38⅞
Chi., Mil. & St. P.	182⅝	South. Railway	36⅝
De Beers	25⅝	Do pfd	97⅛
Den. & Rio Grande	40⅝	South. Pacific	66⅝
Do pfd	91¼	Union Pacific	104
Erie	42⅛	Do pfd	96⅝
Do 1st pfd	74⅛	U. S. Steel	38⅝
Do 2d pfd	63¼	Do pfd	89⅝
Ill. Central	140	Wabash	30⅝
Louis. & Nash.	129⅛	Do pfd	46⅛
Mis., Kan. & Tex.	28⅝		

Bar silver, dull, 23 1-16d per ounce. Money, 3@3½ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3 5-16@3⅜ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 3¼@3 5-16 per cent.

PARIS, Feb. 3.—Business opened steady on the bourse today and prices tended to be generally firm. Metropolitans were in brisk demand. Rio Tintos were active and closed firm. De Beers and Kaffirs were weak. The private rate of discount was 2 13-16 per cent.

BERLIN, Jan. 3.—Business was quiet on the bourse today and the movements of stocks were somewhat irregular. Home funds were maintained, most of the foreigners were firm, and locals fluctuated. Prices recovered at the close.

The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes:

Cash in hand, decreased 27,760,000 marks; treasury notes, increased 480,000 marks; other securities, decreased 11,060,000 marks; notes in circulation, increased 36,780,000 marks.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Bad Weather Keeps Back Buyers and Trade Is Steady to Slow with a Weak Close.

Receipts of cattle yesterday were estimated at 5,000, hogs 27,000, and sheep 12,000. There was a slow pulse to the trade in beef cattle. Bad weather kept many of the buyers in the house and the market was steady to slow with a rather weak close. Fat cows were steady to weak and canner grades about steady. Calf market was lightly supplied and prices a shade higher. Receipts of hogs were moderate and the quality good. Trade was strong to a shade higher without notable activity. Good sheep and lambs steady, but other grades closed lower.

The following is a statement of the movement of live stock at the Chicago stockyards for the period indicated, with comparative figures. Yesterday's receipts and shipments are estimated:

Receipts—	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday, Feb. 2	19,083	355	41,057	29,934
Tuesday, Feb. 3	5,000	600	27,000	12,000
This week	24,083	1,155	68,057	41,934
Last week	28,837	1,483	67,032	41,837
Cor. week 1902	29,238	1,417	72,938	37,244
Official last week	96,375	2,871	173,182	73,115
Official 1902	57,148	2,162	160,089	79,825
Shipments—				
Week ago	3,520	18	4,415	.....
Monday	4,877	144	9,728	500
Yesterday	3,000	50	6,000	500
This week	7,877	194	15,728	1,000
Last week	8,167	88	7,802	224
Cor. week 1902	5,271	55	11,885	6,734
Official last week	22,847	542	22,772	3,144
Official year ago	18,020	297	32,435	8,164

Receipts at Chicago stockyards for the year to date with comparative figures:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses.	Cars.
1903	300,051	885,623	402,983	11,988	29,610
1902	297,808	949,747	395,460	11,381	29,573
Inc	2,243	.....	7,523	607	37
Dec	.....	64,114	.....	.....	.....

YESTERDAY'S HOG PURCHASES.

Armour	7,300	S. & S.	1,200
Anglo-Am.	2,200	Butchers	1,600
Hammond	1,300	Shippers	5,000
Morris	1,100		
Swift	5,500	Total	26,500
Lipton	1,500	Left	5,500

Cattle.

The severe snow storm was a factor against an active cattle market. The market for steers of all classes was of an unsatisfactory character. Quotations:

Prime beeves, 1,250 lbs and up	$5.75@6.10
Good to choice, 1,250 lbs and up	5.50@5.75
Medium to good, 1,250 lbs and up	4.80@5.50
Poor to medium, 1,250 lbs and up	4.40@4.80
Good to prime steers, 900 to 1,250 lbs	4.80@5.40
Medium to good, 900 to 1,250 lbs	4.25@4.70
Poor to medium, 900 to 1,250 lbs	3.25@4.00
Medium to choice feeders	3.70@4.35
Medium to choice stockers	3.30@4.10
Inferior to medium stockers	2.80@3.60
Medium to choice heifers	3.75@4.75
Inferior to medium heifers	2.50@3.35
Medium to choice cows	2.80@4.50
Cutters	2.60@3.00
Canners	1.50@2.50
Good to choice bulls	3.50@4.20
Bologna bulls	2.75@3.10
Stock bulls	2.25@2.90
Veal calves	6.00@7.25
Stock calves	2.25@5.00

Hogs.

An improvement in the quality of hogs coming of late is noted. While there are few strong weights coming the general quality is better than it was a few weeks ago. Quotations:

Good to prime, 245 to 400 lbs	$6.85@6.97½
Common to good, 245 to 400 lbs	6.50@6.70
Good to prime, 190 to 245 lbs	6.45@6.60
Assorted light, 160 to 180 lbs	6.35@6.45
Common to good, 150 to 180 lbs	6.15@6.30
Mixed, 200 to 245 lbs	6.40@6.80
Light mixed, 160 to 200 lbs	6.25@6.45
Pigs	3.35@5.75

Sheep.

Early trade was steady on good lambs and strong on good sheep, but later half-fat lambs broke 10c to 15c, and the commoner kinds of sheep were lower. Quotations:

Good to choice wethers	$4.75@5.25
Good to choice ewes	3.75@4.45
Poor to medium ewes	2.75@3.50
Lambs	4.00@6.25
Rams	2.00@3.25
Fed range wethers	4.00@4.25
Fed range ewes	2.50@3.75
Fed range lambs	4.00@6.15
Fed yearlings	4.75@5.00

Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,000, including 3,200 Texans; market steady to strong, with natives a shade higher; native shipping and export steers, $4.30@5.20; calves, $4.00@7.50. Hogs—Receipts, 4,500; market strong, 5c higher. Sheep—Receipts, 2,500; market strong; native muttons, $4.00@5.00; lambs, $4.70@6.25.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 11,400 natives, 550 quarantine; calves, 500 Texans, 400 natives; corn cattle steady to 10c lower; stockers and feeders steady; cows steady to 10c lower; quarantine steady; choice export and dressed beef steers, $4.60@5.25. Hogs—Receipts, 12,000; market steady, closed weak; top, $6.92½; bulk of sales, $6.70@6.90. Sheep—Receipts, 3,000; sheep steady; lambs easy; native lambs, $4.00@6.25.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Beeves—Receipts, 518, all consigned direct. No sales reported. Calves—Receipts, 63; veals steady. Veals, $8.75@9.25. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 492. Sheep—Quiet, steady; lambs, about steady. Hogs—Receipts, 4,389. No sales reported.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 400 head; steady. Veals—Receipts, 85 head; 25c lower; tops, $8.50@8.75. Hogs—Receipts, 6,200; fair to active; pigs, 25@35c lower. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 6,700; steady; top lambs, $6.30@6.40.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,500. Market steady to strong. Native steers, $3.50@5.40; calves, $4.00@6.25. Hogs—Receipts, 8,500. Market steady. Heavy, $6.65@6.80; bulk, $6.65@6.70. Sheep—Receipts, 6,500. Market steady.

H. B. SLAUGTHER RESIGNS AS BOARD OF TRADE DIRECTOR.

Officials Refuse to Accept His Action—Trouble Due to Recent Suspension of Three Members.

Henry B. Slaughter, for over a year a director of the board of trade, resigned yesterday, but the directors refused to accept his resignation. In his brief letter of resignation Mr. Slaughter gave no reason for his action. It has been no secret on 'change for several days, however, that Mr. Slaughter was incensed when his fellow members voted a suspension of one day for C. W. Buckley, R. E. Pratt, and H. C. Avery on charges of dishonorable conduct in connection with the July oats deal.

Mr. Slaughter saw nothing dishonorable in their actions and made a vigorous fight for them when they were on trial before the directors, but his arguments did not prevail. He announced, before the finding of the verdict, that if the men were disciplined, even for one day, he would resign, and yesterday he made his word good.

The suspension was for violating a rule of the board requiring the submission of disputes between members to arbitration. Mr. Slaughter argued that the charter of the board was an binding as any of its rules, that its charter forbade any action in any way violating the laws of the land, that there is a state law against corners, and the courts had declared the July oats deal a corner, and the settling price fixed by the board as extortionate.

WOODLAWN FLAT BUILDING IN REAL ESTATE DEAL.

Property in Kimbark Avenue Sold by C. W. Hoff to Catherine E. Garrell—Kenwood Block in Part Payment.

Charles W. Hoff has sold to Catherine E. Garrell the apartment house property in Kimbark avenue, 100 feet north of Sixty-first street, for $30,000, subject to an incumbrance of $15,000. The ground is 50x177 feet, with a three story and basement building. In part payment Mrs. Garrell conveyed to Mr. Hoff the premises 4916 Washington avenue, 40½x150 feet, with a three story apartment building, valued at $20,000.

Henry H. Walker has sold to Samuel Yons the premises 443-445 South Halsted street, 48x100 feet, with a three story brick building, for $24,500, the purchaser assuming an incumbrance of $10,000.

Murdoch Campbell has conveyed to Harriet A. Dumas 100x126 feet in Whipple street, 145 feet north of Van Buren street, west front, for $20,000.

The Reber Preserving company, 10-16 River street, has purchased a piece of land 100x100 feet on Fillmore street, between Campbell avenue and the tracks of the Pan-Handle railroad and will erect upon it a large plant for the manufacture of preserves.

OLD PEOPLE ATTEND REVIVAL.

Special Service Is Held for Them in St. James' Methodist Episcopal Church.

The revival meetings at St. James' Methodist church are growing in size and interest. In spite of the storm, sixty old people attended the "grandparents' meeting" held yesterday morning. Mr. Ostrom, the evangelist, preached and Mr. Hillis sang "The Sweet By and By." Ostrom and Hillis hold meetings every afternoon and evening, and another "old people's meeting" will be held next Monday afternoon.

NEWS OF THE RAILWAYS.

SANTA FE APPARENTLY SEEKING NEW ORLEANS TERMINAL.

Party of Officials of the Road in Conference with Real Estate Men There —'Frisco Ordinance Held Up in Council—Work of Double Tracking the St. Paul—Change in Management of the New York Central—New Cars for Twentieth Century Limited

Although the Santa Fé officials here decline to discuss the matter, the opinion prevails that the Santa Fé is seeking to gain an entrance to New Orleans.

For several days last week a party of capitalists and Santa Fé railroad officials visited New Orleans and were busy in real estate matters, just as the St. Louis and San Francisco people had been before them. In the party were Vice President Paul Morton of the Santa Fé, E. A. Potter, T. P. Shonts, and Joy Morton of Chicago. It is stated that a definite proposition was made to extend the Santa Fé to New Orleans.

Vice President Morton held conferences with a number of real estate men after making a tour of inspection of the river front and harbor facilities. The whole matter is believed to hinge on whether or not the Santa Fé can get the facilities it wishes.

'Frisco Ordinance Held Up.

The 'Frisco ordinance is held up in the New Orleans city council awaiting the moves of other roads headed that way.

The New Orleans people are by no means certain that the 'Frisco people are in earnest about extending their system to that city. A corps of surveyors and engineers is now in the field locating the route from Memphis south, but it is feared that the real object is to make connection with the Southern railway, which, according to report, is trying to get control of the 'Frisco system.

Double Tracking the St. Paul.

The work of double tracking the Milwaukee and St. Paul road between Milwaukee and La Crosse is progressing as rapidly as large crews can complete the grading and lay the ties and rails. Up to date 112 miles of double track have been completed, extending from Brookfield Junction to Watertown, from Lisbon to Camp Douglas, and from West Salem to North La Crosse. Delay has occurred at Tunnel City, where the tunnel will have to be enlarged, and at Kilbourn City, where a new bridge is to be placed across the Wisconsin river.

Ald. Hays, Meredith, Vogt, McKinley, and Streshka of Milwaukee had a conference yesterday with General Manager Williams of the Milwaukee and St. Paul regarding the elevation of the company's tracks from the passenger station to Lincoln avenue, Milwaukee, a distance of two miles. The Milwaukee and St. Paul is not favorable to the project.

Transportation Notes.

An important change has been made in the management of the New York Central by the creation of two additional vice presidencies. John Carstensen has been appointed fourth vice president and will have general supervision of the accounting department. William J. Wilgus is made fifth vice president, with offices in New York. He will have supervision of all construction work.

Mr. Carstensen has heretofore been controller and Mr. Wilgus chief engineer. The position of controller has been abolished and Marshall L. Bacon has been appointed auditor.

Not only will the New York Central and Lake Shore roads not abandon their twentieth century limited train between Chicago and New York, but the service and equipment is to be improved. Four dining cars have been constructed and will be put in service on this train and the Lake Shore Limited tomorrow. Four new observation compartment cars also will be placed in service on the twentieth century train in a few days.

The Illinois Central yesterday announced its intention of taking independent action in the matter of putting into effect labor rates from New Orleans to Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, and other points in the north.

LEADING RAILROADS FORM BUREAU TO FIGHT FRAUDS.

Aimed at Illegal Operations in Passenger Tickets, Which Cost the Companies $100,000 Last Year.

New York, Feb. 3.—Representatives of the important railroad systems of the United States met here today to form a protective bureau, which will trace the perpetrators of frauds in railroad passenger tickets, and prosecute the offenders. These frauds include the forging of tickets, plugging of cancellation marks on genuine limited tickets, and the changing on skeleton tickets of the points of departure and destination.

Roads Lose $100,000.

Illegitimate operations in tickets have been extensive during the last year, causing a total loss to the railroads, it is estimated, of over $100,000.

It was decided to call the organization the Railway Ticket Protective bureau. Its object as described in the proceedings is "the detection and prosecution of forgers, counterfeiters, and unlawful manipulators of railway tickets and other evidences of passenger transportation."

Form Executive Board.

An executive board was appointed comprising the chairman or commissioner of each of the associations represented at the meeting. The new board will organize at an early date to carry the objects of the association into effect and arrange for a further meeting of the bureau either in Chicago or New York.

PLAN NEW TOLEDO TERMINALS.

Gould Lines Purchase Property in Heart of City at Cost of $10,000,000 for Depot.

Toledo, O., Feb. 3.—Following the completion of the new $5,000,000 belt around the city, the Gould interests controlling the Wabash, Ann Arbor, and Wheeling and Lake Erie lines have purchased property in the heart of the city on which they will build terminals at a cost of $10,000,000. A four track road will be laid on this property, connecting with the terminals. The right of way passes within a square of the courthouse, the highest priced property in Toledo. Negotiations were opened today for the purchase of 800 acres of property just outside the city limits for cattle yards. At the same time options were secured on property within five blocks of the postoffice, to be used for depot purposes.

BIG FOUR TO ENTER PITTSBURG.

Vanderbilts Plan to Link This Line and Lake Erie Road by Building a Cut-Off to Youngstown.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 3.—[Special.]—Pittsburg is to have another large railroad. The proposed line is none other than the "Big Four." The scheme is managed by the Vanderbilts, and involves two of the roads they now own. It is planned to build a cross country line from Gallion, O., to Youngstown. This would connect two of their important roads. The cutoff would strike the Big Four at Gallion and meet the Lake Erie at Youngstown.

PRODUCE MEN HAVE ELECTION.

South Water Street Credit Association Chooses G. W. Linn for President.

The Chicago Produce Trade and Credit association, which is organizing to prevent abuses of credit by customers of South Water street merchants, held its first annual meeting at the rooms of the Butter and Egg Board yesterday. It elected officers as follows:

President—G. W. Linn.
Vice presidents—John W. Low, W. C. Ferguson.
Treasurer—C. B. Ayres.
Secretary—Dwight O. Clapp.
Directors—C. B. Ayres, G. W. Linn, C. H. Weaver, W. J. Wagner, J. W. Brown, E. Decker, J. L. Owen, W. C. Ferguson, J. W. Low, L. Lipman, F. T. Pettibone, N. U. Stryker.

NEWS OF THE INSURANCE FIELD.

Underwriters May Appoint Fire Marshals to Investigate Suspected Work of Incendiaries in Chicago.

Notice will be issued today of a special meeting of the board of fire underwriters, to be held at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon in the rooms of the Chicago Underwriters' association, to consider the advisability of proceeding under its charter right to appoint fire marshals for the detection of incendiary fires. The board of underwriters is empowered by law to control the fire insurance patrol, and levies a tax on the premiums of all the companies. Its charter gives it the right to appoint surveyors, who may act as fire marshals and inspectors, and may be given police authority by the civic officials. There has been considerable dissatisfaction among insurance men with the work of the city fire marshal on the ground that the number of incendiary and suspicious fires is out of all proportion to the investigations or prosecutions, and they may undertake to supplement his work.

C. P. Whitney, president of the Illinois Association of Local Agents, yesterday appointed the following legislative committee: R. W. Hosmer, Chicago, chairman; T. E. Fekete, East St. Louis; Peyton Roberts, Monmouth; Jacob Wachenheimer, Peoria; L. W. Sanborn, Galesburg; H. S. Candee, Cairo; and G. C. Stebbins, Marseilles. The association has no legislation of its own to further, but the committee will watch any restrictive legislation that may be offered, and will array the influence of the agents against any bills that seem dangerous. It is reported that a surplus line bill will be introduced, but it will emanate from the large business interests of Chicago, which are suffering from a lack of sufficient insurance, instead of from the agents.

Insurance men are concerned over the activity of some of the Indiana commercial organizations in favor of the anti-compact bill which has been introduced in the legislature.

The committee to which the proposed stockyards schedule was referred by the Chicago Underwriters' association will meet at 11 o'clock this morning, and invites suggestions or criticisms from those interested.

HANBERG PAYS PERSONAL TAX.

Work of Gathering the Levy Begun by Collector Settling His Own Bill.

The collection of personal property taxes by the county collector began yesterday morning. Collector John J. Hanberg was the first taxpayer to make his settlement with the county. W. D. S. Anderson, the general bookkeeper of Mr. Hanberg's office, was the second man. Under the new system a taxpayer can pay his taxes and get a receipt within four minutes after he enters the office.

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

Superior and Circuit Court Judgments

Judge Gary—220211—Isidore Eichenfeld, minor, vs. Mass. Mut. Life Ins. Co.; Harry W. Haskins, tr., and Henry A. Rust; on ver. $100; satisfied.

Judge Stein—222242—J. N. Dickinson vs. William B. Frink; by defft., $507.

Judge Hutchinson—190995—Patrick Coan vs Andrew Kelly; on ver., $45. 220400—C. R. Barrett vs. Jane Inglis; on ver., $506.24.

Judge Goodwin—228915—George H. Bender vs. C. U. T. co.; on ver., $50; satisfied.

Judge Tuthill—200082—Gertrude C. Weston vs. Mass. Mut. Li. Ins. co.; on findg., $1,750.

Judge Baker—215514—Scott Warner vs. city; on findg., $1,500.

Judge Haney—220705—Abram M. Pence et al. vs. Natl. Stone co.; on ver., $1,000.

Judge Gibbons—178333—W. S. Brg. co. vs. Fred Deizer; by defft. defft made party to judgt. of Oct. 11, 1902, for $484.06.—225674—Minnie Konlewics vs. Mackie-Lovejoy Mfg. co.; on ver., $50; satisfied.

Decrees.

Judge Holdom—5086—Hutchinson vs. Devlin; dec. sale, etc.

Judge Chytraus—5287—Marz vs. Marz; dec. div.—5463—Brown vs. Blood; def. dec.—5087—Anderson vs. Anderson; dec. div.—5761—Gunther vs. Guenther; dec.—4731—Bernard vs. Bernard; dec. div.—5679—Waller vs. Waller; dec. div.

Judge Tuley—600—Baird vs. Horton; dec.

Judge Baker—226382—Scott vs. Scott; dec.—Donoghue vs. Donoghue; dec. div.

Judge Haney—4438—Helmen vs. Peters; dec. sale.—3839—McDonnell vs. McDonnell; dec.

Judge Vail—4653—Judson vs. Judson; dec. div.

Judge Gibbons—4330—Broderick vs. Broderick; dec.—236840—Abell vs. Abell; dec.

Judge Smith—233737—Steinkamp vs. Steinkamp; dec. div.

Judge Bishop—2013—Wilson vs. Wilson; dec. div.

Judge Willis—1893—Barrows vs. Barrows; dec. div.

Court Calls for Today.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Judge Kavanagh—Trial call [law], 6853.

Judge Holdom—Trial call [chancery], 5602, 4838, 54666, 546080.

Judge Goodwin—Trial call [law], 5418, 6855, 5813, 6081, 6856, 6857, 6859, 5861, 6866, 6863, 7062, 7069, 7010, 71667, 7171, 7173, 7174, 7175, 7205, 7211.

Judge Chytraus—Trial call [chancery], 121141, 5785, 3287, 4653, 6023, 212358, 279, 5345, 5536, 5193, 227075, 217896.

Judge Stein—Trial call [law], 11096, 10817, 9187, 11476, 11479, 11528, 8823, 8854, 7457, 11021, 9526, 9331, 10976, 10959, 8417. On trial, 11469.

Judge Hutchinson—Trial call [law], 1589, 7352, 8915, 8962, 8988, 8989, 9001, 9036, 9037, 2152, 2207, 2208, 8615, 8603, 8523, 8912, 8604, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2215, 2239, 2241, 2244, 2246, 2248. On trial, 8914. First call, 401 to 500 inclusive.

Judge Gary—Trial call [law], 9908, 9913, 9068, 9975, 10156, 10226, 10281, 10342, 10425, 10426, 10463, 10464, 10465, 10505, 280, 9912, 2879, 9043.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Gibbons—Trial call [law], 4856, 5177. On trial, 4250.

Judge Tuley—Trial call [law], 1788, 1863, 1877, 1886, 1446, 1642, 1562, 1260. On trial, 191570.

Judge Haney—Trial call [law], 9463, 224859, 223442, 1388, 19108, 7584, 3814.

Judge Tuthill—No court.

Judge Smith—Trial call [law], 2016, 4595, 4350, 119044, 184470, 170839, 3112. On trial, 7903.

Judge Puterbaugh—Trial call [law], 4814, 5097, 2560, 3358, 5245, 5255, 5286, 5211, 5323, 5354. On trial, 3968.

Judge Bishop—Criminal Court building—On trial, 2784.

Judge Dunne—On trial, 226802.

Judge Clifford—Trial call [law], 7884, 2877, 8341, 8156, 8527, 1252, 8583, 8590, 8600, 8611, 8654, 8658, 8672, 8882. On trial, 8306.

Judge Baker—Trial call [chancery], 2755. On trial, 216390.

Judge Vail—On trial, 3670, and decision in 2140.

COUNTY COURT.

Judge Carter—Trial call [law], 19983, 19906, 19907, 19908, 19909, 19910, 19670.

PROBATE COURT.

Judge Cutting—10 a. m., motions; 10:30 a. m., set cases. Estate of Frederick Sutton; 2:15 p. m., estates of Mary Kelly, W. Plenzer, Daniel M. J. Dowling, William H. Stoner, Laura Dowling.

CRIMINAL COURT.

Judge Chetlain—Call not extended.

Judge Brentano—Trial call 3157, 3234, 3235, 3026, 3032, 3098, 3129, 3146, 3174.

Judge Horton—Trial call 3207, 3208, 3173, 3227, 2190, 2768, 2711.

Judge Neely—Trial call 2948, 2311, 2312, 3076, 3077, 3078, 3160, 3161, 3162, 3185.

Judge McEwen—Trial call 3313, 3210, 2978, 2282, 2295, 1322, 2296, 3306.

FEDERAL COURTS.

Judges Jenkins, Grosscup, and Baker—United States Circuit Court of Appeals—957.

Judge Kohlsaat—United States Circuit—Set case, 20272.

Judge Kohlsaat—United States District court—Motions of course.

Illinois Supreme Court.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 3.—[Special.]—The February term of the Illinois Supreme court opened this afternoon with Justices Carter, Cartwright, Boggs, Hand, and Wilkin present. Proceedings were had as follows:

Duncan vs. Duncan; proof of publication approved.

Brack vs. Boyd; motion by appellee to strike out portions of record.

Hall vs. estate of Hale; motion by appellee to dismiss appeal.

Village of Harlem vs. Suburban railway; motion by plaintiff in error for leave to submit seven abstracts allowed.

DeWitt vs. Shea; motion by plaintiff in error that writ of error be made a supersedeas.

Illinois Central railroad company vs. Hatter; motion for continuance.

Bass vs. People; motion for continuance.

People ex rel. vs. Barrett; motion by relator for leave to argue motion orally.

Gage vs. People; motion by city of Chicago for leave to appear as amicus curia.

South Chicago City railway vs. Dufresne; motion by appellee to strike petitions for rehearing from files.

Downey vs. People; motion by appellant for leave to cite additional authorities.

Dady vs. Condit; motion by appellee for leave to assign cross errors and file copies of Appellate court briefs.

Traverse vs. McElvain; motion by defendant in error to tax costs of additional abstracts.

Merrifield vs. Canal Commissioners; motion by appellant for time to file briefs.

Court adjourned to 9 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Iowa Supreme Court.

Des Moines, Ia., Feb. 3.—[Special.]—The Iowa Supreme court today filed the following opinions:

J. H. Moore and others vs. The City Council of Perry and others, appellants; Dallas county; affirmed.

P. J. Siberling vs. H. B. Cropper, county treasurer, appellant; Black Hawk county; affirmed.

James T. Stanley vs. Charles Core, appellant; Mahaska county; affirmed.

Robert Donnelly, appellant, vs. W. L. Mitchell, sheriff Pocahontas county; reversed.

Robert Nels, executor, vs. Charles and Anna Sorer, appellants; Buchanan district; reversed.

Michigan Supreme Court.

Lansing, Mich., Feb. 3.—[Special.]—The Supreme court disposed of the following cases today:

Affirmed: City of St. Joseph vs. Schultz, Miller vs. McLaughlin, Pollock vs. German Fire Insurance Company, Geer vs. Traders' Bank of Canada.

Reversed: Lowry vs. Paw Paw Savings Bank, Brunick vs. Ann Arbor Railway Company.

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in particular fulfill all the requirements of this special service, namely: through cars, clean wholesome beds, good fast time, Rocky Mountain scenery, a select and intelligent company, and information enroute. Information not only on history and scenery, but also about land, investments, irrigation, etc. So often have our excursion managers gone back and forth over the route that they are among the best informed men on the subject of western property. Particularly they know everything about the railway trip, relieving their passengers of the care of baggage, train connections and the responsibilities of travel.

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Cut on this line, fill out the blank spaces plainly and fully and mail this coupon to Mr. Lennartz.

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No. 2

RICE MILLS FOR ST. PAUL.

LARGEST IN THE WORLD TO BE ESTABLISHED IN MINNESOTA.

Rough Grain Will Be Brought to This Country and Placed in Condition for Market—James J. Hill Promises to Corner the Business with the Aid of His Railway and Steamship Lines —Much of Tariff Saved by Proposed Plan.

St. Paul, Minn., Fe

DEATHS.

Marriage or death notices will be cabled, in condensed form, without extra charge, for publication in the Paris edition of the New York Herald if the advertisers so request, by writing on their notices when handing them in, "Cable to the New York Herald European edition."

Anderson, Waldemar L.
Alpiner, Morris.
Bliss, Mrs. Laura.
Brady, Owen.
Bauerle, Mrs. Johanna.
Charlton, William Grey.
Conley, Ellen.
Carmichael, Edward.
Conley, Dr. P. H.
Derocher, Clara M.
Denvir, Bridget.
Derocher, Lota J.
Driscoll, Hannah.
Donohue, John J.
Eden, John.
Fennell, Edward W.
Fitzgerald, Patrick.
Fleming, Amorett F.
Fleming, Henrietta.
Hallett, John.
Hamilton, Elizabeth.
Hamilton, Clara C. W.
Hoeller, Carl.
Healy, Huntington.
Halvorson, Hilda.
Hagedorn, Charles P.
Jordan, Mrs. Annie.
Konsberg, Carl Robert.
Kramer, Nicholas.
Koch, Mrs. Gertrude.
Kerr, Margaret.
Lardner, William.
Mackey, James F.
Moore, Ruth E.
O'Donoghue, John J.,
Pickford, Thomas.
Riordon, Julia.
Ross, John.
Todd, Mrs. Maria C.,
Tiffany, Alexander.
Turner, James.
Wheeler, Julia.
Walsh, Daniel.
White, Mrs. Della.
Whiteside, Samuel M.
Weil, Celia.
Wilson, Abed G.,
Wilson, William.
Young, Walter.

ANDERSON—Waldemar L.; Feb. 1, aged 15 years, son of Mr. and Mrs. August Anderson. Funeral today at 1 p. m. from 2530 Lexington-st. to St. Matthew's Evangelical Lutheran church. Burial St. Forest Home.

ALPINER—Morris Alpiner, beloved husband of Rose Alpiner and father of Mrs. Henry Shane, Mrs. Charles Metcher, Mrs. Henry G. Hart, and Flora Alpiner, loving brother, aged 52 years.

BLISS—Mrs. Laura, Feb. 2, wife of Sidney Bliss, 91 Kimball-av. Funeral notice later.

BRADY—Owen, Feb. 2. Burial Feb. 5 from 18 E. Pearson-st., at Portage, Wis.

BAUERLE—Mrs. Johanna, Feb. 2, aged 39 years. Funeral today at 1 p. m. from 254 W. Huron-st. carriage to Forest Home.

CHARLTON—William Grey, beloved husband of S. Ann Charlton, née Smale, in the 64th year of his age. Funeral from his late residence, 1146 E. 72d-st., Wednesday, Feb. 4, 3 p. m. Burial at Oakwoods.

CASTELLO—Ellen, Feb. 3, wife of Patrick Castello. Funeral Feb. 5 at 9 a. m. from 3318 Charlotte-st. to Our Lady of Good Counsel church, thence by train to Mount Olivet.

CARMICHAEL—Edward, son of Walter and Elizabeth Carmichael. Funeral today at 9:15 a. m. from 1542 Harvard-st. to Our Lady of Sorrows' church; thence by carriage to Mount Carmel.

CONLEY—Dr. P. H., Feb. 3, at Mercy hospital. Funeral notice later.

DICKERSON—Clara M. - Funeral today at 2 p. m. from 4254 Cottage Grove-av. to Oakwoods.

DENVIR—Bridget, beloved wife of James Denvir, at her residence, 729 S. Canal-st. Member of Sacred Heart council, C. M. B. A., and Sacred Heart parish. Funeral Friday at 9 a. m. to Sacred Heart church, where a solemn high mass will be celebrated, thence by carriages to Calvary cemetery.

DEROCHE—Lota Josephine, Jan. 31, daughter of James and Anna Derocher. Funeral Feb. 2 from 159 Milwaukee-av. to Calvary.

DRISCOLL—Hannah, Feb. 2, wife of the late Jeremiah Driscoll. Funeral Feb. 5 at 9 a. m. from 1321 W. 47th-st. to St. Rose of Lima church, thence by carriage to Mount Olivet.

DONOHUE—John J., Feb. 1, aged 14 years, son of Patrick and Ellen Donohue. Funeral from 3750 Wallace-st. to Nativity church, thence by train to Mount Olivet.

ELDER—John, at Ellwood, Neb., Jan. 28, aged 59 years, member Union Park lodge No. 610, A. F. & A. M. Funeral from Butnow's undertaking rooms, 550 Garden-av., Wednesday, Feb. 4, at 9 o'clock a. m. Interment at Rosehill.

EMANUEL—Edward William, Feb. 2, aged 2 years, son of John and Charlotte Emanuel. Funeral today at 2 p. m. from 3117 N. Clark-st. to Rosehill.

FITZGERALD—Patrick, Feb. 2, aged 49 years; husband of Ellen Fitzgerald. Funeral Feb. 5 at 9 a. m. from 385 Lincoln-av. to St. Vincent's church, thence to Calvary.

FLEMING—Amorett F., wife of Alfred F. Fleming, died Feb. 5 at 1 p. m. from 1138 Dunning-st. to Rosehill.

GRAMS—Henrietta, aged 55 years, wife of Antin Grams. Funeral Feb. 4 at 9 a. m. from 222 Cleveland-av. to St. Francis' church, thence to St. Boniface.

HALLETT—John. Funeral services will be held at the Oakland M. E. church Thursday, Feb. 5, at 2 p. m.

HAMPSON—Elizabeth, Feb. 2, at Mount Forest, Ill., aged 82 years.

GREUTLER—Clara C. W., aged 29 years; daughter of J. and Clara Greutler. Funeral Feb. 3 from 2349 Lakewood-av. to Rosehill.

GREGORY—Feb. 3, 7 a. m., Daniel Gregory, aged 86 years. Father of Walter D. Gregory and Mrs. William Roediger. Funeral Thursday, 1:30 p. m., from the residence of William Rodiger, 8 Bellevue-pl.

HALE—Emily Huntington Hale, widow of Morris H. Hale. Funeral services Wednesday at 1:30 p. m. at her late residence, 7624 Saginaw-av., Windsor Park.

HALVORSON—In memory of Hilda Halvorson, who died Feb. 3, 1902.

HAGEDORN—Charles P., beloved husband of Elsie Hagedorn, nee Dahnke, and father of Charles A. and Walter Vic. father-in-law of Mrs. Lottie Heller, and Eva Miller, aged 52 years, Monday, Feb. 2, at 5 p. m. Funeral from his late residence, 1904 Waukee-av., Thursday, Feb. 6, at 1:30 p. m. to Rosehill.

JORDAN—Mrs. Annie, Feb. 2. Funeral today at 2 p. m. from 4748 State-st., to Oakwoods.

KONSBERG—Carl Robert, beloved husband of Selma (nee Anderson), of pneumonia, in the 35th year of his age. Funeral private from the family residence, 1450 Montana-st., Wednesday at 2 p. m. Interment at Graceland.

KRAMER—Nicholas, husband of Louise Kramer. Funeral today at 9 a. m. from 1062 Monroe-st. to St. Philomena church, thence to St. Boniface.

KOCH—Mrs. Gertrude Koch, Feb. 3. Funeral notice later.

KERR—Margaret, aged 1 year; daughter of John and Katie Kerr. Funeral today at 9 a. m. from 971 N. Lincoln-st. by train to Mount Olivet.

LARDNER—William, Feb. 2, aged 36 years; husband of Margaret Mary Lardner. Funeral today at 9:30 a.m. from 16 Milton-av. to Holy Name cathedral, thence by carriage to Calvary.

MACKEY—James F., aged 35 years; husband of Emma Mackey. Funeral today from 309 Cypress-av., to St. Charles' church, thence by carriage to Calvary.

MOORE—Ruth E., Feb. 2, at St. Elizabeth hospital, daughter of W. I. Moore. Funeral Thursday from her late home, 418 N. Central-av., Austin. Interment at Forest Home.

O'DONOGHUE—John J., Feb. 1, aged 14 years, son of Patrick J. and Ellen O'Donoghue. Funeral today at 10:30 a. m. from 3750 Wallace-st., to Nativity church.

PICKFORD—In memory of Thomas Pickford, who was buried Feb. 3, 1900.

RIORDON—Julia, Feb. 3, widow of the late Samuel Riordon and beloved mother of P. J. Riordon, Mrs. Rose Shobe, Mrs. Ella Hannah and Mrs. James Gannon. Member of Married Ladies' Sodality and Benevolent association and Holy Family parish. Funeral Friday, Feb. 6, from late residence, 147 Lytle-st., to Holy Family church, at 9 a. m., where requiem high mass will be celebrated. Interment at Calvary.

ROSS—John, aged 22 years. Funeral Feb. 3 from 974 W. Lake-st. to Mount Olive.

TURNER—James Turner, at the Hotel Warner, 334-36 Cottage Grove-av., Monday, Feb. 2, aged 36 years, father of Charles, George, James, and Edward Turner, and also of Mrs. E. F. Hite and Mrs. Sarah Jones of Chicago, Mrs. J. M. Smith of South Bend, Ind.; Mrs. S. H. Banker of New York, and Mrs. E. J. Hedrick of Kansas. Funeral from Boydston's chapel, Wednesday, at 2 p. m. Interment at Oakwoods.

TODD—Maria C., Feb. 3, at 416 Seminary-av. Funeral notice later.

TIFFANY—Alexander, Feb. 1. Funeral today at 10 a. m. from 51 Gault-ct. to Holy Name cathedral. Thence by carriage to Calvary.

WALSH—Daniel, husband of Bridget Walsh. Funeral today at 9 a. m. from 16 Arthington-st. to Jesuit church, thence by train to Mount Carmel.

WHITE—Mrs. Della, Feb. 3, wife of the late Michael White. Funeral notice later.

WILSON—Abed G., Feb. 1, husband of Lillia Waterhouse Wilson. Funeral today at 2 p. m. from 1256 Wrightwood-park to Rosehill chapel.

WILSON—William, aged 33 years, husband of Agnes Wilson. Funeral today at 2 p. m. from 2129 Archer-av. to Oakwoods.

WHITESIDE—Samuel M., beloved husband of Minnie Whiteside, nee Brosky, son of Mr. and Mrs. Oil Whiteside, nephew of Gen. S. M. Whiteside, brother of Mrs. H. C. Wittenberg, Juddie Whiteside, sister of Mrs. Casperson, Edgar, Wilbur, and Jesse. Funeral Wednesday, Feb. 4, 1903, at 1 p. m. from his late residence, 1305 Milwaukee-av., to Centralia cemetery. Member of Metropolitan Tent No. 191, K. O. T. M. Canadian papers please copy.

WHEELER—Feb. 2, 1903, Julia Wheeler, aged 69 years, widow of the late Hiram Wheeler. Funeral private from late residence, 2962 Michigan-av., Thursday, Feb. 5, at 10:30 a. m.

WHITE—Celia, nee Wendell, beloved wife of Hugh Weil, aged 41 years. Funeral from residence of her sister, Mrs. Maurice Landsberg, 3731 Grand-av., Thursday at 10:30 a. m. Burial at New Home.

WILSON—Walter, aged 3 years, child of Emma and Edward Young. Funeral today at 10 a. m. from 2024 Aberdeen-st. by carriage to Mount Olivet.

UNDERTAKERS.

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16 AND 16 E. MADISON-ST., CHICAGO.
135 EAST 53D-ST., HYDE PARK.
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MONUMENTS.

CHAS. G. BLAKE & CO., 719 WOMAN'S TEMPLE. Reliable makers of monuments and mausoleums.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

FOREIGN MAILS WILL CLOSE AT CHICAGO postoffice today as follows:
France and Italy, via S. S. La Lorraine, 11 a. m.
Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Greece, British India, Lourenzo Marquez, Belgium, and Cape Colony, 4:30 p. m.
Jamaica, 2 p. m.
Jamaica, West Indies, via New York, 12 m.
South Pacific ports, via Colon, 12 p. m.
F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING BUILDING PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the building department:
Addison, 2 story flats, 1363 Mozart-st.....$ 5,700
Beverly, 2 story rear addition, 806 Longwood-dr.....1,500
Bowers-av., two 2 story flats, 703-11 Cliff-st.....11,000
Bowers, 2 story interior alterations, 97-99 Cliff-st.....15,000
Cleveland, 2 story flats, 1420 Oscood-st.....4,500
Coleman, 2 story frame flats, 11221 Cottage Grove-av.....2,200

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday:

Illinois and Indiana—Snow in north, rain turning to snow in south portion Wednesday, decidedly colder with a cold wave at night, Thursday fair, high winds becoming north.

Ohio—Snow in north, rain turning to snow in south portion with much colder in afternoon, Thursday fair except snow on the northeast lake shore, high shifting winds mostly northerly.

Upper Michigan—Snow Wednesday, Thursday generally fair, high northwest winds Wednesday.

Lower Michigan—Snow Wednesday, colder at night, Thursday generally fair, high northwest winds.

Wisconsin—Snow Wednesday, colder in south portion, Thursday fair, warmer in west portion, high north winds Wednesday.

South Dakota and Nebraska—Fair Wednesday, Thursday fair, warmer.

Place of observation.
Time taken:
Feb. 3, 8 p. m.

	Thermometer	Max. temp.	Direction of wind	Precipitation 24 hours.	State of weather
Abilene	54	62	W.	.02	Clear
Albany	36	44	S.E.	Tr.	Fair
Alpena	24	28	N.E.	.01	Snow
Amarillo	28	38	N.E.	....	Clear
Battleford	8	16	Calm	....	Clear
Bismarck	-8	-2	N.W.	....	Clear
Buffalo	34	38	S.W.	.01	Sleet
Boston	42	50	N.E.	....	Clear
Cairo	56	62	S.	1.00	Rain
Calgary	26	32	Calm	....	Clear
Cheyenne	8	14	N.	.26	Clear
Chicago	31	31	N.E.	.60	Snow
Cincinnati	38	42	N.E.	.48	Rain
Cleveland	32	38	N.E.	.40	Rain
Concordia	14	20	N.W.	.20	Snow
Davenport	30	32	N.W.	.70	Cl'dy
Denver	12	16	S.W.	.09	Fair
Des Moines	24	24	N.E.	.34	Snow
Detroit	32	32	N.E.	.42	Cl'dy
Dodge	12	20	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Dubuque	24	26	N.E.	.10	Snow
Duluth	14	14	N.W.	Tr.	Snow
El Paso	40	44	W.	.07	Clear
Edmonton	26	30	Calm	....	Fair
Green Bay	14	14	N.E.	.04	Snow
Havre	8	8	N.E.	....	Clear
Helena	14	14	N.	....	Clear
Huron	0	6	N.W.	....	Cl'dy
Indianapolis	56	56	S.	.58	Cl'dy
Jacksonville	70	76	S.	....	Fair
Kansas City	34	34	S.W.	.56	Cl'dy
Lander	12	20	S.E.	.02	Clear
Marquette	18	18	N.E.	.03	Snow
Memphis	60	66	S.W.	1.80	Cl'dy
Medicine Hat	16	26	Calm	....	Clear
Milwaukee	30	32	N.E.	.22	Snow
Minnedosa	6	6	W.	....	Clear
Montreal	26	34	N.	.42	Cl'dy
Nashville	64	64	S.	.04	Rain
New York City	46	50	E.	....	Cl'dy
Norfolk	52	62	S.E.	....	Fair
North Platte	12	20	S.	.48	Snow
Oklahoma	30	52	N.W.	.04	Clear
Omaha	14	18	N.	.46	Snow
Oswego	34	34	S.	....	Cl'dy
Parkersburg	58	58	S.	.04	Rain
Philadelphia	46	54	S.E.	....	Cl'dy
Pittsburg	36	38	N.E.	.08	Rain
Pueblo	18	24	N.	.03	Fair
Qu'Appelle	4	10	S.	....	Clear
Rapid City	10	16	W.	.10	Cl'dy
St. Louis	40	46	W.	1.00	Cl'dy
St. Paul	14	14	N.E.	Tr.	Snow
Salt Lake City	18	18	N.	.06	Cl'dy
Ste. Marie	16	20	N.E.	Tr.	Cl'dy
Springfield, Ill.	34	34	E.	.22	Rain
Springfield, Mo.	40	56	W.	.02	Cl'dy
Vicksburg	70	70	S.W.	.30	Cl'dy
Washington	50	56	S.E.	....	Cl'dy
White River	4	8	W.	....	Clear
Wichita	18	32	W.	Tr.	Clear
Williston	4	8	W.	....	Clear
Winnipeg	12	12	N.	....	Clear

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Mansure, optician, 88 State-street, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 32 degrees above zero; 9 a. m., 32; 10 a. m., 32; 11 a. m., 32; 12 m., 33; 1 p. m., 33; 3 p. m., 33; 6 p. m., 33. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.48; 6 p. m., 29.66.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the health department:
Anderson, Waldemar L., 25, 2530 Lexington-st., Feb. 1.
Ambos, Herman, 47, 50 Maud-av., Feb. 2.
Both, Max, 52, 155 Orchard-st., Jan. 31.
Barona, Frank, 50, 2109 S. Clark-st., Feb. 1.
Chetbowka, Margareta, 51, 286 Harvey-st., Feb. 3.
Cassady, Blanche, 31, 5629 Jefferson-av., Feb. 2.
Carroll, Winifred, 51, 624 W. 41st-pl., Jan. 31.
Charlton, William G., 63, 1146 E. 72d-st., Feb. 2.
Clarke, Mathew, 80, 5006 Washington-av., Feb. 1.
Carmichael, Edward, 17, 1542 Harvard-st., Feb. 1.
Clark, Wilhelmina W., 2714 Shields-av., Feb. 1.
China, Anna, 18, 1767 N. Western-av., Feb. 1.
Chambers, Cornelius, 70, 611 Grand-av., Feb. 1.
Dabbe, Jacob, 67, 244 Townsend-st., Jan. 31.
Elliott, Julia, 29, 23 Englewood-av., Feb. 1.
Fish, Golden I., 17, 1362 Walnut-st., Feb. 1.
Frydenlund, Juliana, 77, 719 N. Maplewood-av., Jan. 31.
Gunderson, Frank G., 56, 254 W. Erie-st., Feb. 1.
Grubbe, Albert, 60, 2836 Church-pl., Feb. 2.
Hagin, Leonard, 63, 931 Ashland-av., Jan. 31.
Jordon, Anna D., 87, 4748 State-st., Feb. 2.
Jancowska, Elizabeth, 70, 429 Elston-av., Feb. 2.
Johnson, Mary C., 67, 617 W. Adams-st., Feb. 1.
Jink, Matey, 28, 713 W. 18th-pl., Feb. 1.
Koop, Albert, 30, 328 S. Clark-st., Jan. 30.
Koirch, Maiel, 2, 2210 Clybourn-av., Feb. 1.
Kramer, Nicholas, 55, 1054 Le Moyne-st., Feb. 2.
Konsberg, Carl H., 36, 1450 Montana-st., Feb. 2.
Lowe, Mary Anna, 105 Hamilton-av., Jan. 31.
Lee, Edward, 51, 286 Hudson-av., Jan. 31.
Lyons, Patrick, 32, 3129 La Salle-st., Jan. 30.
Lyons, John J., 38, 3140 S. Halsted-st., Feb. 1.
Michels, Catharina, 65, 96 Orchard-st., Feb. 1.
Michalski, Walter, 10, 82 Lister-av., Jan. 31.
Marsch, Henry, 56, 2210 Clybourn-av., Feb. 1.
Maleski, George, 42, 8330 Superior-av., Feb. 1.
O'Brien, Nellie, 41, 118 Aberdeen-st., Feb. 1.
Opdenwinkle, William, 50, 9017 Escanaba-av., Feb. 1.
Plasek, Frank J., 24, 822 N. Rockwell-st., Feb. 1.
Plentz, Anton, 11, 162 W. Van Buren-st., Feb. 2.
Roth, John, 22, 974 W. Lake-st.
Savage, Cornelius, 53, 104 14th-st., Feb. 1.
Stark, William S., 3500 Crawford-av., Feb. 1.
Splinter, Charles, 71, 1124 Diversey-blvd., Jan. 31.
Todd, Maria C., 74, 416 Seminary-av., Feb. 2.
Turner, James, 36, Hotel Warner, Feb. 2.
Vimont, Mary, 37, 1016 Warren-av., Feb. 1.
Wohlrab, Maria, 79, 10410 Avenue H, Feb. 1.
Walsh, Daniel, 43, 16 Arthington-pl., Feb. 2.
Wyrzykowski, Joseph, 44, 36 Chapin-st., Feb. 1.
Wilson, Obed G., 66, 1256 E. Ravenswood park, Feb. 1.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday. All parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

	Age.
Kolc, Zdka, Mary Mathias	22—22
Fred Christensen, Bertha Nelson	22—20
Ladislaw Zajicek, Alice Kyllica	30—25
Bernhard M. Lavin, Joliet, Ill.; Ida Grossman	28—25
William Allison, Jennie Lyles	30—29
Jan Cankala, Karolina Kowal	23—22
Emil Miller, Elizabeth Weidner	25—24
R. Herber Shoemaker, Maude Doulton, Santa Barbara, Cal.	24—34
George S. McLeod, Minneapolis, Minn.; Edith M. Crevier	27—34
Albert E. Loser, Augusta L. Dohmen	27—24
Albert Carlson, Ellen Carlson	26—25
Max Meyer, Easton, Colo.; Selma Levy	27—23
Herman Engle, Minnie Shobe	27—24
Fred Meyer, Wheeling, Ill.; Sophia Glade, Palatine, Ill.	24—21
Franz Wudka, Bronislawa Kouczyewa	28—18
Myrn T. Berens, Anna M. Fahler	33—29
William C. Braithwaite, Caroline A. Doolittle	37—23
William F. Comisket, Alice V. Sheahen	24—23
George Yehl, Niles Center, Ill.; Louisa Petes	33—22
Martin Piatraszek, Zofia Kopec	21—20
George Saville, Nettie Widner	27—27
Josef Hayrynen, Augusta Warmelitz	23—21
Harry Crawford, Clara Johnson	21—21
John G. Mersey, Verona, Ill.; Madge Vaughn, same	22—18
Walter A. Dietze, Gertrude Wilefer	24—20
John C. Reiners, Rae Barnett	21—21
Conrad F. Schultz, Anna Jobst	29—29
Josef Mikolarsski, Kamelia Sokolska	28—23
William H. Baker, Elizabeth Brodrick	41—37
Frank Schramm, Josepha Petru	24—22
Anton Rac, Lizzie Robke	22—24
Jan Cemiega, Sophie Trytek	23—20
Stanislaw Pawlak, Mary Wilkowska	22—19
Patrick J. Rogan, Geneva, N. Y.; Lizzie Skinner	37—37
John Goodwin, Wilhemine Herbener	39—37
Fred S. Basler, Martha Herdler	27—18
Mac Kosiecki, Mart Lasinska	27—18
Ludwig Zawacka, Anna Pelka	28—20
Charles B. Morah, Lemont, Ill.; Hattie Longheld, Downer's Grove, Ill.	25—19
Josef Hovorn, Agatha Mensik	26—20
Frank E. Bemke, Mathilda Barnes	24—18
Eugene N. Cooper, Sioux City, Ia.; Sarah K. Stineman	45—29
John H. De Chane, Nora O'Malley	19—18
August Busse, Mount Prospect, Ill.; Alwina Rohlfeld	22—19
Marvin Malone, Mary Cullin	24—22
Joseph Koebler, Alice Lane	24—22
E. Eulalie Agatha, Harlett Peebels	24—18
James McEniry, Margaret Aben	22—21
Oscar A. Teegerstrom, Anna M. Erickson	27—23
James J. Collins, Mary Ann Cullen	27—26
Felix J. Chock, Anna M. Melinski	27—20
Joseph F. Callinan, Anna L. Clifford	23—24
George E. Philip, Mabelle P. Moody	23—22
Joseph Zientak, Martha Kreft	24—22
Morris H. Elvidge, Marie Joergenson	29—22
Josef Masura, Rosalia Potocki	33—23
Olayslawa Drzyzga, Maria Wisniewski	27—27
Bonamino Divaterio, Rochela Melone	26—18
Fred Mungan, Susan Bernardi	21—21
Emil Timm, Lena Back	24—22
Owen O'Donell, Kittie O'Malley	24—19
Rose Pago, Grace Paver	19—16
Kenneth M. Ryan, Lillian Hickey	20—19
Orland F. Parks, Hammond, Ind.; Emily Reich, same	22—22
D. Mayo Phillips, Jessie M. Roe	22—21
Walter Herring, Gertrude Browne	22—22
Fred A. Marshall, Alma R. Smith	24—18
William Blake, Mary Burke	25—20
William B. Bucher, Anna Baker	21—25
Albert R. Kelley, Maud Moore	27—23

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON WATER.

GOOD — LAKE VIEW
BAD — CHICAGO AVE.
GOOD — 14TH ST
GOOD — HYDE PARK.

Carter H. Harrison crib—Bad.

The Lake View pumping station supplies all territory north of Belmont avenue to Devon avenue.

Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Belmont avenue and Lake street east of Western avenue, with a mixed supply from the Chicago avenue and the Carter H. Harrison tunnels.

Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Lake street and Forty-seventh street east of Canal street with water from the four mile tunnel.

The territory between Lake street, Canal street, Forty-seventh street and Western avenue is supplied by a mixture from Carter H. Harrison, Chicago avenue and four mile tunnels, by stations on Lake avenue, and four mile tunnels, by stations at Harrison street and at Twenty-second street.

The territory between Belmont avenue and Forty-seventh street west of Western avenue to the city limits, except Austin, is supplied from the Carter H. Harrison tunnel by stations at Springfield avenue and at Central Park avenue.

The territory south of Forty-seventh street and east to the lake to the city limits in both directions is supplied from the Sixty-eighth street station with water from the Hyde Park tunnel.

The boundaries of adjoining areas fluctuate three or four blocks either north and south or east and west, according to the varing pressure from the pumping stations.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECORD Tuesday, Feb. 3, 1903.

Kimbark-av., 100 n of 61st-st., w. f. 50x177, incumb. $15,000, Jan. 21 [Chas. W. Hoff to Catherine E. Gorrell].....$30,000

Washington-av., 4916, 40½x150, Jan. 21 [Catherine E. Gorrell to Chas. W. Hoff].....20,000

Congress-st., s. s. cor. Franklin, e. f. 21½x105, Jan. 31 [Adaline E. Kent quitclaims to Wm. Kent].....10

Halsted-st., S., 443-445, 40x100, incumb. $10,000, Dec. 31, 1902 [Henry H. Walker to Samuel Lyons].....24,500

Whipple-st., 146 s of Van Buren, w. f. 100x126 1-3, Dec. 31, 1902 [Murdoch Campbell to Harriet A. Dumas].....20,000

Sheridan-rd., 160 n of Ainsley-st., e. f. 50x133, incumb. $6,000, Jan. 27 [Harriet A. Mears to Ida M. Slayton].....12,000

Lake-av., 261 s of 20th-st., e. f. 37½x92½, Jan. 31 [E. J. Foster to L. B. Webster].....9,000

Res-st., 301 n 35th-pl., e. f. 25x124, 1902 [J. D. Lynch to Louisa J. Hahl].....8,500

Same property, Jan. 22 [L. J. Hahl to Robert Ferguson].....8,500

Parnell-av., 146 e of Van Buren, w. f. 100x 42d-st., 131 e of Lake-av., s. f. 83x150, m. or l., incumb. $5,000, Oct. 15, 1902 [W. D. Edmistoun to Chicago Junction Ry Co.].....2,900

Homan-av., 320 n of 21st-st., e. f. 20x100, incumb. $2,250, Jan. 6 [K. Drexler to Joseph Pichal].....6,800

Western-av., 133 s of Ohio-st., w. f. 27x 125ft., Jan. 30 [S. L. Eley to Robert Bartlett].....2,700

North-av., 94 w of Springfield, s. f., 25x103, incumb. $3,000, Feb. 2 [C. Feyerlesen to Elmer E. Nichols].....2,900

Van Buren-st., bet St. Louis and Central Park-avs., s. f. 66, Tribune add., 31 [A. Kidder to Loretta R. Mandy].....2,000

Goldsmith-av., 227 s of 77th-st., w. f. 37½x 162, Feb. 2 [W. H. Murray to Henrietta Rusch].....1,250

Sheffield-av., 200 n of Belmont, s. f., 25x123, incumb. $800, Dec. 30, 1901 [J. Holten to Charlotte Hachlen].....2,800

Chicago-av., 50 w of Trumbull, n. f., 25x125, incumb. $1,000, Jan. 14 [W. T. Lindley to Maude I. Lamson].....1,000

Lafayette-av., 108 s of 63d-st., w. f., 33x184, incumb. $1,000, Jan. 29 [A. Hill to Louise C. Nelson].....1,000

Ohio-st., n. s. cor. Halsted, s. f. 31x57, Jan. 31 [A. Tomaso to Enrichetta Petrone].....4,700

Rhodes-av., 3727, 24.7x125, March 28, 1901 [T. Carr to Peter Fowler].....4,500

Forest-av., 3436, 25.8x123.63, Nov. 1, 1902 [M. Rickman et al. to Abner C. Harding].....8,000

Jackson-blvd., 1000 s of, 25x124, incumb. $600, Jan. 6 [H. D. Penfield to Mary C. Lambert].....1,500

Parnell-av., 129 n of 60th-st., w. f. 48x124, Jan. 24 [S. Vendro to Emil Michalski].....1,000

Justine-st., 200 s of 62d, w. f., 25x124, Jan. 27 [E. W. Cullen to John H. Boodle].....1,225

Justine-st., 275 s of 63d, e. f. 25x124, Jan. 23 [A. Cockelberg to Laurence Neff].....2,500

Loomis-st., 625 s of 53d, e. f. 25x124, Feb. 2 [F. J. Mundhenke to Andrew F. Hirsch].....8,200

Tallman-st., 251 s of 43d, w. f. 25x125, Jan. 17 [C. F. Krauss to Otto F. Wessling].....1,300

Hamilton-av., 122 s of 83d-st., w. f., 25x124.5, Jan. 30 [J. Rucinski to Walenty Andrzejewski].....1,125

20th-st., 125 e of Canal, s. f. 25x124.9, Dec. 17, 1902 [M. Birchler to Elizabeth and Joseph Godin].....1,200

Throop-st., 325 s e of 20th, s. w. f. 25x115, Jan. 30 [P. Legere to Martin McFadden].....1,800

20th-st., 25 e of Leavitt, s. f. 25x100, and 1-3 int., Feb. 2 [F. Lanzalotto to Mathroskowani].....1,100

11th-st., 72 e of Wood, s. f., 24x125, Jan. 31 [J. Malik to Adam Szczepanski].....1,000

20th-st., 106 w of California-av., n. f., 25x88, Jan. 29 [A. Ubsec to Vaclav Stepanek].....2,300

Keith-st., 108 n of Huron, w. f. 30x100, Jan. 26 [H. Rumsfeld to Wm. J. Bauerle].....2,075

Carroll-av., 1500 w of Ashland, s. f., 25x125, incumb. $1,000, Jan. 31 [J. B. Troutman to Minnie C. Jackson].....1,500

Clybourn-av., 275 n of Paulina-st., s. w. f., 25x150, Aug. 16, 1886 [J. Rumbaugh to Maria Baumann].....1,750

Churchill-st., 308 e of Hoyne-av., s. f., 24x100, Jan. 25 [L. D. Glanz to Simon Detmer].....2,000

Paulina-st., 72 s of Wrightwood-av., w. f., 25x125, Jan. 19 [M. Faust to Phillip Hummert].....2,300

Mozart-st., 25 n of Dunning, e. f., 30x125.7, Jan. 23 [Seaverns Elevator Co. to Anton B. Nelson].....1,200

Ashland-av., 50 s of Berteau, w. f., 50x161, Jan. 5 [M. J. Dewald to Ella A. Lauer].....2,000

Washington Heights, L 1 [except west 250], Sub. B, T 37s, R 14e, etc., Jan. 30, 10,1902 [D. M. Heffron to James E. Armstrong].....6,800

Dakin-st., 47 n. cor. N. 50th-av., n. f., 125x125, and other property, Jan. 27 [H. G. Gardner to Wm. Feldmann].....2,900

Webber-av., 50 e of Farwell, w. f., 56x86, Jan. 31 [L. E. Ingalls to Sarah L. Gage].....1,250

Webber-av., 25 s of Farwell, w. f., 56 7-10x86, Jan. 31 [Same to Mary E. Somers].....1,250

Farwell-av., 86 e of Webber, n. f., 48x112, Jan. 31 [Same to Grace Z. Hays].....1,500

Albany-av., 261 s of 20th-st., e. f., 25x124, Jan. 27 [S. Sowinski to Joseph Trembacz].....2,000

Trumbull-av., 1500 n of 24th-st., e. f., 25x125, Jan. 17 [A. Uhlir to Frank Cuba].....1,500

Ainslie-st., n w cor Irving-av., s. f., 72x125, Feb. 2 [A. Breitag to Mary A. Kaiser].....2,000

Grovoe-av., 200 n of Franklin, r. s., 40x130, Dec. 19, 1902 [E. W. Young to Earl T. Fish, Golden I., 17; 1362 Walnut-st., Feb. 1.

Frydenlund, Juliana, 77, 719 N. Maplewood-av., Jan. 31.

Gunderson, Frank G., 56; 254 W. Erie-st., Feb. 1.

Grubbe, Albert, 60; 2836 Church-pl., Feb. 2.

Hagin, Leonard, 63; 931 Ashland-av., Jan. 31.

Jordon, Anna D., 87; 4748 State-st., Feb. 2.

Jancowska, Elizabeth, 70; 429 Elston-av., Feb. 2.

Johnson, Mary C., 67; 617 W. Adams-st., Feb. 1.

Jink, Matey, 28; 713 W. 18th-pl., Feb. 1.

Koop, Albert, 30; 328 S. Clark-st., Jan. 30.

Koirch, Maiel, 2; 2210 Clybourn-av., Feb. 1.

Kramer, Nicholas, 55; 1054 Le Moyne-st., Feb. 2.

Konsberg, Carl H., 36; 1450 Montana-st., Feb. 2.

Lowe, Mary Anna, 105 Hamilton-av., Jan. 31.

Lee, Edward, 51; 286 Hudson-av., Jan. 31.

Lyons, Patrick, 32; 3129 La Salle-st., Jan. 30.

Lyons, John J., 38; 3140 S. Halsted-st., Feb. 1.

Michels, Catharina, 65; 96 Orchard-st., Feb. 1.

Michalski, Walter, 10; 82 Lister-av., Jan. 31.

Marsch, Henry, 56; 2210 Clybourn-av., Feb. 1.

Maleski, George, 42; 8330 Superior-av., Feb. 1.

O'Brien, Nellie, 41; 118 Aberdeen-st., Feb. 1.

Opdenwinkle, William, 50; 9017 Escanaba-av., Feb. 1.

Plasek, Frank J., 24; 822 N. Rockwell-st., Feb. 1.

Plentz, Anton, 11; 162 W. Van Buren-st., Feb. 2.

Roth, John, 22; 974 W. Lake-st.

Savage, Cornelius, 53; 104 14th-st., Feb. 1.

Stark, William S., 3500 Crawford-av., Feb. 1.

Splinter, Charles, 71; 1124 Diversey-blvd., Jan. 31.

Todd, Maria C., 74; 416 Seminary-av., Fe

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—AI, AND OFFICE MAN; ins. experience; $65 to start.
REYNOLDS & HODGES CO.,
Room 505, 171 Washington-st.

STENOGRAPHER—FIRST CLASS MALE EXperienced in handling cards for mail order system; state experience, age, salary wanted. Address F 583, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER AND S. P. OPERATOR.—Must be willing to assist in general office work. state age, full experience, and salary expected. Address T J 549, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

A RELIABLE GENTLEMAN FOR EASTERN house in Chicago; also other cities in Illinois; $20 weekly; chance of promotion; reference and $50 bond required. Address Dept. T., 7-8 Bennett Bldg., Detroit, Mich.

CANVASSERS—EXPERIENCED, TO CALL ON dressmakers; references; liberal salary. Address F 382, Tribune office.

FOREMAN—WE PAY FOREMAN IN FACTORY $18 weekly for noon and evening work. Address S. S. Mfg. Co., R. 44, 96 E. Washington-st.

MAN—EXPERIENCED, FOR GENERAL, DEtail work and correspondence for mail order department. Apply Superintendent, THE FAIR, State, Adams, and Dearborn-sts.

MAN—PERMANENT POSITION FOR MAN OF good habits and energy to represent large manufacturing establishment known to every bank in the United States; salary $900 per year and expenses. Opportunity for advancement. Apply, stating age and qualifications, to Manager, Dept. T 2, Box 524, Philadelphia, Pa.

MAN—FAMILIAR WITH DOWNTOWN RENTing business in office handling downtown properties. Address T P 551, Tribune office.

MAN—EXPERIENCED IN PRINTING TO ESTImate on blanks and blank books. Address A 194, Tribune office.

MANAGER—A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED ADING INSTALLMENT MAN, CAPABLE OF MAKING CREDIT CLOTHING BUSINESS; MUST POSSESS UNQUESTIONABLE REFERENCE AS TO PAST EXPERIENCE AND HONESTY; EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY BOND. ADDRESS T N 342, TRIBUNE OFFICE.

MANAGER—FOR HOTEL ESTABLISHMENT, 25-35 yrs.; must be A1 man, experienced; $65 month. Address F 538, Tribune office.

MEN—IT'S OUR BUSINESS TO HELP GOOD men into GOOD positions. See our ad. under "Employment Agencies."
EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY.

MEN—10 GOOD SIZED MEN FOR GUARD DUTY. Apply at 162 and 164 S. Clark-st., in rear.

OPERA PEOPLE—FOR LOCAL PRODUCTION; no charge for coaching. Apply Room G Auditorium Bldg.

OPERATORS—ON CUSTOM PANTS; HIGHEST prices paid. Apply STRAUSS BROS., 233 Market-st.

RELIABLE PARTY TO TAKE AGENCY FOR largest high grade noodle and macaroni factory. Address Buyer, S 30, Tribune office.

TWO COLLECTORS—ONE SPEAKING POLISH; $20 a day for 4 days, rest of week commission; middle aged men who cannot work hard may apply Thursday, 2 to 11. 227 92d-st., side entrance, third floor.

YOUNG MEN—SEVERAL AGE ABOUT 20, FOR shipping room work; must be grammar school graduate and live with parents; excellent opportunity for advancement and promotion; salary to start $8 per week. Address T J 547, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN, ABOUT 17 YEARS OF AGE, FOR assistant in stockkeeping department. Apply S. KARPEN & BROS., 220 and Union-sts.

YOUNG MAN—FOR INDOOR WORK; REFS.; 18 to 20 yrs. of age. 538 Wabash.

Employment Agencies.

BOOKKEEPER—A1 D. E. .....
Office clerk and salesman. $15
Exp. office man. .....
Stenographer—law experience. $10 12
D. S. bookkeeper, exp. 17
Experienced stenographer. 12
Stenographer, Remington (meals). 12
Asst. bookkeeper, exp., aged 21-25. 12
Entry clerk, age 18-20. .....$10, 12
Office man and T. W. operator. 8
Experienced stock clerk. $6
Stenographer, beginners. $8, 5
Office and errand boys. 5

134 Monroe-st. 92 La Salle-st. 324 Dearborn-st.

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STENOGRAPHER—OUT OF TOWN. $70
Bookkeeper and office man. 60
Stenographer, 2 Rem. operators. 60
Stenographer and bookkeeper. .....$55 and 60
Assistant bookkeepers, three. 15
Office man, good writer and figurer. 12
Voucher clerks, R. exp. 10
Draftsman. 50
Stenographer—Oliver or Rem. .....$4 to 6
Office, stock, and errand boys. .....2 to 5
Merchants' Clerical Exch., 740 Stock Exch. Bldg.

ACCOUNTANTS.
BOOKKEEPERS.
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OFFICE CLERKS
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185 DEARBORN-ST.

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HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; small family; German preferred. 3917 40th-st., Flat 2.

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Stenographer. 12
Stenographer, Rem. or S. P. 12
Stenographer, exp. 8
Stenographer and bookkeeper. 8
Bookkeeper. 6
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Addressers, $1 per M and 6
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4621 LAKE-AV.—FRONT ROOM, STEAM HEAT, lavatory; single rooms; table board.

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4215 ELLIS-AV. — STEAM HEATED ROOMS with board; I. C. boulevard trains; references.

2616 INDIANA-AV.—FINE ROOMS WITH board; steam, private bath, best location.

North Side.

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THE LOUVRE, FAMILY HOTEL, 3611 LAKEav.—Newly remodeled; all modern conveniences; exceptionally elegant; furnished rooms, single or en suite, with or without private bath; splendid view of lake or avenue; ballroom, parlors, drawing, smoking, and billiard rooms; our cuisine dincable 2 blocks; references. Telephone Oakland 1257. Reasonable rates.

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HOTEL WYCHMERE (EUROPEAN), INDIANA., modern; reasonable rates. 5th, R. YORK, Mngr.

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BOARD—BY YOUNG COUPLE, HOME, PRIvate family; S. S. Elevated. F 550, Tribune.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—MICHIGAN-BLVD. AND 22D-ST. Lexington Hotel, fireproof, high grade; a few rooms at $5 per week each, with hot and cold running water, clothes closet, steam heat, electric light, finely furnished; prompt bell service; gentlemen's bathrooms on each floor; no extra charge; cuisine unexcelled; popular cafe; long distance telephone in every room.

TO RENT—THE DUQUESNE, 271 OAKWOOD-BLVD.—We have one front and one rear room, suite with private bath, maid service, electric light, elevator, cafe, etc. Phone Drexel 10651.

TO RENT—ROOMS—THE LAFAYETTE, 10-12-14 E. Harrison-st.; steam, running water; one block south of Auditorium; walking distance.

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TO RENT—2446 MICHIGAN-AV., FRONT AND south furnished rooms in finest residence apartment building.

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West Side.

TO RENT—UNFURNISHED ALCOVE, LIGHT housekeeping, running water, no heat or gas. 1025 West Monroe-st.

North Side.

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TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED SLEEPING room; call evenings. 1st flat, 544 Garfield-av.

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Miscellaneous.

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WANTED—TO RENT—ONE OR TWO FURNISHed rooms for light housekeeping; near elevated. Address 167 Dearborn-st., R. 617.

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South Side.

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TO RENT—PARTIES HAVING PREVIOUSLY Applied for apartments in "The Raymond"; 224 Lincoln Park-blvd. are notified there will be a vacancy May 1. New applications will now be considered. EUGENE A. BOURNIQUE & CO.,
Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

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Miscellaneous.

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TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

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TO RENT—FLATS, HOUSES & STORES ALONG Elevated R. R. Apply to C. C. State & 36th-sts. 4705 Indiana-av. Tel. Oak 778, 538 & 1438.

TO RENT—CONCORD APARTMENT BLDG., 34th and Indiana-av. A. 1 to 7 room apartments. JOHN C. McCORD, 185 Dearborn-st.

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TO RENT—2 ROOM FLATS, STEAM HEAT, hot water, gas ranges; $12. 2529 Calumet-av.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—WE ARE NOW RECEIVING APPLIcations for the elegant apartments in

"THE BRYSON" [just completed]
4922 LAKE-AV.,

containing 11 and 12 rooms, and with every known modern convenience.

EUGENE A. BOURNIQUE & CO.,
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TO RENT—THE VENDOME APARTMENTS, MONROE-AV. AND 62D-ST.
Choice apartments, two to four rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with board; elegant dining room, handsome parlors, smoking and reading rooms; beautiful corridor and ballroom; bowling alleys, billiards and pool; everything new and modern; at attractive rates.

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West Side.

TO RENT—468 COLORADO-AV., SIX ROOM flat, front, 2d floor; $16. H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., Room 422, 171 La Salle-st.

North Side.

TO RENT—FINEST IN THE CITY.
THE PARK MANSIONS,
COR. LA SALLE-AV. AND EUGENIE-ST.
Overlooking beautiful Lincoln Park and Lake Michigan.

New 6, 7, and 8 room high class apartments.
All modern improvements.
Three electric elevators.
Free cold storage and ice.
Telephone service.

Must be seen to be appreciated.
RENT $65 TO $110 PER MONTH.

Visitors and applications received by representative on premises week days or Sunday.
Call or write for beautiful illustrated booklet with park views, etc.
S. E. GROSS, Sixth floor, Masonic Temple.

TO RENT—FAIRFAX APARTMENTS, 404 E. Erie-st., most desirable 7 room modern steam heated apartments; just renovated; walking distance; 26 foot living rooms. Apply
GEO. K. OWSLEY, 22 Times Bldg.

TO RENT—390 NO. STATE-ST., 7 ROOM FLAT in good repair; furnace heat; $25 per mo.
W. G. CARLISLE, 40 Dearborn-st.

Miscellaneous.

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WANTED—TO RENT—7 ROOM STEAM HEATed flat, near S. S. "L"; $25. Address T F 581, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—FROM MARCH 1 OR 15, furnished flat, 4 or 5 rooms, or furnished rooms; give full particulars. F 522, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—3 OR 4 ROOM STEAM heated flat, North Side. F 547, Tribune office.

TO RENT—STORES.

South Side.

TO RENT—51-3 LA SALLE-ST., NEAR RANdolph-st., splendid store 30x70 ft. to alley, with basement and elevator; heat furnished; immediate possession; term lease. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—CHEAP; 179 E. WASHINGTON-ST., large counting room; vault and steam heat; $180 per month.
two small stores, 90 5th-av.; vault and steam heat; $25. Apply GEORGE K. OWSLEY, 22 Times Building.

TO RENT—FROM MAY 1, STORE, NORTHwest corner Dearborn and Madison-sts.; best location in the city. Apply GEORGE K. OWSLEY, 22 Times Building.

TO RENT—258 AND 260 FRANKLIN-ST., STORE and basement, 50x170. L. M. SMITH & BRO., Agents, 3947 Cottage Grove-av. Phones Oakland 848 and 849.

TO RENT—143-145 WABASH-AV., FINE STORE, 40x160, or part of same, with or without floors. OLIVER & SCOTT, 110 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—STORE—163 EAST 43D-ST.; STEAM heat; $35.

West Side.

TO RENT—NEW STORES, 809-17 W. 21ST-ST.; $16-$25; with and without rooms.
H. L. HUSTON & CO., 97 Clark.

TO RENT—STORE AND ROOMS OVER ON ROhbey-st., just north of 47th-st.; rent low. Apply in store, n. w. cor. 13th and Robey.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

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TO RENT—CHEAP—VERY DESIRABLE OFfices, single or en suite; old Inter Ocean Bldg. corner Dearborn and Madison. Apply to GEORGE K. OWSLEY, 22 Times Bldg.

TO RENT—DOUBLE OFFICE, 3D FLOOR; ELEgant; steam heat. AUSTIN, 214 State-st.

TO RENT—VERY DESIRABLE FRONT OFFICE, $17.50 per mo. Dickey Building, 40 Dearborn-st.

Floors and Lofts.

TO RENT—255-7 WABASH-AV., 2D FL.; ELEVAtors; steam heat; 8,000 feet; May 1.
150 Michigan-av., fine floors, elevators, steam heat; 6,500 ft.; May 1.
LOUIS A. SIEBERGER, 189 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—ROOMS AND LOFTS WITH POWER for light manfg.; in Central Union Blk., w. cor. Madison and Market-sts. Apply Room 200.

TO RENT—117 OR 119 EAST KINZIE-ST., 15,000 sq. feet; electric elevator; office on street floor; put in plate glass front; May 1st.
JAMES H. RHODES & CO., 42 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—218-226 E. FULLERTON-AV., NEW splendid factory site, about 30,000 sq. ft., two floors, lighted on four sides. Apply GEORGE K. OWSLEY, 22 Times Building.

TO RENT—FLOORS IN WAREHOUSE; NEW bldg., on track, 4 blocks from new postoffice.
THORPE & McCAULEY, 266 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—2 FLOORS, LIGHT MFG. BUSINESS 58x68, 1818 Wabash. BARKER & JACKSON.

TO RENT—LOFT, 2,000 SQUARE FEET, FOR manufacturing. Apply 4th floor, 205 5th-av.

Manufacturing Property.

TO RENT—MANUFACTURING PROPERTY, DOCK PROPERTY,
FACTORIES, AND LOFTS.
A. J. WOODCOCK & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—
15,000 to 30,000 sq. ft., FINE FACTORY.
Near 12th-st. and Western-av.
REASONABLE RENT.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

TO RENT—SEVERAL GOOD WAREHOUSES 20,000 to 30,000 ft., with or without power; C. A. EDWIN WYNN & CO., 152 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—BUILDINGS.

TO RENT—6 STORY AND BASEMENT BLDG. on loop; mill construction; 14,000 sq. ft.; suitable for manufacturing purposes. Apply 204, 167 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—143-145 WABASH-AV., FOUR STORY building, 40x160, to let from May 1, 1903.
OLIVER & SCOTT, 110 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FROM MAY 1, 12 TO 14 S. JEFferson-st., light bldg., 18,000 sq. feet. E. W. Zander & Co., 155 La Salle. Phone Central 1486.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT—BUILDINGS, STORES, FLOORS, FACTORIES AND LOFTS.
In downtown and manufacturing districts. The largest list of property in Chicago. Buildings erected on long term leases.

SEND FOR LIST.
10 PHONES.
All main 339. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—
200 acre farm 60 miles southeast from City Hall, Chicago; three R. R. depots one mile from house; formerly first as a summer resort; high river banks; good boating and fishing; 12 room and 6 room houses; two small orchards, small fruits; rent all or a portion. See owner, 217 Chamber of Commerce, Chicago.
A. TUCKER.

TO RENT—BUILDINGS, STORES FACTORIES AND FLOORS.
INSIDE AND OUTSIDE OF LOOP.
OR WILL BUILD TO SUIT GOOD TENANTS.
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TO RENT—
STORES, OFFICES, AND BUILDINGS,
in all parts of the city. Send for list.
ROBERT P. WALKER, 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—
BUILDINGS, STORES, AND
floors in all parts of the city. Send for list.
WILLIS & FRANKENSTEIN, 164 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—AND FOR SALE—FACTORY, DOCK, warehouse and switch property. J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & CO., 95 Dearborn-st.

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FOR SALE—A FURNISHED 4 ROOM STEAM heated flat. 18 Pearson-st., Flat Q, North Side.

SEWING MACHINES.

DO NOT BUY A SEWING MACHINE UNTIL you call at our store and see our Eldredge "C" B ball bearing, drop heads, $

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...GAINS—

...od bus., Newark, Del.
...nt. 120 s. 3 good dwel. and out-
...ind., $12,000.
...11 s. Foltz, Pa.; ½ fruit; good
...wanted to start laundry bus. in
...excellent location. $3,500.
...in large Southern city; estab-
...profitable. $17,000.
...stock in company organized to
...Horse Show grounds and ad-
...in large Southern city; shares
...ment.
...flour mill, South Haven, Kan.;
...od bus.; $12,000.
...ill, 160 a. and impts., 9½ miles
...nn. $4,500.
...ick in one of the best and
...ortland cement cos. in U. S.;
...$12.50 per share. Par $10.
...nery bus., Arkansas City, Kan.
...anted to start credit clothing
...hio. Fine opening.
...mfg. plant, Shrewsbury town-
...profitable bus. $4,500.
...heel mill, cider mill, res., and
...o. $3,300.
...tail bakery, Toledo, Ohio.
...cream bus., Washington.
...ilding bus., St. Louis, Mo.;
...articles; fine bus. $20,000.
...per plant, Alverd, Ia. $650.
...house, Oxford, Mich. $850.
...house and bus. bldg. in pro-
...good investment. $15,000.
...actory, Brockton, Mass. $3,000.
...old mining stock. $4,000.
...and bus., Spencer, Ia.
...s., bus. and fixt., Zanesville.
...and 2 lots, Bridgewater, S. D.
...ation. $6,000.
...D. practice, Marietta, Tex.

...200 s., Rutland, Vt. consis-
...assembly marble; land will
...te and red oak, white birch.
...$75,000.
...aper plant, in town of 1,700
...h Columbus, Ga. $4,000.
...plant, Harvey, Ill. $1,200.
...and flouring mill; $ houses
...N. $15,000.
...ectrical appliances, Cleburne.

...bus., Oakland, Cal. $2,500.
...and complete drug stock at
...urg, Colo. $3,500.
...ss., and lot, Alliance, Neb.
...lant and 500 a. land, Stockton,
...ds. $20,000.
...ill, Seneca, N. Y. $3,000.
...ry bus., Holyoke, Mass.
...ated for purchasing and plac-
...southern towns.
...contracting bus., Jersey City,
...ge. $4,000.
...bus., Boston, Mass. $2,000.
...est in orthopædic business in
...established 50 years; business
...ted States. $55,000.
...flouring mill, Fenton, Mich.;
...established bus.
...pon, Providence, R. I.;
...od paying bus. $8,000.
...bus., Ithaca, N. Y.
...stock in well known Wash-
...photo. supply co.
...bus., mill and stock, Scottdale,
...papering 70 barrels in 24 hours;
...$18,000.
...ear Creek, N. C. $2,250.
...and lot, Globe, Ariz.; 9 rooms;
...location. $12,000.
...property of 40 acres, near
...ill and full equipment; worth
...000, including all stock and

...OSTRANDER,
...n Building, Philadelphia.

...FOR SALE—$2,500 buys 9000 Cottage Grove-av. frame store and 3 flats and barn. Corner lot, 30x125; rent $510. WATSON & BARTLETT, 100 Washington-st.

...PEAT FUEL IRON, AND
...e deposits of the best grade of
...and Mexico; they control
...omical manufacture of peat in
...tes, thus producing a fuel for
...domestic purposes that will
...e coal at a much less cost.

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...uel gas cheaper than any other
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...TLE AND TRUST BLDG.

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...monthly; experience unneces-
...; elegant and required.

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...; elegant opportunity for good

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...sales about $30,000; will sac-
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...can clear $4,000 annually.

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...; cannot supply the demand
...; money wanted to increase
...ase working capital; in addi-
...tion, a bonus of 35 suburban
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20 YEARS OF HOME BUILDING.
10,000 HOUSES BUILT AND SOLD.
50,000 HOME LOVERS MADE HAPPY.

OPENING SPRING SALE.

500	$1,000,000	TERMS:
NEW	WORTH	$15 TO $30
HOUSES	OF	MONTHLY.
JUST	HANDSOME	PRICES
COMPLETED.	HOMES.	$1,500 TO $5,000.

Why live in flats when for less than your rent you can own one of these cozy homes?
Call and be taken free to see them, or send postal for description and plans.

S. E. GROSS, sixth floor, Masonic Temple.

FOR SALE—MNFG. PROPERTY ADJOINING Pettibone & Mulliken immense $1,000,000 plant; now building at N. 48th and Division and Western Indiana Belt Line; 2 to 40 acres, 12½c sq. ft.; big boom coming here. FRANKLIN NICHOLS, 171 Washington-st. Tel. Main 222.

FOR SALE—IF YOU ARE GOING TO BUILD, consult our architects; can save you money; prompt and courteous attention given to all inquiries. RICHARD A. PADDOCK & CO., general contractors and builders, 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—LARGE MODERN BRICK FACtory building; fine power plant, all in first class condition; 2¼ miles from Chicago Courthouse, on a railroad; present owners will lease or vacate. Address B 246, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—$125,000 BUYS ONE OF THE FINEST MANFG. PLANTS IN CITY. ON R. R. CLOSE TO CORNERS. ABOUT 3 ACRES; SUITABLE FOR FOUNDRY.
C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—NEW HOMES AND VACANT LOTS. DIAMOND & WENTWORTH, Agts. Ogden, Gilman & Co., 1713 W. 63d-st., with Milwaukee Drexel Land Association.

FOR SALE—FINE RESIDENCE PROPERTY, improved or vacant, on boulevards and avenues. WILLIAM M. MOONEY, Chairman Committee of Commerce.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT, UP TO DATE, WELL paying flat buildings.
VOLK BROS., 218 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—AUCTION SALES OF REAL ESTATE a specialty. E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—OR LEASE — MANUFACTURING and dock property.
H. H. WALKER & CO., 201 Tacoma Bldg.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—4935-7-9 PRAIRIE-AV., NEW TWO story stone front residences; 8 rooms and two baths in each; steam heat; cedar and linen rooms and plenty of clothes closets; these houses were very substantially constructed by present owner with a view of holding them as a permanent investment; they are rented to first-class tenants at $2,000 a year; circumstances compel owner to sell and will give a very decided bargain.
P. F. McCARTHY & CO., State and 39th-sts.

FOR SALE—
SPECIAL BARGAINS.
Grand-blvd., so. of 47th, 50x150.
Prairie-av., cor. no. of 48th, 97x136.
Calumet-av., 6 flat bldg., rents $2,460.
Want the best offer we can get at once on the above.
C. H. GOODYKOONTZ & CO., 138 Washington-st.

FOR SALE.....RESIDENCE.....BARGAINS.
KIMBARK-AV., s. of Midway, 8 r. frame residence, foundation, furnace.....$6,000
OAKENWALD-AV., 3 sty. stone residence, 9 rooms, parlors, dining r., kitchen, 4 chambers, special room, library, billiard r., 2 baths, oak finish; worth $15,000.....9,900
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE— BARGAIN.
$3,500 buys 9000 Cottage Grove-av. frame store and 3 flats and barn.
Corner lot, 30x125; rent $510.
WATSON & BARTLETT, 100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—4206-8 WABASH-AV., NEW TWO story brick residences, 8 rooms each, finished throughout in antique oak and tile; steam heat; very high class homes; price $6,500; terms same as rent.
P. F. McCARTHY & CO., State and 39th-sts.

FOR SALE—NEW, MODERN, GRAND-BLVD. residences, detached; Nos. 4040 and 4044. For description, booklet, prices, and terms apply to RICHARD A. PADDOCK & CO., Exclusive Agents, Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

FOR SALE—FLAT BUILDING FOR SALE BY owner, on payments to suit. 2 flat, Butler, nr. 26th, $3,000. 2 flat, Bloomfield, nr. 66th, $5,500. 3 flat, Prairie, nr. 33d, $7,500. Address Y F 370, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—S. E. CORNER MARQUETTE-TERrace and Stony Island-av., 100x125 feet. The most attractive property on the north shore for a home site. See it and make an offer.
E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 108 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—MODERN STONE FRONT HOUSE, 4539 Vincennes-av., 10 rooms; console, sideboard, hall tree, butler's pantry; all floors hardwood; sacrifice; see builder and owner.
H. T. DAVIS, Room 633, 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—GREAT SACRIFICE—VERY FINE 9 room residence, with good barn, Michigan-ave., near 39th-st.
W. C. KINNEY & CO., 185 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE—TO buy bargains in South Side real estate, call on
ELMER E. BALDWIN & CO.,
Real Estate Brokers, 244 East 35th-st.

FOR SALE—10 ROOM, STONE FRONT, DEtached, Kenwood house; thoroughly modern; cheap. THOS. G. KIMBALL, 132 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—$235 PER FOOT BUYS 43D-ST. LOT, south front, east of Grand-blvd. A corner. See
GEO. B. CRUICKSHANK, 187 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULEvard in Kenwood district, go to MATSON HILL, 414 Home Insurance Bldg.

FOR SALE—BIG SACRIFICE—$1,690 BUYS 50 ft. east front Ingleside-av., near 66th-st.
GRUICKSHANK, 187 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—$5,200—1 47TH-PL. NEAR COTtage Grove-av., modern 8 room brick; swell front; gas heat. Owner, Box 307, Hinsdale, Ill.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE— FLAT BARGAINS.
MONROE, near California, 6-7, steam.....$4,900
Wilcox, near Sacramento, 6-7, furnaces..... 5,100
Jackson, near California, 6-7, furnace..... 5,000
Polk, near Campbell, 6-7, furnace..... 5,500
Flournoy, near Spaulding, 7-8, steam, hot water and mantels, hardwood finish and floors, barn, rental $780, income net 10%.
WHITESIDE & WENTWORTH, 140 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—VERY DESIRABLE—FINE CONDItion, 2 story and basement brick house, 10 rooms, with flats in rear; immediate possession. Call, go with me to inspect; say what you will give. GOLD BORROWERS, 177 La Salle, R. 6.

FOR SALE—3 STORY DOUBLE BRICK FLATS, 6 flats, 1241-3 W. Congress-st.; rents $960; price $9,000; this is a snap.
BAIRD & WARNER, 90 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—STONE FRONT HOUSE on Washington-blvd., near Union Park; 16 rooms.
P. A. BENSHAW & CO., 97 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—NORTHWEST CORNER JACKSONblvd. and Throop-st., 66x120 ft., with frame improvements. Apply at 270 S. Clinton-st.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAINS IN WEST side vacant and improved. Call or write for list.
ROBERTSON, 88 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—LA GRANGE—DESIRABLE MODern houses; also vacant in best locations; several bargains. Lots to improve; easy terms. Houses shown free of expense.
LA GRANGE IMPROVEMENT CO. [NOT INC.]
16 South Stone-av., La Grange, opposite depot.
18 La Salle-st., Room 72, Chicago.

FOR SALE—LAKE FOREST—LARGE, MODERN house with 2 acres, $12,000; 5 acres, with older house, $14,000; modern houses with 1 acre, $10,000. Lots for sale for houses here or on North Shore.
FRANKLIN NICHOLS, 171 Washington.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL 9 ROOM STRICTLY residence on 60 foot corner lot in Rogers Park, near Sheridan drive and the lake; price $6,000; might take some clear lots as part payment.
COCHRAN & HAYNES, 155 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BY OWNER; BEAUTIFUL, MODern suburban residence, 12 rooms, corner lot, front on paved street; a bargain. Address F 338, Tribune office.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—

SOME REAL ESTATE BARGAINS.

Fine bus. bldg., Topeka, Kan.; 3 stories and basement; modern conveniences.
Hotel, 800 a. and impts., Breezy Point, N. H.; will accommodate 100 guests; fine climate and beautiful scenery.
Modern res., Wooster-st., Danbury, Conn.
One lot, E. A. Cummings Subdiv., Chicago.
Fine grain and stock farm, 319 a., Sangamon Co., Ill.; 10 r. house, barn, etc.; 240 a. cultivated; 4 mi. to R. R.
118 a., Montgomery Co., N. Y.; 16 r. house, barn, etc.; 2¼ mi. to R. R.
Modern 11 r. res., West Pittston, Pa.
18 r. res. and 550 a., mostly woodland, Chancellorsville, Va.; beautiful and historical location; large orchard; valuable deposits of ore.
1,920 a. and impts., Lubbock Co., Tex.; all tillable; 50 a. cultivated.
3,720 a. and irrigating canal, 23 miles long, Mohawk Valley, Yuma Co., Ariz.; admirably adapted for colony; fine, rich land.
116 a. and impts., Saratoga Co., N. Y.
331 a. and impts., Harrison Co., Ia.; good, black soil; mostly under cultivation.
726 a., stock, tools, and impts., Marion Co., Ga.; adapted to corn and cotton.
62 a. and impts., Dorchester Co., Md.
7 r. house and lot, Schenley, Pa.
Country res. and 10 a., near Alexandria, Va.; 9 rooms and bath; 2 orchards.
Res. and 22 a. land, Newton Falls, O.; 10 rooms, barn, and outbuildings.
Res. and 12 a., New Britain, Conn.; 11 rooms; steam heat, shade, and fruit.
9 bldg. lots, Colo.-blvd., Denver, Colo.
300 a. and impts., 9 mi. from Annapolis, Anne Arundel Co., Md.; large deposits of glass sand, clay, gravel, and concrete.
416 a. and impts., Halifax Co., Va.; 216 a. timber, 100 a. cultivated; near R. R.
680 a. impts., stock, and tools, Ottawa Co., Mich.; all tillable land.
Brick store bldg. and lot, Marshall, Mich.
100 a. and impts., Noble Co., Okla.; 115 a. cultivated. 3 a. orchard.
House and lot, Water-st., Kansas City, Kan.
One lot, Warwick-av., Rochester, N. Y.
640 a. farming land, Dist. Assa., N. W. T., Can.; 550 a. tillable.
Hotel and lot, Wakonda, S. D.; 18 rooms; good location; 1 bldg. to R. R.
160 a. land, Cheyenne Co., Kan.
160 a. and impts., Brookings Co., S. D.; 150 a. under cultivation.
61 fine bldg. lots, 50x125 ft. ea., O. M. Carson's 2d Add. to Oak Park, Chicago.
16 well located lots, Phoenix, Ariz.
Good bldg. lot, 6th Add., Great Falls, Mont.
122 a. and impts., Hunterdon Co., N. J.; vein of iron ore on land; near R. R.
Res., store, and lot, Boonsboro, Ia.
5 brick flats and lot, Main-st., near 18th, Kansas City, Mo.
Country res. and 35 a., Orange Co., N. Y.; 16 rooms, 2 baths; convenient to R. R.
320 a. and impts., Whitewood Co., Assa., Can.
160 a. and impts., Kent Co., Can.; all cultivated; adapted to dairying and alfalfa.
13 r. res. and lot, 19th-st., Bakersfield, Cal.; 2 baths; shade trees.
80 a. and impts., Paulding Co., O.
157 a. and impts., Worcester Co., Mass.
2 good bldg. lots, Wrightwood, N. Y.
160 a. and impts., Lincoln Co., Okla.
160 a. and impts., Addison Co., Vt.
115 a. and impts., Perry Co., Pa.; orchard, 105 a. tillable; 2 mi. to R. R.
6 r. res. and 10 a., Energy, Pa.
82 a. and impts., Tioga Co., Pa.
285 a. and impts., Fulton Co., N. Y.; 50 a. cultivated, 6 a. orchard; near R. R.
197 a. and impts., Cass Co., Mich.; 120 a. cultivated; orchard; 3 mi. to R. R.
71 a., near Johnsville, Bucks Co., Pa.; 10 r. res. and outbldgs.; 65 a. cultivated.
100 a. and impts., Bonaseahn Co., N. Y.
5 r. house and lot, Ashland, Ore.
100 a. farm, Compton Co., Quebec, Can.
Modern 9 r. res. and lot, Wilkinsburg, Pa.
Fine bldg. site, 3 a., Tiffin, O.
7 r. res. and lot, Colona, Wis.
9 r. furnished cottage, Munsonville, N. H.
Hotel and lot, Milford, Pike Co., Pa.; 35 rooms; good location, fine scenery.
320 a. and impts., Aurora Co., S. D.; all tillable; 100 a. cultivated.
Three story brick bus. bldg., N. Main-st., Findlay, O.; modern impts.
40 a. and impts., Grafton Co., N. H.
253 a. and impts., Chesterfield Co., Va.
Modern 12 r. res. and lot, Xenia, Ohio; shade and fruit; near R. R.
200 a. and impts., Prince Edward Co., Va.
204 a. and impts., Brown Co., Ill.; 120 a. cultivated, 45 a. orchard.
10 a. poultry farm near Seattle, Wash.
6 r. house and lot, Red Lodge, Mont.
80 a., Montgomery Co., Pa.; 10 r. stone house, barn, etc.; Somerset Co., N. J.; 2 good houses, barn, etc.; 125 a. cultivated.
Stone res. and lot, Lansdowne-av., Lansdowne, Pa.; 14 rooms; impts., fine shade.
800 a. land, Brown Co., S. D.; all tillable; adapted to grazing, flax, corn, etc.
1,120 a. and impts., Eddy Co., N. D.; 600 a. cultivated; 2¼ miles to R. R.
3 story brick hotel and 2¼ lots, Wadena, Minn.; 34 bedrooms; modern impts.
135 a. and impts., Wyoming Co., Pa.
320 a. land, Hand Co., S. D.
100 a. truck farm, Berkshire Co., Mass.
10 a. land, Des Moines, Ia.; could be plotted into lots; 8 r. vein coal.
Store bldg. and lot, Center-st., Millerton, N. Y.; fine location, opposite R. R. station.
One bldg. lot, New Orange, N. J.
7 lots, Eastham, Mass.; 1 mi. to beach.
7 res. and 4 lots, Bayonne, N. J.; 8 and 11 rooms; modern impts.; fine location.
Bldg. lot, Belgrade-av., Philadelphia.
311 a., Houston Co., Minn.; 10 r. house, barn, etc.; 125 a. timber.
Well located lot, Wauwatosa, Wis.
9 r. res. and lot, Excelsior Springs, Mo.
320 a. and impts., Keith Co., Neb.
100 a. and impts., Washington Co., Ohio.
26 a. farm, 7 mi. from Cincinnati, O.; good for truck, dairy, and fruit.
91 a. and impts., Crawford Co., Pa.
12 a. land near La Junta, Colo.
6 r. house and lot, Bethlehem, S. C.
140 a. and impts., McKean Co., Pa.; situated in natural gas belt.
320 a. and impts., Dutchess Co., N. Y.; 70 a. wood and timber; 50 a. orchard.
80 a. and impts., Berkshire Co., Mass.
Bldg. lot, Imlay, Ind.
84 a. and impts., Warren Co., N. J.; good grain, truck, or dairy farm; near r. r.
75 a. and impts., Westmoreland Co., Pa.; underlaid with coal; near r. r.
120 a. and impts., near Reedville, Pa.; orchard; 112 a. cultivated.
160 a. land, Box Butte Co., Nebr.
109 a. and impts., Erie Co., Pa.
Hotel and opera house and cor. lot, Sherman Heights, Chattanooga, Tenn; good investment.
67 a. land, 4 mi. from Baltimore, Md.; fine location for country home.
2 tenement houses and lot, Main-st., Auburn, Me.; 5 and 8 tenements respectively.
5 good bldg. lots, Wyman's add., Denver, Colo.; locality well built up.
2 lots, Coddington-st., Yonkers, N. Y.
6 r. res. and lot, Des Moines, Ia.
12 r. res. and 30 a. land, Tappan, Rockland Co., N. Y.; 30 mi. to N. Y. City.
3 fine lots, Atlantic Highlands, N. J.; one of the finest locations on the Jersey coast.
12 r. res. and lot, 13th and Penn-av., Moore, Pa.; bath and modern improvements.
70 a. and impts., St. Joseph Co., Mich.
2 good lots, US, Carpenter-st., Chicago.
320 a. and impts., Union Co., Ark.
640 a. and impts., near Gainesville, Fla.; 200 a. in lake, well stocked with fish.
Res. and lot, Neosa-st., Depew, N. Y.
111 r. res. and 2 lots, Oneonta, N. Y.
320 a. and impts., Cheyenne Co., Neb.
37 a., impts., and personal prop., Cumberland Co., N. J.; orchard near Vineland.
320 a. near Kinsley, S. D.
3 story res., N. 4th-st., Philada.
160 a. farming land, Hamilton Co., Kans.
Excellent 14 room stone residence, S. Broad-st., Phila.; 2 lots, 50x125 ft.
80 a. farming land, Mason Co., Wash.
12 r. res. and lot, Hamilton, N. Y.
Fine building plot, Evergreen and Pripont-av., Rutland, Vt.; fine res. section.
356 a. unimproved, Dundee Co., Neb.
Res. and lot, Jefferson-st., Conneautville, Pa.
40 well located lots, Kingsland, N. J.; 14 min. by train from Jersey City.
6 lots, Garnd-av., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
5 r. res. and 10 a., Chatham, Conn.; bath, furnace; fine view.
400 a., timber land, Dorchester Co., S. C.; deposits of fuller's earth and phosphate rock.
90 a. and impts., Clarion Co., Pa.
Country home, dwelling, outbldgs., and 2 a., Witton, Conn.; 3 min. walk from r. r.
College bldg. and lot, Granville, O.; fine location; suitable for sanitarium.
38 a. mineral and fruit land, Calhoun Co., Ala.
Stock and grain ranch, 66 a., Clark Co., Wash.; 9 mi. from Vancouver.
142 a. and impts., Crawford Co., Pa.; orchard and sugar bush; near r. r.
Modern cottage and 18 a., Middle Valley, N. J.
179 a., Jackson Co., Mich.; 165 a. cultivated; 16 r. house, 2 barns.
Stock and grain ranch, 160 a., Alberta, Can.
23 r. res. and 2 a. land, Gorham, N. Y.; modern impts., fine location.
9 r. res., store, and lot, Middleburg, N. Y.
65 a. and impts., Carbon Co., Pa.
9 r. res., Lincoln-av., Cleveland, O.
House and 4 lots, Winlock, Wash.
Modern 12 r. res., Cedar Rapids, Ia.
Furnished cottage and 1½ a., near Eagle Bay, N. Y.
60 a. and impts., Monmouth Co., N. J.
80 a. and impts., Kings Park, Suffolk Co., N. Y.; 73 a. tillable; near r. r.
Shore property, 85 a., North Haven, Penobscot Bay, Me.; fine boating and fishing.
Island, 100 a., Kennebunkport, Me.; room for 50 summer cottages and hotel.
Double house and lot, Gloversville, N. Y.
Store bldg. and dwel., Eau Claire, Wis.
8 r. res. and lot, South Bend, Ind.
9 r. cottage tenement house and lot, Chicopee Falls, Mass.; well located.
135 sick res. S. Brookfield, Mass.; modern 10 r. res., farm house, barn, etc.
Brick apartment house, School-st., Concord, N. H.; 2 flats, 7 rooms and bath each.
12 a. fruit and truck farm, Marion Co., Fla.
20 a. fruit and truck farm, Brazoria Co., Tex.
320 a. land, Wichita Co., Kan.
160 a. land, Wichita Co., Kan.
40 a. fruit and truck farm, Tangipahoa Parish, La.; convenient to r. r.
Modern 9 r. res. and 3 lots, Rutherford, N. J.; 30 min. to N. Y. City.
10 a. and impts., Deweyville, Ohio.
One lot, West New Brighton, N. Y.
Res. and 2 a. land, Marshall-av., Akron, O.; modern impts.; fine location.
3 bldg. lots, Secane Highlands, Pa.
2 story brick and stone res. and lot, Chestnut Hill, Mendville Pa.; modern impts.
525 a. ranch, Montezuma Co., Col.
100 a. and impts., Dutchess Co., Mass.
190 a. and impts., Chester Co., Pa.; 20 a. in park and pond; near r. r.
2,366 a. mineral and grazing land, Hickman Co., Tenn.; well watered.
960 a. and impts., Lincoln Co., Wash.; 175 a. cultivated; orchard 400 trees.
Office bldg. and lot, Hendricks, Minn.
12 r. res. and 7 a., near Dayton, O.; land adapted to market gardening.
Modern 11 r. res. and lot, Colwyn, Pa.
Fine farm of 512 a. and impts., machinery, tools, etc.; Anne Arundel Co., Md.
Res. and 12 a. land, Kanakska, Pa.
160 a. and impts., Dickey Co., N. D.
Modern res., 25th-st., Des Moines, Ia.
104 a. and impts., Mondmotney Co., Ia.; 55 a. cultivated; fine grove.
5 lots, Elizabeth-av., Chicago.
408 a. and impts., Cheesham Co., Tenn.; 100 a. timber; 300 a. tillable.
Modern 11 r. summer cottage and 63 a., Forestport, Oneida Co., N. Y.; near r. r.
240 a. and impts., stock and machinery, Ontagamie Co., Wis.; 130 a. cultivated.
3 houses and lot, Globe, Ariz.
100 a. and impts., Windham Co., Conn.
12 r. res. and 4 a., Morgantown, Ky.
W. M. OSTRANDER,
North American Building, Philadelphia.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE— OUT THEY GO! OUT THEY GO!

TO BUY the best sellers lands in North Dakota for a few $$ per acre. FREE COAL; FREE HOME SEEKERS' EXCURSIONS. Write or call at Mandan, N. Dakota, or 131 La Salle-st., Chicago.
WM. H. BROWN & CO.

FOR SALE—FARMING LAND, ANTRIM CO., Mich.—First crop potatoes or sugar beets pays for land; live men get rich in few years; $5.50 to $10 per acre; easy terms; best stock country in Michigan. VERNE S. PEASE, 522 Home Ins. Building.

FOR SALE—CLOUD & RANDOLPH, REAL ESTate agents, Charlottesville, Albemarle County, Virginia; Piedmont, Virginia, farm and grazing lands; Old Virginia homesteads a specialty. Write for descriptive catalogue.

FOR SALE—NOTICE—PINE LANDS.
Want a buyer for 70,000 acres of pine timber lands lying eleven miles west of Little Rock Arkansas. Address JOHN H. PRITCHARD, Little Rock, Ark.

FOR SALE—A 360 ACRE FARM IN IOWA; first class; 180 acres under cultivation; pasture, timber, meadow; need the money in my Chicago business; must sell at once; a bargain. Address F 572, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—153 A. FRUIT AND GRAIN FARM, 1½ mi. from town; new house, good barn; 14 a. grapes, 4 a. peaches; price $103 or send for list. $30 per acre. E. E. DOWNING, Paw Paw, Mich.

FOR SALE—FARM, MARION COUNTY, ILL., 380 acres; will sacrifice; 3,000 acres, Washburn Co., Wisconsin, fertile, well watered; owner.
M. A. IVES, 21 River-st.

FOR SALE—WESTERN LANDS PURCHASED from eastern owners and loan companies; will be sold out at bargain prices; send for list.
L. H. ROACH, 1414 Unity Bldg.

PLANTATION AND FRUIT LANDS, ETC.

FOR SALE—LARGE HOUSE, ORANGE GROVE, 20 acres. MISS ELZEY, Picolata, Florida.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—BARGAINS IN VACANT AND IMproved North and South Side; must be such that you will dispose of cheap; customers waiting.
O. G. MYREN, 108 Dearborn-st.
Tel. 3535 Central.

WANTED—$15,000 TO CLEAR IMPROVED FOR magnificent 900 acre Michigan farm; absolutely complete; house, outbuildings, fruits, etc. TOM LIN, 92, 163 Randolph-st.

WANTED—VACANT OR IMPROVED; QUICK sale if reasonable. C. F. SCHULTZ, 163 Randolph-st.

WANTED—BUENA PARK TO EDGEWATER, 7 to 9 room house; have spot cash for bargain.
H. H. BAKEWELL, 108 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—DOWNTOWN PROPERTY; ABOUT $50,000 cash; must show 5% net. Address T J 540, Tribune office.

WANTED—KENWOOD OR HYDE PARK HOME, not over $15,000, for cash buyer.
A. H. KINKAID & CO., 107 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—A RES. OR 2 FLAT NEAR N. W. L. I have cash. Address T N 537, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

TO EXCHANGE—WANTED MODERN SOUTH side apartment building, $50,000 to $75,000, for clear South Side vacant and cash; or choice residence. give full particulars; will assume fair incumbrance. Address T J 539, Tribune office.

FOR EXCHANGE—A CLEAR LOT ON PAVED street, Englewood, and a clear 6 r. cot., 4702 Elizabeth-st., both worth $2,500, for a good equity on 8 r. W. Side. DAVIS & HALL, 84 Washington-st.

TO EXCHANGE—FOR CLEAR VACANT—THE equity in three handsome stone front Prairie-av. residences, near 47th-st.; rented to high class tenants and pay well; will sell or exchange.
P. F. McCARTHY & CO., State and 39th-sts.

TO EXCHANGE—CLEAR WEST SIDE RESIdence, 10 rooms, steam, choice location, for smaller house and cash or vacant.
EDWIN WYNN & CO., 132 La Salle-st.

FOR EXCHANGE—10 ROOM HOUSE, CALUmet-av., $3,750; 8 room house, Oakley-blvd., $3,000; what have you for quick deal? Address T 542, Tribune office.

FOR EXCHANGE—DEARBORN-AV., EXTRA fine rooming house, 17 rooms, all conveniences, $20,000; also store on Clark-st., 24 rooms; want cash and clear realty. Address F 543, Tribune office.

FOR EXCHANGE—CLARK, NEAR INDIANA, 4 story bldg., $30,000; what have you? Address F 544, Tribune office.

MODERN FIVE BUSINESS BLOCK; RENTS $3,100; near L; $17,000; might take $6,000 cash, $7,000 of clear lots. Address C 596, Tribune office.

$20,000 MANUFG. PLANT ON BELT R. R., AND $30,000 subd. of 200 lots, all clear, for equity apartment bldg. 1014, 184 La Salle-st.

$35,000 BUSINESS BLOCK, WELL LOCATED; mortg. $17,000; rents $3,100; want something $5,000 can be borrowed on. C 597, Tribune office.

BEAUTIFUL LOS ANGELES $4,000 HOME, clear; will exchange for flats here. 514, 184 La Salle-st.

CLEAR LOTS TO EXCHANGE FOR GROceries, dry goods, or what? F 650, Tribune office.

MAGNIFICENT 600 A. FARM, WORTH $15,000, for clear imp. TOMLIN, 92, 163 Randolph-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at 6 per cent; no attorney's fees; privilege to pay all or part; borrower instantly and stop interest thereon. Building loans made.
ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.

$100,000 TO LOAN AT 4½; MONEY READY; prompt service; good rates at low rates my specialty.
HENRY VAN VLISSINGEN,
Main floor, 88 La Salle-st., opposite city hall.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.
LOWEST RATES FOR DESIRABLE BUSINESS, Building & Improvement privileges.
WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO.,
MORTGAGE BANKERS, 92 LA SALLE-ST.

R. E. LOANS—APPLICATIONS RECEIVED FOR National Life Ins. Co. Borrowers; privilege granted to pay all or part of loan any interest day; easiest interest; immediate answer. FRANKLIN NICHOLS, 171 Washington-st.

SPECIAL GUARDIAN FUND OF $100,000 TO loan in amounts of $1,000 to $5,000, on Chicago loans made at very liberal terms; also building loans made. C. F. SCHULTZ, 163 Randolph-st.

HIGH GRADE MORTGAGES FOR SALE—
Amounts of $2,000 to $5,000.
JOHN P. MARSH & CO., 1020 Tribune Bldg.
Building loans a specialty. Call for offer.

MONEY TO LOAN—
We have a large amount of Chicago money and will act promptly on all applications; lowest rates.
MADDEN BROS., Mers., 163 Dearborn-st.

LOANS, 4½ AND 5 PER CENT, CHICAGO property, with prepayment privileges.
W. A. MERIGOLD & CO.,
Phone 1827 Main. 130-49 La Salle-st.

LOW RATES ON IMPROVED PROPERTY. Very favorable terms; exceptional facilities for building loans.
E. G. PAULING, 132 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED AND VAcant property; also building loans at lowest rates; quick, perfect service.
WM. B. MCCONNELL, 167 Dearborn-st.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS,
83 and 85 Dearborn-st.
LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE. LOWEST RATES.

FOR SALE—FIRST GOLD MORTGAGES FROM $300 to $5,000, netting 5% to 6%, on high grade Chicago real estate. RICHARD A. KOCH & CO., 85

MANDEL BROTHERS STORE NEWS

TODAY'S "Store News" does not begin to tell all the news—you must come and visit the various departments in order to glean the many items of interest (—just after stock-taking, you know, is the best buying time of the entire year—) for it's during these semi-annual reckoning periods that we throw out all small lots of merchandise—all broken lines, soiled and mussed goods, and mark everything to sell at once at a mere fraction of the actual cost. (No matter how low the prices are, it means a profit to us—) for we refused to count this merchandise during stock-taking. In a great many instances lots are too small to advertise, and so we just put them out on our counters at prices that will make shopping to the saving buyer very profitable. We cannot say just where you'll find the best bargains, as every department contributes so many that it would be impossible to designate them. (Just come in and look the whole store over—that's the best way.) If you have anything in mind which you need, go where it is usually sold and you'll agree with us that the greatest bargains seldom find their way into our newspaper advertisements. Just now we've several great annual sales (—in addition to our after-inventory sales —that are worthy of your consideration.) You'll recognize them as fixed events to which all economical buyers annually turn for their season's supply.

Great February sale of petticoats. Great February sale of dress skirts. Great 20% discount sale of knit underwear. First showing of new 1903 corsets. Great February sale infants' outfittings. Great February sale of boxed hosiery. Annual sale of misses' undermuslins. First showing of new 1903 parasols.

New 60c challis at 33c.

NO NEED to tell you that this is the lowest price quoted in Chicago on challis of equal quality. (You undoubtedly know this.) We merit your patronage through the exclusiveness of our patterns as well as price, for when it comes to variety and dainty, pleasing styles, our assortment is beyond comparison. Did you ever stop to think that wool challis is a fabric that lends itself to most every purpose—(shirt waists, kimonos, dressing sacques, costumes, etc.)? Well, that's just why you should take advantage of this sale. When you see the fabrics you will agree with us that you have often paid 50c and 60c for challis not as good. (We couldn't sell them for this price now, except for a great purchase.) The maker couldn't wait for the opening of spring trade, and we took all he'd sell, because the price was about half what we had been in the habit of paying for challis of equal quality. (Only secured 500 pieces, though.)

Every pattern is the very latest known to the weaving world—those dainty, small printings, medium and large polka dots, spots, sprigs, sprays and floral effects which you have admired in our windows earlier in the season at 60c. (If you do not want these fabrics now you will later on.)

You surely have been thinking about some pretty little waist or serviceable house-gown, or perhaps a dainty party dress. Well, this is your opportunity, as the saving is about half.

New 1903 50c and 60c challis at 33c.

Annual sale of infants' outfittings

FOND mothers won't be disappointed when they have seen our showing—there is everything that any baby could need in the shape of wearing apparel, and all priced wonderfully low, too, during February—(you really couldn't make up the dresses and slips yourself for so little.)

Daintiness is the conspicuous characteristic of all these garments—the prettiest of cambrics, lawns and snowy nainsooks are finished in a myriad of pretty ways with fine needlework, ribbons and lace—(these little garments are real gems of the needlewoman's art.)

Short dresses, 95c to 1.50.
Long slips, 25c to 95c.

New 1903 belt modes.

INTRODUCTORY showing of the new belt ideas in which suppleness, jauntiness and elegance are so harmoniously combined—covering all the essential points in a thoroughly modish belt. (You'll find the most expressive of the new contours here.)

For 50c you can get a handsome satin girdle-shape belt, silk or satin elastic belt, stitched silk belt with tabs either in front or back (some with belt pin fasteners), oxidized buckles front and back—undeniably the choicest collection of belts ever shown at this price.

For 95c we have beautiful silk belts in various artistic designs—stitched effects with tabs in back finished with cut steel buttons, others with tabs tracing belt lengthwise—cut steel clasps decorate them back and front; also many fashionable lastic conceits—(you couldn't find a more varied assortment in this city.)

20% discount sale of shoes.

NOW IS the time when all our winter shoes must be sold without reference to what the prices have been, or what they cost us. (Our only thought now is to clear them out as rapidly as possible.) Accordingly we offer a straight discount of 20% on all those elegant lines which have made this section the style center for fashion followers. (You know that Mandel shoes are the smartest in style and best made.)

Many complete lines of new spring styles have arrived and are included in the special discount sale. (It's a 20% discount sale on our entire stock.)

We take off the discounts when you purchase, so you can see just what the former price has been.

Annual sale of petticoats.

THE BARE announcement of this sale always awakens the keenest interest among saving women. (Because it is a well known fact that prices reach their lowest point during this sale.) We began planning for this sale early in the fall, when you were thinking about furs for the coming winter. It's the early planning, though, that enables us to get our prices down so low—(which are in many instances less than the cost of the silk.)

What do you think of a handsome silk petticoat at 5.95? We've often heard women remark that they couldn't buy the raw silk for the price—(nor could we if we had to pay for it by the yard.) We buy in large bolts when manufacturers are willing to accept just enough to keep their looms going. (What we save on the silk is saved for you.) Then we've reduced the cost of making to a science by having them made to our order in lots of a hundred or more. (What we save on the making we save for you.) Then we put our prices down to where they are bound to tempt you.

The bargain significance does not find expression, though, only in silk petticoats. There are the colored petticoats, too—a 65c petticoat—not a 65c petticoat in the ordinary sense of the word, though.

February bargain silk petticoats are priced at **4.95, 5.95, 7.85, $10, 11.50** and **12.85.**

Gingham petticoats at 1.25, 85c, 50c.
Brilliantine petticoats at 2.50.
Mercerized petticoats at 2.85, 1.85, 1.25 and 90c.

Economy basement.

35c for 65c gingham petticoats.
59c for $1 sateen petticoats.
50c for $1 gingham petticoats.
90c for 1.50 mercerized petticoats.
Silk petticoats at 4.95 and 3.95.

Important sale of sample furniture.

THE man who made this furniture brought it to Chicago and put it on display for two weeks to show the trade his best workmanship. (Every furniture man who saw it praised it unqualifiedly.) He didn't, however, care to take the exhibit back to New York with him—preferred to take a present loss by selling it to the best furniture house in Chicago to introduce for him. (Of course he turned first to Mandel with the proposition, and we didn't let the chance slip.)

This great collection of exclusive furniture—no two pieces or sets of which are alike—has created no end of a stir in Chicago this week.

$4 for 7.50 fancy corner chair.
9.50 for 18.75 fancy arm chair.
18.75 for 31.50 reception chair.
$36 for $63 fancy divan.
22.50 for 37.50 2-piece parlor set.
$25 for $42 3-piece parlor set.
62.50 for $105 5-pc. parlor set.

Dinnerware 33⅓% off

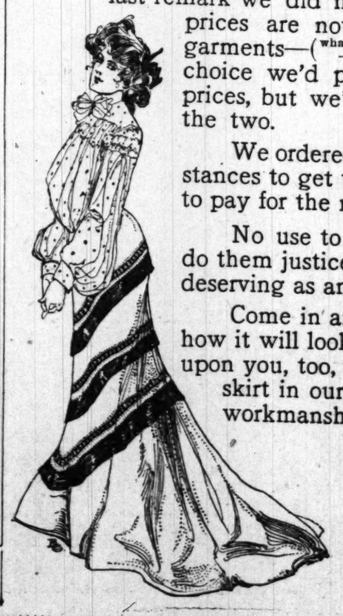
IF you have been thinking about replenishing your china this is, indeed, the opportunity you have been waiting for—(because the actual saving is 33⅓%).

We're only closing out three patterns at this extraordinary discount, though; but, then, if you had your pick of the entire stock you'd choose these patterns, for they're the handsomest we have. (Closing them out because we can't get any more.) English semi-porcelain open stock dinnerware, in beautiful blue onion, crown derby and flow blue borders, at 33⅓% off. Closing out three other handsome patterns—but there's hardly enough of them to say much about (they're exceptional bargains, though, at ⅓ off.)

Here's a special item—English porcelain dinner set (116 pieces, border decorations in different tints, all gold lined.) You'll find them exceptional values, $15.

Annual sale of separate dress skirts.

OF COURSE you'll want a separate skirt to piece out the season—most women do—(and you'll certainly not find a better place to secure one than here.) It's our business to anticipate your wants and in doing so we combined the art of supplying your needs at a great saving—that's why we sell so many skirts—(why you prefer to trade here.) That last remark we did not exactly mean in a literal sense, because low prices are not the sole incentive in buying ready-to-wear garments—(what you want is the style—distinctive elegance.) If we were forced to take our choice we'd pay more attention to exclusiveness than to low prices, but we've the experience that enables us to combine the two.



We ordered skirts enough (for this great annual sale) to enable us in many instances to get the price down to just about what you would have to pay for the material. (Then, too, the Mandel skirts have a dressy, smart style-touch which the ordinary tailor cannot impart.)

No use to try to tell you how they are made—we couldn't do them justice, besides the variety is so large and one style as deserving as another.

Come in and let us put a skirt on a model and show you how it will look on you—(that's the only way to catch the true effect.) We want to impress upon you, too, that we'd consider it a privilege to show you every skirt in our stock—price, style and general excellence of the workmanship are our bid for your patronage.

Black and blue melton walking skirts—$6.
Taffeta and peau de soie black skirts, 12.50.
Cheviot and melton walking skirts, 3 colors—$10.
Black cheviot dress skirts, silk lined—$10.
Etamine skirts, smart new styles—silk lined—at 17.50.

New silks for a new purpose.

SHIRT waists and skirts to match, made from sheer, dainty colored silks, have captivated Dame Fashion, and if you want to be particularly smart in your attire this spring and summer you must have at least two of these shirt waist suits. (We have them in so many different colors we cannot count them.) You ought to make your selection now before the decidedly exclusive patterns are sold.

Silks for new waists and shirt waist suits, 75c and $1

Here's a new crepe. (You can't buy it in any other store in Chicago.) It's called malina. Does the name give you an idea of what it is? (It's as soft as down and very sheer.) It's the correct fabric for the new 1903 street costumes, comes in 24 inch width and in all the desirable evening shades, and if you covet something decidedly new select this fabric for this new costume—**1.25** and **$1.**

Embroidered silk waist patterns. We dislike to say it, because we do not like the sound of the word, but it's a fact that we've a "monopoly" on these new waist patterns—but the monopoly redounds to your interest, because it has helped us to get the price down to $4 and $5. (There are just four yards of silk to a pattern.) It's so arranged that you can make up your waist to open either from the front or back—and the embroidering runs the full length of the blouse. (We're selling over 200 per day.) So you can judge of the popularity of these new waist patterns—prices, **$4** and **$5.**

An innovation in waists.

HAVE YOU seen them? Chicago's close followers of fashion are making special journeys down to this store just for the style hints our silk waist showing affords. (The smart style touch this year is all in the sleeve.)

Rather small above the elbow and just before it reaches the cuff there's a decided flare—reminds you of the vogue during the days of Marie Antoinette—the elaborate sleeves of her King, Louis XVI. (Did we say that the innovation was only in the sleeve?) That was a mistake—the backs are pleated at the shoulders and drawn to a center at the waist line, and so the backs of the new 1903 waists are as pretty as the fronts of the old style waists. (We want you to come to the store and substantiate this assertion—) that you must come here to catch the correct style trend in silk waists. Then, too, in the face of our styles and prices you cannot afford to have your waists made to order.

20% discount sale of winter underwear.

WE'VE taken every piece of winter underwear in the house, with the sole exception of the Dr. Jaeger lines, and marked it 20% off, because we are on the last half of winter now. (We've a much larger stock than usual at this time of the year, so you'll find the selection much better than usual.)

We won't stop to catalogue everything we have in stock, but there's every good sort of winter underwear included; winter weight woolens, silk and wool mixed underwear, heavy weight pure silks and heavy weight cottons—(in fact there's nothing missing.)

To let you see just what these garments have been selling for up to now, we don't change the markings on the price tickets, but take off 20 per cent when you make your purchase.

New corsets from Paris.

IF YOU want to see all those charming new models that the Parisian corsetieres have evolved to give grace and style to woman's figure this season, visit our corset salon. (There's not another such showing anywhere in Chicago.)

We're very particular about the fitting of our corsets—(employ the most expert corsetieres)—and guarantee our patrons satisfaction in this particular.

For slight figures there's the Rejane No. 6, a corset with this year's characteristics—abrupt hip, tapering waist—it's a straight front model. (These still hold sway in fashion's realm.) Comes in all the fancy colors, at **8.50.**

Or, if you prefer a practical and stylish corset at a lower price try the Fleur de France, in a dainty brocade batiste—you can buy it for **2.49.**